Morning Oregonian.

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WASHINGTON.

[illegible] the Recent Troubles in Wall Street.

[illegible] A FORFEITURE BILL.

[illegible] Introduced in the House—[illegible] the Visit to Tilden—[illegible] Congressional Notes.

[illegible] will be There.

[illegible]—The secretary of state has [illegible] from our minister to Mexico an[illegible] of the republic had, in [illegible] president of the chamber of deputies [illegible] the appropriation of [illegible] of the expenses of the government [illegible] industrial and cotton centers [illegible]

The Bicyclists.

[illegible]—The fifth annual meeting [illegible] wheelmen commenced [illegible] General interest attaches [illegible] of the reported intention of [illegible] to dissolve the league [illegible] 1700 bicyclists will take [illegible]

Washington Notes.

[illegible] bill was introduced in [illegible] a tenth judicial circuit, [illegible] of California, Oregon and [illegible] the judge of the present ninth circuit [illegible] circuit. [illegible] dollars for the week ended [illegible] corresponding period last year. [illegible] formerly president of Colombia [illegible] Colombian minister to the [illegible] Lannon O. Sampson. [illegible] territory.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—[illegible] bill to forfeit unearned lands [illegible] Pacific Railroad Company [illegible] of a railroad and telegraph [illegible] Missouri and Arkansas to the [illegible] to settlement. [illegible] the senate the resolution of [illegible] directing the committee [illegible] of the recent failures [illegible] other such failures due to [illegible] of law on the part of the [illegible] by substituting [illegible] the comptroller of [illegible] for which he moved [illegible] committee was because [illegible] the banks complied [illegible] their duty. There [illegible] against over certification of [illegible] notorious was utterly [illegible] of the passage of the [illegible] July, 1882, the New York [illegible] laughed at the [illegible] congressional control [illegible] bank had been due to the [illegible] connected with a firm of [illegible] had supported the [illegible] schemes in which [illegible] eager to engage. A spectacle [illegible] to the world that argued [illegible] honor in the city of [illegible]

[illegible] by moving the reference [illegible] finance committee. [illegible] the reference. The senate [illegible] a question of this kind. [illegible] the day when the [illegible] could assure the [illegible] and there have been [illegible] the trouble had been [illegible] of officers [illegible] in some cases [illegible] checks, but rather by [illegible] remedy would be to [illegible] any dealing [illegible] by officers of a bank, or the [illegible] of a bank in any transactions [illegible] Sherman [illegible] committee's investigating [illegible] government officers, and [illegible] information. [illegible] go there to make [illegible] up the agitation [illegible] failure. It might [illegible] all the recent [illegible] misnomer. There had [illegible] people of New York had [illegible] specially affected and [illegible] transactions exposed by the [illegible] standard securities of [illegible] It was like a [illegible] of New York city, and [illegible] part of the country. [illegible] the atmosphere, and [illegible] commercial position was better [illegible]

[illegible] the senator from Ohio [illegible] if he supposed any [illegible] business of the [illegible] proposed. The business [illegible] mean the operations of [illegible] criticised the action of the [illegible] the late trouble, and the [illegible] generally, for not seeing [illegible] enforced. We might as [illegible] credit of the United States [illegible] Pennsylvania avenue as to [illegible] banks of New York [illegible] credit to stock [illegible] speculative operations, [illegible] however, that the parties [illegible] of the government [illegible] to subside into quietude [illegible] they had laid aside, [illegible] would remain [illegible]

[illegible] to the committee [illegible]

[illegible] which went over [illegible] committee on public [illegible] the New Orleans [illegible] railway had expended [illegible] action.

[illegible] was had, announcing [illegible] amendments to the [illegible] The senate insisted on the [illegible] a committee of conference.

[illegible] the regular order [illegible] go over temporarily, [illegible] of a bureau of labor [illegible] George addressed the [illegible] amendment, which [illegible] statistics in charge of the [illegible] department [illegible] by requiring that [illegible] should be a person identified [illegible] prohibiting the importation [illegible] any country under [illegible]

[illegible] bill, the senate went into [illegible] it adjourned. [illegible] gave notice that [illegible] the agricultural appropriation [illegible]

[illegible]

WASHINGTON, May 19. [illegible] of Wallace vs. McKenna [illegible] attempted to secure [illegible] appropriation bills, agreed to [illegible] Friday last. To this [illegible] the speaker proceeded to call the [illegible] were introduced and [illegible]

[illegible] the secretary of the treasury [illegible] as soon as may be, to pay [illegible] in the treasury for the [illegible] at prices not above [illegible]

[illegible] the secretary of the treasury [illegible] per cent on all goods imported [illegible]

[illegible] on appropriations, [illegible] judicial and executive [illegible] in the committee of the [illegible]

[illegible] on ways and means, [illegible] and pass the bill to [illegible] duties on works of art [illegible] American artists. The [illegible] works of art, whether [illegible] American artists. [illegible] spoke in favor of [illegible] Warner (Ohio) and [illegible] yeas 52, nays 119. [illegible] of Randall, proceeded [illegible] appropriation bills. [illegible] diplomatic appropriation bill [illegible]

[illegible] Columbia appropriation [illegible] opposition. [illegible] on judiciary, moved [illegible] adopt a resolution making [illegible] bill a special order for [illegible] was seconded, 189 to [illegible] the motion. [illegible] bill should not be [illegible] election was over. A [illegible] and prominent [illegible] Wall street was in a [illegible] and great losses [illegible] distress on account of that [illegible] would not encourage [illegible] law, which would [illegible] and would work ruin [illegible] orphans. [illegible] opposed the bill. [illegible] be deferred from [illegible] apprehension as to the [illegible] with all the issues that [illegible] not believe the passage [illegible] militate against the [illegible]

[illegible] yeas 112, nays 113, not the [illegible] in the affirmative. [illegible] committee was to [illegible] ready with a resolution [illegible] of the McPherson bill, [illegible] was interjected and carried.

[illegible] PACIFIC FORFEITURE BILL.

[illegible]—The bill in relation to [illegible] lands, introduced to-day [illegible] the immediate restoration to [illegible] operation of the public [illegible] of the grant lying [illegible] between Wallula Junction [illegible] miles. It also [illegible] end of five years from this [illegible] lands adjacent to that portion [illegible] which shall then be un[illegible] the said five years to build the [illegible] bill proposes to authorize [illegible] any of these lands in [illegible] which has been improved by [illegible] is required to file its assent to [illegible] so as to avoid all question [illegible] land.

[illegible] THE SENATE.

[illegible]—The legislative, executive [illegible] bill, as reported to the house, makes appropriations of $20,736,876, an increase of $68,190 over the current appropriation. The bill provides that the assay office at St Louis be abolished and reduces the number of internal revenue districts from 82 to 13. It is further provided that of the contingent fund for either House no part of the money appropriated shall be expended for clerical services for any senator, representative or delegate in congress. The object of this provision is to prevent the payment of salaries to the private secretaries of senators.

THE PRESIDENCY.

Cassidy, of Nevada, Gives the "True Story" of that Famous Visit to Tilden.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Representative Cassidy, of Nevada, to-day said: "The visit of the Pacific coast delegation to Tilden some weeks since has given rise to many erroneous impressions throughout the country. This has resulted," he said, "from the fact that all sorts of alleged interviews were published broadcast, which never took place at all with any member of the delegation." Continuing Cassidy, said: "The visit to Grammercy park was purely social, and originated in this way: Representative Spriggs, of Utica district, New York, is an old and intimate friend of Governor Tilden. Judge Spriggs being about to go to New York invited me to accompany him, and together pay our respects to the distinguished statesman. Later the party was enlarged to include a portion of the delegation from California. As the visit was purely social and wholly non-political, a sense of propriety demanded that the delegation should refrain from rushing into print, but the objects of the visit having been misinterpreted and wildly misrepresented, I feel that in simple justice I should disclose all that took place.

CASSIDY'S IMPRESSIONS.

Governor Tilden received the party with great cordiality, and the interview lasted nearly one hour. While it is true that one of his arms is afflicted, his general health is remarkably good, not to say robust. The governor threw back heavy folding doors in the presence of his visitors and moved about with as much activity as a man of 40. His mind is as strong and clear as ever before in his life. As to his ability to stand the fatigue and excitement of a campaign, I think his chances in that direction would be as good as those of any other man of the usual age. The only reference made to politics was when a member of the delegation addressed the governor as follows: 'We are all your friends; we are all Tilden men; as are all the democrats on the Pacific coast.' In reply the governor said: 'I am not a Tilden man,' which was construed by some of the visitors as a declaration that he would not be a candidate for the presidency. For my own part I left Tilden in the firm conviction, judging from all the surroundings, that he will gladly accept the nomination if tendered him by the Chicago convention. I may be mistaken about it, but I certainly came away with that opinion."

THE "WORLD" AFTER ARTHUR.

NEW YORK, May 19—[Special.]—The *World* has a long special, touching President Arthur's regal retinue, in which it is stated that the White house servants are on the pay rolls of the various departments, and that young Chester's coachman and Miss Nellie's servant are charged up to the United States' account. The list is given almost in full, wherein women are described as laborers. The amounts received are set against each name.

NORTHERN PACIFIC LAND.

An Investigation Demanded by Senator Van Wyck of Nebraska.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—A good many persons in Washington have an impression that the United States senate has a very friendly feeling toward the great railroad corporations of the country. This impression was somewhat strengthened to-day by a rather lively debate that was had over the resolution introduced by Mr. Van Wyck last week directing the secretary of the interior to withhold granting patents for land to the Northern Pacific railroad, on account of what is known as the Puyallup branch of that road, until congress takes action on the question of forfeiture of lands granted to the road. When Mr. Van Wyck asked for its consideration Mr. McMillan tried to stave it off, on the ground that Mr. Conger, who wanted the resolution referred to the judiciary committee, was not present. While he was speaking Mr. Conger came in. Then Mr. Dawes began to argue against consideration, but Mr. Edmunds reminded him that debate was not in order on a question of consideration. Mr. Ingalls also tried to say something against the motion, and was also cut off by the president. Then a viva voce vote was had and Mr. Edmunds declared the motion lost. Mr. Van Wyck demanded a roll-call, and on this the motion to reconsider was carried by a vote of 23 to 18, all the negative votes being cast by republicans.

Having thus got the resolution before the senate, Mr. Van Wyck asked Mr. Conger if he wanted to talk in favor of the motion to refer it to the judiciary committee. The Michigan senator replied that to stop the operations of the government without reference to the judiciary committee was unusual and unwise. The senate ought to have the opinion of the committee on the legal questions involved. Mr. Van Wyck tried to find out what these legal questions were, but Mr. Conger declined to enlighten him, and then objected to congress trying to "direct" an executive officer of the government to suspend the operation of a law. Mr. Van Wyck pointed out that the same thing had been done by the present congress, and added that the senate was as competent to pass upon the resolution as the judiciary committee. The Northern Pacific was seeking patents at the very time congress was investigating its land grants, and that alone was reason enough why the resolution should be passed. Mr. Van Wyck explained that the little branch for which the railroad company wanted land, was built from Tacoma up the Puyallup valley thirty one miles, to reach the company's own coal lands. When it was built there was no pretext or expectation that it would ever have a land grant. The company never pretended that it was a part of its main line or the Cascade branch, which were entitled to lands. Now, after several years, the company was seeking to get more of the public domain on account of the Puyallup branch. Mr. Van Wyck merely asked for a stay of proceedings on the part of the secretary of the interior, until congress could be heard. Mr. Hawley remarked that the senate had no knowledge of the facts, except the ex parte statement of Mr. Van Wyck. He had doubts about the power of congress to suspend the action of a law.

Mr. Wilson next came forward with an amendment referring the resolution to the judiciary committee, with instructions to report at an early day whether it was competent for the senate to direct an executive officer to suspend the execution of a law. Mr. Dolph then rose to defend the Northern Pacific. He declared that the Puyallup road was built on the line of the Cascade branch, and was intended to be a part of that branch. The reason the government had not been sooner asked to inspect the road was because the company had not known at what point the continuation through the Cascade mountains would strike the Puyallup line. It had had surveyors for a long time seeking the best point. Mr. Dolph also argued that there were legal questions involved and that the resolution should be referred.

His colleague, Mr. Slater, took the opposite ground. Many facts, he said, had come to his knowledge that led him to believe that the Puyallup road was not intended to be a part of the main line or Cascade branch, but simply a coal road for the company. It was asserted by responsible persons that it was only a local road, and that the company was asking for an inspection to secure valuable coal lands. He had personal knowledge, Mr. Slater added, that very great interest had been manifested by agents of the Northern Pacific road that no action should be taken by this congress. The supposition was that they hoped to delay matters until the lands were secured beyond congressional action. If it was all right, no harm could come to the company by a brief delay. Mr. Slater suggested that the secretary should be "requested," rather than "directed," and Mr. Van Wyck modified his resolution in that respect.

Mr. Morgan favored a reference of the resolution because he objected to interfering with the execution of a law except by another law. Mr. Harrison also pleaded for a reference, and then Mr. Van Wyck spoke during the rest of the morning hour except when interrupted by Messrs. Conger and Dolph. Supposing the facts to be, he said, as Mr. Dolph represented, there was no reason why the resolution should not be passed. The Northern Pacific was reaching out its hand to grasp more of the public domain while congress was investigating the question of forfeiting some of its lands, and all that Mr. Van Wyck asked was for delay. The company would not be injured, for it had itself waited six or seven years before asking for the Puyallup lands. Mr. Van Wyck read copious extracts from reports of the president and vice president of the Northern Pacific to show that the Pyallup line was only a local coal road, and nowhere, directly or indirectly, did these officers call it a part of the main line or the Cascade branch. He declared that the Northern Pacific exempted itself from taxation in all the territories through which it passed, and appealed to Mr. Dolph to say whether that was true or not. The Oregon senator answered that he was unwilling to be catechised. Mr. Van Wyck declared that the road had 50,000,000 acres of land and didn't pay a dollar of taxes. He quoted the late Senator Henry Wilson as expressing similar views about the Northern Pacific in 1870, and asserted that in 1870 the company promised lands to settlers for $2.50 per acre, but the settlers there are charged them $5 and $10 an acre. Mr. Conger interrupted with fervent remarks about the great benefits of railroads in Michigan and the northwest. Mr. Van Wyck denounced the exactions of the railroads and said that when a secretary of the interior had hesitated in granting their demands, they went to a more supple tool—an attorney general—and got from him an opinion on which the secretary could act. They had invaded both branches of congress and even the federal courts. Railroad corporations held property at their own appraisal, valued at nearly $7,000,000,000, for $4,000,000,000, of which they never paid a farthing. Interest and dividends were to be paid on this, however. It was more than twice the national debt, and was a mortgage on the industry and prosperity of the country.

The Smithsonian Institute.

This establishment received its name from James Smithson, an English physician, who at his death bequeathed his nephew £120,000, the whole of his property, which, in case the nephew died without issue, was to go to the government of the United States to found at Washington an institution for the diffusion of knowledge. The bequest took effect by the death of the nephew in 1835, and the Hon. Richard Rush was sent to London to prosecute the claim. In 1838 he deposited in the United States mint the proceeds, amounting to $515,169. The act of 1846 appropriated the interest from September 1, 1838, when the money was received, to July 1, 1846, amounting to $242,129, for the erection of buildings and other current incidental expenses, and provided that all future expenditures and appropriations be made exclusively from accruing interest and not from the principal of the fund. It also decreed the original fund to be lent in perpetuity to the treasury of the United States at 6 per cent., payable semi-annually.

ASIA.

GREAT FIRE AT BEI-BAZAR.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 19.—At Bei-Bazar, a city of Asia Minor, 250 dwellings, 544 warehouses and shops, 11 mosques, 15 schools, 9 khans and 140 other buildings burned. Eleven persons perished.

GENERAL NEWS.

Proceedings of the Methodist Conference at Philadelphia.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION AT NEW YORK.

The Wool Growers Assemble at Chicago—Free Trade Denounced and the Tariff of 1867 Demanded Restored—News Notes.

The Methodist Conference.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—At to-day's session of the Methodist conference the consecration of bishops elect was fixed for Thursday.

The committee on missions recommended the election of two co-ordinate corresponding secretaries for the missionary society adopted. Six nominations were made. The committee on missions presented a report recommending the adoption of the following:

Resolved, That we recommend to the favorable consideration of the general mission commission at the next session the subject of the establishment of evangelistic agencies in such places among the Roman Catholic population of this country as they may deem expedient, and the appropriation of moneys for the same; such missions to be administered as foreign missions.

Dr. Frampton, of Ohio, moved to amend by striking out the words "among the Roman Catholic population."

Rev. Dr. Kind moved to strike out the words "to be administered as a foreign mission."

A motion was made to lay the report on the table; lost. Both amendments were then laid on the table, and the report of the committee was adopted.

The tellers reported that Rev. J. M. Reid, of Michigan, and Rev. C. C. McCabe, of New York, were elected missionary secretaries.

Rev. D. D. Buckley, of New York, and Rev. Dr. Crooks were nominated editors of the *Christian Advocate*. Rev. Dr. Lanahan of Baltimore, was authorized by Rev. Dr. Crooks to withdraw his name. Rev. Dr. Curry was elected editor of the *Quarterly Review*. Adjourned.

Gibbs on Mormonism.

NEW YORK, May 19.—[Special.]—Ex-Governor Gibbs of Oregon lectured on Mormonism at the Madison avenue Congregational church last evening. Before introducing the lecturer Dr. Newman described the early efforts made in congress to suppress polygamy. He thought Arthur's policy was the only true one, and ought to be carried into effect without delay. Gibbs said the bill of Edmunds was not the proper thing inasmuch as it did not go deep enough into the matter. Better means would be to repeal the territorial law, and appoint a council to govern them, and by degrees root out the belief. Congress ought to be petitioned, and public sentiment created to blot out the curse.

Remenyi Plays for Beecher.

NEW YORK, May 19—[Special.]—Yesterday Beecher, who preached mainly on General Grant and stockjobbing, announced that Remenyi, the violinist, would play at the end of the sermon, and at the conclusion of his sermon Beecher invited Remenyi to the pulpit, but the artist declined, and took his position on the pulpit stairs. He played a beautiful piece of sacred music, which was enthusiastically applauded. Beecher arose in evident anger, and said: "I am surprised at any such demonstration; I should not be more surprised if one of my prayers to the Almighty should be applauded." Remenyi closed by playing the national hymn of Hungary.

The Hurlbut's Rough Voyage.

NEW YORK, May 19.—[Special.]—The bark C. Southard Hurlbut arrived yesterday from Portland, Oregon. August 18 she was struck by a cyclone lasting six hours, which dismantled her. The foremast, topsail yard, bowsprit and jibboom were the only spars left. She managed to put into Honolulu and was refitted. She then put to sea, but Captain Davis being taken sick the bark put into Tahiti, and left him and his wife, where he could get medical assistance. The first mate brought the vessel to this city.

Hurricane in Ohio.

COLUMBUS, May 19.—A heavy wind and rain storm visited the village of Tarlton, Pickaway county this afternoon. About thirty houses were unroofed, being nearly the entire village. Fences were blown down, trees uprooted, and a man named Kerschner was dangerously hurt by a falling blacksmith shop. The same storm passed the vicinity of Lancaster, Fayette county, where several buildings were unroofed and the amphitheatre at the fair grounds and race course destroyed. Several horses were killed by falling barns.

McCormick's Will.

CHICAGO, May 19.—The will of the late Cyrus H. McCormick was admitted to probate to-day. The estate is valued at $10,000,000, and is devised in trust to his widow for five years, at the end of which time she is to receive one-fifth, and his three sons and daughters the remainder. If either of the children marries before the expiration of five years he or she is to receive $100,000 in earnest of the amount finally bequeathed. The trustee is permitted to make such charitable donations as, in her judgment, the testator would have made if alive.

Wholesale Poisoning in Kentucky.

HARRODSBURG, Ky., May 19.—A horrible case of wholesale poisoning by hemlock took place near this place to-day. Eighteen boys, after playing a game of base ball, started in search of wild parsnips, but got hold of the deadly hemlock instead. The boys ate freely, and all were taken violently ill. Two died almost immediately, five are in a critical condition, and not expected to live, and the others are suffering more or less from poison. Particulars are meagre and the names of the boys are not known.

The Siamese Embassy.

NEW YORK, May 19.—[Special.]—The interpreter of the Siamese minister and suite said yesterday: "We are to be presented to the mayor to-morrow. What will follow I do not know. The party will probably remain until after the 30th, and then go west as far as San Francisco. General Grant intended to take them under his especial care, but his ill health and business troubles have broken up his plans.

Democratic Newspaper for San Francisco.

CANTON, Miss., May 19.—[Special.]—It is stated on good authority that H. D. Money, representative from the fourth district of Mississippi, who is now a candidate for re-election, has, with others, organized a joint stock company to publish a democratic newspaper in San Francisco, and that Money, who was an editor when first elected to congress in 1875, will be editor-in-chief of the new enterprise.

Clearing House Returns.

BOSTON, May 19.—A table compiled from special dispatches to the *Post* from the managers of the leading clearing houses in the United States gives the clearances for the week ended [illegible] percentage of increase and decrease, [illegible] corresponding week in 1883. [illegible] outside of New York, $301,-[illegible]

The Dakota Tin Discoveries.

[illegible] May 19.—Excitement runs high [illegible] developments in tin discoveries. [illegible] come from several developments [illegible] show an unprecedented percentage [illegible] of eastern and English capital [illegible] now here looking over the [illegible]

Chicago Grain Market.

[illegible]—Wheat closed one cent under [illegible] 7½ for June, 9⅛ for July [illegible] Wheat, firmer and active: 88 for [illegible] Barley, dull at 72.

I. O. O. F.

[illegible] 19.—The annual session of the [illegible] I. O. O. F. met to-day. The grand [illegible] to-morrow, in the opera house. About [illegible] already arrived.

THE PRIZE RING.

[illegible] FIGHT AT CHICAGO.

[illegible] 19.—Four thousand people witnessed [illegible] battery D armory to-night between [illegible], English pugilist, and Captain [illegible] Chicago. The fight was with [illegible] gloves, five rounds. Queensberry [illegible] the first round was give[n] [illegible] any apparent advantage for [illegible] second round Dalton made a shout [illegible] his opponent all over the platform [illegible] Goode rallied and had rather the best [illegible] of the round. In the third and last [illegible] made another rush, and putting in [illegible] knocked Goode down and off the stage, [illegible] as he went over. When Goode [illegible] Dalton renewed his rushing tactics, [illegible] excitement, in a struggle at close [illegible] Goode down in the corner again, [illegible] the platform Dalton struck at [illegible] differ as to whether or not [illegible] it was renewed and by a swift [illegible] propelling force of his body [illegible] blow, Dalton bore Goode down [illegible] and taking hold of his ankles an[illegible] the floor below, at the same time [illegible] this direction, the onlookers again [illegible] whether Goode was hit. [illegible] then claimed a foul [illegible] climbing back upon the stage, Tom [illegible] gave the fight to Dalton on the [illegible] was not on the stage in time, [illegible] Mike McDonald, claimed the [illegible] rounds had not elapsed. Goode [illegible] astonishment after the fight. "Par[illegible] master of ceremonies.

THE TURF.

[illegible] RACES AT LOUISVILLE.

[illegible] 19.—The track was in bad condition [illegible] was good.

[illegible] Grathante stakes, two-year-olds—[illegible] lead, Bootblack second. These [illegible] maintained to the end of the race, [illegible] Time, 1:06¾.

[illegible] all ages, mile—Charley Lucas [illegible] stretch, where Lake Foolo took the [illegible] Tennyson second, Charley Lu[illegible]

[illegible] for three-year-old fillies, mile [illegible] Modesty, Highflight, B[illegible] the end of the first mile Modesty [illegible] head, and won in a gallop, High[illegible] third. Time, 2:43¾.

[illegible] chase, mile and a quarter—Won [illegible] Carter Harrison second, [illegible] Claude Brannon, Major Mc[illegible] Burnett fell.

CANADA.

[illegible] IN NORTHWEST TERRITORY.

[illegible] 19.—Trouble is rapidly coming to a [illegible] Indians in northwest territory. [illegible] a big sun dance, with all his In[illegible] demand to be given land where they [illegible] to counteract the effects of bacon, [illegible] journey throughout the camps, [illegible] people to aid in three months. [illegible] broken pledges of the government [illegible] urges the Assiniboines and other [illegible] government for a change. Yellow [illegible] and his band are armed and defy[illegible] Cannon and troops have been [illegible], and a fight is looked for.

THE WOOL GROWERS.

Proceedings of the National Convention—The Platform Adopted—Etc.

CHICAGO, May 19.—The national mass meeting of wool growers of the United States was called to order at 10 o'clock this morning, 134 delegates being present, 50 of whom were from Ohio and 38 from Pennsylvania. Twenty-one states and territories are represented. J. S. Codding of Kansas was elected temporary chairman, and a committee on permanent organization was appointed. Recess.

The committee on permanent organization reported Columbus Delano of Ohio for president, E. T. McCulbey of Missouri for secretary, and a list of vice presidents from the wool growing states. The report was approved.

Delano, in taking the chair, returned thanks for the honor conferred, and sketched the importance of the wool industry of the United States and the necessity of united action for the protection of that interest. He said the development of the wool interest began with the passage of the wool tariff of 1867, and the result had been a reduction of the price of wool to manufacturers. He urged the necessity of constant work until the restoration of that tariff is secured, and the politicians brought to terms. He referred to the existing danger of financial ruin pending over the nation, and held that a tariff for revenue only was free trade, and was dangerous to the prosperity of the country.

THE RESOLUTIONS.

The committee on resolutions made its report, which, after speaking of the injustice inflicted by the act of congress, March, 1883, went on to declare:

First—That by census returns for 1880 there were 1,020,000 flock masters, and that there is no state where this industry is not pursued.

Second—That the product of wool in the year 1883 reached 320,000,000 pounds, and its value more than $100,000,000, and that the value of mutton, resulting from sheep slaughtered for food, was over $80,000,000.

Third—That sheep husbandry is an important factor in the prosperity of other agricultural pursuits, because of the utility of sheep in fertilizing the soil and replenishing exhausted lands, so that if abandoned or seriously diminished our entire system of agriculture would be embarrassed; our capacity for the production of meats, breadstuffs and other articles required by our civilization will be seriously diminished, and our great prosperity impaired. We cannot afford as a nation, to endanger the great agricultural pursuit, which adds each year so much to the nation's wealth, having invested in real estate not less than $300,000,000 capital, and which contributes indirectly so extensively to the nation's prosperity.

Fourth—That the act of 1883, reducing the duties on foreign wools, has seriously injured, and if continued will in the future diminish, if it does not substantially destroy, the production of wool and sheep in the United States.

THE WOOL INDUSTRY IN DANGER.

The report then goes on to show that the clip of 1883 caused a loss of over $15,000,000 to wool growers, compared with that of 1882, and predicts a much greater loss for 1884. It says: "The climate and conditions in Australia will compel American producers to abandon sheep raising for other pursuits. It is therefore

Resolved, That we will organize as wool growers and sheep breeders and co-operate by means of our national association to be aided by state and county associations, and by all other legitimate methods, will do all in our power to restore the wool tariff of 1867, or its equivalent on wools and woolens, and cause to be repealed the unjust, unwise and unequal legislation of 1883, reducing duties on wools and woolens.

FREE TRADE DENOUNCED.

Resolved, That we repudiate the doctrine of free trade as a fallacious and impracticable theory, sustained largely by many foreign capitalists, who desire to control our markets for the sale and consumption of goods produced where labor is cheap and money abundant, and we regard as unworthy of respectful consideration the theory of those manufacturers who claim that raw material shall be free while their products are protected. We ask, with emphasis, why the labor that is required to produce wool is less worthy of protection than the labor at the spindle and the loom where fabrics of wool are produced.

Resolved, That the long-continued and systematic under valuation of imported goods, resulting as it does in the loss of much revenue to the government, and the robbing of American wool of the protection sought to be conferred by the tariff, and which the secretary of the treasury declares will continue under the existing laws, demands and should receive the immediate attention of congress.

Resolved, That in doing this we will, without reference to former political affiliations, recognize friends whenever and wherever we find them, and at the polls will sustain such men and such party organizations as are in favor of protection and encouraging and sustaining sheep husbandry in these United States by restoring the wool tariff of 1867 or an equivalent.

Resolved, That we favor a wise and comprehensive system of economic legislation that is best calculated to foster and develop all American industries that can be profitably pursued by our people, whereby employment may be given to all laboring classes; not at the prices paid the laboring classes of foreign nations, but at such wages as will secure such educational, religious and social privileges and such physical comforts as the freemen of this free nation are entitled to and ought to enjoy.

The platform was adopted with the addition of the following words to the second resolution: "And that we will not support any party or political candidate until it or he has clearly defined its or his position in favor of the restoration of said tariff."

A committee of five was appointed to draft an address to the wool growers of the United States. Adjourned to 9 A. M. to-morrow.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

A Few Small Failures Announced—Another Decline in the Stock Market—Notes.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Money was easy at 2 per cent. per annum; closed offered 1½. Prime mercantile paper 4@5½. Sterling exchange, bankers' bills, weak at $4 85@4 85. Sterling exchange, demand, $4 86@4 86.

Bonds—3s, 100; 4½s, 113; 4s, 121; Pacific 6s, 120.

Stocks—Canada Pacific, 46⅛; Canada Southern 39½; Central Pacific 41½; Burlington 81½; Delaware, Lackawanna & Western 33; Erie 16½; Hannibal & St. Joe 38½; Kansas & Texas 15¼; Lake Shore 87¼; Louisville & Nashville 31½; Northern Pacific 21¼; do preferred 49; Northwestern 95¼; New York Central [illegible]; Oregon Navigation 70; Transcontinental 14¾; Oregon Imp. 19½; Pacific Mail 38½; Panama 98; Rock Island 16; St. Paul 71½; Texas Pacific 13¾; Union Pacific 44½; U. S. Express 50; Fargo 95; Western Union 56¼.

HOTEL TALK.

NEW YORK, May 19.—[Special.]—There was a large gathering of Wall street brokers at the Windsor hotel last evening, and all expressed a belief now that the financial outlook was brighter and that better prices were probable in the near future. It was current gossip that Gould and Sage had held a conference yesterday each agreeing to stand by the other, and to use every necessary means to arrest any attempt on the part of the bears further to depress stocks.

ORDER LAID OVER.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The application to the vice chancellor for an order to require President Dodd to show cause why he should not be punished for disobedience of the court of chancery in removing the bank's assets out of the state, was laid over pending developments. The run on other savings banks ceased to-day.

W. B. Scott & Co., brokers, have suspended.

THE STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Governments lower. At the third call firmer feeling prevailed. The stock market was lower, and before the first call a decline of ½ to 3 per cent took place. This was succeeded by a rally of ½ to 1½. The general market closed firm. Compared with yesterday closing, prices are ½ to 3 per cent. lower.

DISCUSSED IN THE PULPIT.

NEW YORK, May 19.—[Special.]—Many pastors preached upon the recent Wall street flurry yesterday, and in several instances Grant was handled without gloves. The journals note that Newman, Grant's old friend, has nothing to say of finances.

WALL STREET RUINED HIM.

UTICA, May 19.—Alexander White, a creamery operator of Grand Rapids, Mich., shot himself at Sherburn this morning. He lost $125,000 in Wall street last fall and had suffered other business reverses.

WILL RESUME.

NEW YORK, May 19—Sympathy extended to Donnell, Lawson & Simpson has induced them to submit a proposition to their creditors which will result in their resuming in a few days.

A SMALL FAILURE.

NEW YORK, May 19.—M. Morton, dealer in chinaware, has failed for $25,000.

Wall street is quiet. No statements by suspended firms have been issued.

THE PITTSBURG SUSPENSION.

PITTSBURG, May 19.—The cashier of the Bankers and Merchants' bank says the suspension is due mainly to the fact that last week a large number of certificates were deposited, on which the bank required from ten to thirty days notice. Within the past few days $61,000 of state funds have been checked out. He thought the bank would resume in a few days.

BANK SUSPENSION AT PETERSBURG.

PETERSBURG, Va., May 19.—In consequence of a heavy run, the Planters and Mechanics' bank has temporarily suspended. A notice by the board of directors and the president says a satisfactory attempt will be made, and the bank is believed to be able to pay every cent.

BANK SUSPENSION AT ERIE.

ERIE, Pa., May 19.—The Erie county savings bank of this city suspended this morning. Capital, $150,000; liabilities, $80,000. It is said the president has been dabbling in oil. He is said to have left the city.

RAILROAD NOTES.

THE RAILROAD BROTHERHOOD.

READING, May 17.—The grand national division of the railroad brotherhood began its tenth annual convention to-day. William Rumble of Tamaqua presided.

ELECTED PRESIDENT.

NEW YORK, May 19.—J. C. Rogers has been elected president of the Louisville and Nashville. The reported defalcation of accounts is unfounded.

Don't Invest in Quartz Milling Machinery

Until you have investigated Salmon's Pulverizer and the Little Giant Crusher. Since these machines have been improved and perfected, quartz of all kinds can be reduced to an impalpable powder at a cost for machinery not to exceed one tenth of what will [illegible] to do the same amount of work by any other known process. These machines are beyond the experimental stage and are a great success, destined to revolutionize the milling business and to place the working of quartz within the means of small capital.

Descriptive circulars with cuts and testimonials will [illegible]. Correspondence and close investigation invited. Address, UNION IRON WORKS, Portland, Oregon. Sole Manufacturers.

THE WOOL GROWER'S ASSOCIATION.

Address Delivered at Their Recent Meeting at The Dalles, by John Minto

Mr. President, and Members of the Columbia River Wool Growers' and Sheep Breeders Association:—The plan of your association by covering the west valley of the Columbia to afford takes in the small valleys to the south and north of it, to the California line on the one side and the Puget sound on the other; and therefore covers what was forty years ago known as Oregon.

This immense district is yet in its infancy as a field for the production of wool and mutton. The wool crop from it last year (1883) was perhaps over 16,000,000 pounds. The crop of wether mutton I estimate at 350,000 head, a large portion of which are kept for wool growing after of age for mutton. For the general health of sheep it is doubtful whether there is an equal area of the earth's surface more favorable. For the production of an even, sound staple of clothing wool, the same may be said of it. Climatic conditions marks the most of it as pre-eminently and permanently a wool growing country. Climatic and other conditions (among which are water-powers in abundance which never dry up in summer and rarely freeze up in winter) mark the western part of it as the future seat of woolen manufacturing interests, proportionate to its capacity to produce the raw material for such manufactures and the food supply of a manufacturing population. Believing in this, what I now have to say to you has reference to the future and yet undeveloped interests alluded to as well as present and pressing questions connected with wool growing.

This inviting field for wool production is not as favorable for that pursuit on a large scale by few owners as are the pasture lands of the Australian group of British colonies. There are differences of climate in their favor in that respect, but still more are the differences in governmental policies in the disposal of lands for grazing purposes, the cost of money, and the cost of labor. The name of one family closely identified with the development of wool growing in Australia may be used to illustrate the difference of the two systems.

Captain John Macarthur was the son of a Scotch laird, and a personal friend of King George III, when his efforts to introduce merino into England gave manifestations of failure. A supply of merino wool being an imperative necessity to English manufacture and trade, it became a hobby with the king (probably the wisest one he ever had), to plant its growth in his own dominions. Captain Macarthur was appointed land agent for the crown in New South Wales and introduced six merinos from the king's flock of Negrettis. Of course Captain Macarthur had all the land he wanted on his own terms, and he and his sons thus became pioneers and representatives of a system which has expanded from the shipment of one bale of wool of 167 pounds in 1806 to an export of 330,000,000 pounds in 1883. It is shorn from 80,000,000 of sheep, almost wholly of merino blood. In addition to the amount exported there is supposed to be some 70,000,000 used in manufactures in these colonies, produced at a cost (says the New York *Times* of April 16), of 11 cents per pound. Giving these facts, the same paper proceeds to say:

"The lesson for us from all this is, that we have an equally valuable and extensive territory in our western country for wool growing as there is in Australia and could easily compete with that country if we were as persevering and persistent. But the American passion for change prevents it, and after a few years' playing at sheep keeping, cattle herding is taken up, or wheat farming, or mineral prospecting, and the flocks are scattered because they have no shepherd."

No notice is taken by this most influential of free trade journals of differences of conditions between us and the Australians. I remark, in connection with free trade papers, THE OREGONIAN of April 26, (the ablest free trade journal on the Pacific coast) advocates as more needed than an increase of the tariff on wool, a state bounty for the destruction of wild animals injurious to flocks. The thanks of your association are due THE OREGONIAN for so much concession to a protective policy. A costly experience justifies me in saying that in many districts of Oregon the loss of sheep from dogs is greater than from wild animals. We need legislation as a defense from both sources of loss. But protection from both these sources of loss is not sufficient to equalize our advantages with men (generally from above the middle class of British society) who receive from government all the land they want at low (almost nominal) rates of annual rent. Their capital if not their own, is generally had from Britain at current rates of interest there. They are protected in grazing rights by good laws efficiently enforced. They have an abundant supply of reliable, efficient and cheap labor, the wages of a good shepherd ranging from $175 to $225 per year with board.

Under our system it is difficult to secure more than 320 acres of land in one body. If more is secured it is generally of more than four times the valuation upon which the Australian is only required to pay a low rate of interest. For the use of money the American pays from 7 to 15 per cent. interest; for help from $300 to $500 per year with board. He has a high rate of local taxes to pay. Each married man connected with the business who has a family wishes it properly educated. Upon each man of 21 years all the duties of a citizenship devolves. Each flock owner is, or may be to some extent, contending with his wool growing neighbors for the grazing of the public lands, and there is abundant opportunity for similar contention between those who run sheep and those who run cattle or horses. Their good sense of right prevents much strife where there is no other law. They are all permitted by government neglect; none have special privileges or encouragement, or special defense against each other, for none have any legal rights to graze these lands, and what they can legally obtain being insufficient in quantity, it is manifestly impossible that their business can be permanent, or that they can grow wool as the Australian can. Under their system, with tens of thousands (in some cases hundreds of thousands) of sheep under one ownership, with conditions of climate favorable for the production of the highest priced wools; thousands may be spent to keep up the grade, where under our system with flocks of a few hundreds on high priced farming lands or a few thousands mostly on government lands (without rights or permanent tenure), but hundreds can only be spent for the same object. In the former case the value of the product will justify a journey half around the earth to make purchases or to make sales. In fact, many Australian wool growers have homes in Britain, and see to the sale of their own wool.

Under this system thus pursued Australia gave English manufacturers the power to break down or take the lead of Saxony in cloth manufactures, the latter having previously done the same in Spain, whence both powers derived the merino blood. England now has more fine wool produced in her colonies than she can use unless she can break down productions and manufactures in the United States and control the rich market which would open to her. Her only reasonable ground for hope to do so lies in us as a people adopting free trade as a policy. From his seat in parliament, in discussing the boundary question, one of her legislators said: 'Believing that the country (Oregon) would be held subject to the trade interests of Great Britain he cared little which nationality was nominal owner of the country.' The leader of that man's political party (Sir Robert Peel), prime minister of England when the boundary line was settled, said: 'It was the destiny of America (the United States) to feed Great Britain, and it was the destiny of Great Britain to clothe America.' To guard against such results is an all-sufficient reason for such tariff on wool and woolen goods as will constitute protection while necessary, not in the special interest of those engaged in these industries, but in the interest of national independence, general thrift and prosperity.

That protection has been necessary has been the almost uniform opinion of all American statesmen who were desirous that American labor should have a compensation above that given in Ireland, India, Africa and in other British dependencies, to which condition "the unopposed consolidated organized capital directed and controlled by the selfish but clear-minded commercial diplomats of Britain" constantly tends to bring any people subject to its sway. "This diplomacy has no moral convictions; will not lessen the weight of its oppression by considerations of kinship, charity or mercy. It will with equal indifference see men, women and children starve under its rule in Ireland and India or kill them to secure money and usurious interest, as it has done, is now doing in Egypt.

It will pursue temporarily a losing trade to prevent or crush rivals. It has repeatedly tried to do so in the United States Canada and Australia (the three strongest and wisest of Britain's colonial children), who are to-day alike resolute in protecting themselves against the selfishness of her trade power). As late as April, 1882, when American manufacturers under protection had reduced the price of steel in her own home market from 17 cents per pound to 10½ cents per pound, the English, while selling in his home market at 12½ cents per pound, offered and sold in our market at 9 3-10 cents per pound.

To illustrate the results of diverse lines of policy I read part of a speech by Hon. Warner Miller, United States senator from New York, delivered March 24, 1880. I do not need to read the body of the statistics, in detail, but will give only the rates (per cent.) increase from 1860 to 1880:

"Increase of population, United States, 60; value of farms 212; wheat produced, bushels, 188; wheat exported bushels, 360; corn produced, bushels, 105; corn exported, bushels, 1862; wool produced, 260; cotton, 35; oats, 131; barley, 170; butter, 413; cheese, 21; petroleum, 8817; pig iron, 307; rails, 611; hogs packed, 106; merchandise imports, 89; merchandise exports, 150; gold and silver produced, 43; ditto, export, 23; ditto, import 284; railroads, miles 188.

It is the production of iron and steel, and manufactures therefrom, the production of cotton and wool and their manufacture, which constitute the United States the most formidable rival of British trade power in those lines. You are especially interested in the production of wool. I therefore follow the results of forty years of its history—divided into equal periods of twenty years each of diverse politics.

From 1840 to 1860, except a short break under Tyler's administration which was not given the test of time until changed under Polk to a free trade policy, that policy dominated the government. During this period the rate of increase in population in the United States was gaining over the rate of increase in wool production over 22½ per cent. The end of 1860 found an empty national treasury—a natural result of such a policy—and the civil war broke upon the government of a nation with boundless undeveloped wealth; without an army; without arms; without the raw material to make clothing for her volunteer soldiers; without even a piece of bunting of home manufacture out of which to make a flag! A government in need of all things except the devotion of a liberty loving citizenship, which rallied to its support with men, money and material. After seeing, as we have, such a comparison of results as I have read to you, shown at the end of twenty years of protective policy, it seems unnecessary to discuss the subject farther. Yet I will call your attention to the fact that the rate of increase in wool production was (instead of 22½ per cent. below the rate of increase of population as in the free trade twenty years) 226 per cent. above the increase of population in the twenty years of protective policy. From a carefully written paper read by Henry Lane before the Vermont agricultural society in 1880-81, I extract the relative prices of wool during the two periods:

From 1840 to 1860 the average price was 39⅛ cents per pound.

From 1860 to 1880 the average price was 47½ cents per pound.

For the wool classed as the medium Ohio, which I believe grades very nearly with the finest half of Oregon wool. It also means fleece washed wool. The facts given here are an all sufficient answer to Senator Slater's letter declining to represent the interests of his constituency. Taking amongst other positions that more fine wool was needed to enhance the value of our coarser wools. This was serving the Australian, whose interest in the United States, as a market, may be judged from the fact that no less than seventy-five first-class awards were made to wools from those colonies at our centennial exhibition in 1876. The number suggests a possible organized purpose which an examination into their distribution amongst those colonies does not remove, but it may have been caused by the great quantity of wool single ownerships have annually for sale. Be that as it may, the number of exhibitors from the whole of the United States was small in comparison—but one of fine wools was made from Columbia valley, and this was from west of the Cascades. On that a first-class medal was awarded to the State of Oregon. The remarks of the committee of awards is as follow: "Some very fine specimens of merino wool of fine fibre and good staple, very much resembling Australian wool, and giving evidence that this state can produce wool of very great value." Mr. S. G. R. Reed of Portland and Mr. M. Wilkins of Eugene City, received awards for excellent samples of combing and worsted wools. But my purpose is here with the merino. This proves to my mind that even in the Willamette valley that grade of wool can be grown, and leaves no doubt that large districts in southern, central and southeastern Oregon are eminently fitted for its production. I know, also, that it needs only the assurance of a settled policy giving Oregon wool growers the amount of protection to equalize their advantages with the Australian wool growers to enable them to produce all the finest grades of wool the half of the Columbia valley would feed. Yet that is not one fourth of the area of what is becoming known as the pasturage states and territories; the most of which is pre-eminently adapted to fine wools, and to which the rising value of lands, the necessity of more meat production and other causes, in states east of the Mississippi, is fast driving fine wool production. In much of the country west of the Cascades a medium wooled sheep like the Southdown and Shropshire find congenial conditions. In many sections, by adopting something like the English method of treatment, an excellent article of combing wool can be produced from the Leicester, Cotswold, and New Oxfordshire. But these breeds can only be kept in condition necessary for the production of good luster combing wools by a measure of effort not yet used by the average Oregon farmer, consequently after a commencement is made with good blood of this kind, there is a steady tendency to dryness and lightness of fleece, lowness and lightness of carcass; to restless feeding habits and fence climbing (when kept on farms), and roving, and breaking from the flock under the herding system. Keeping sheep under that system, I find some owners generally then who let their sheep to others to be herded on shares—keep a mongrel bred sheep, giving about six pounds of wool below medium in grade. Such owners generally claim that as the safest sheep to keep at least cost of care and herding. They are evidently not in the business as a permanent investment. It is also evident that such a course tends to keep down the average grade of wool and its general estimate in the markets. To induce permanency and persevering care in wool growing in the extensive country of which the Columbia valley is but a part, only requires a change of method by government in the disposition of lands suitable for grazing, and not suited to general agriculture, so that persons adopting wool growing as a permanent pursuit can secure a foundation for their business. Such a change would not be inconsistent with the spirit of our present land laws, which gives to the landless 160 acres of supposed arable land. Supposed to be, and in the corn and wheat growing districts is enough to enable an energetic, industrious man to support a family by its cultivation. To dispose of grazing lands in compact bodies of sufficient size to meet the same object would, in my mind, be the surest way to enlist persistent, persevering men in wool growing as a life business, and the surest way to secure from our own citizenship all the kinds of wool our home manufacturers need. No permanency can reasonably be expected so long as the profits of a pursuit are the football of a partisan strife in congress, in which men will disregard the interests of their constituents and falsify their public pledges, and even refuse to obey the requests of legislative assemblies of the commonwealth they misrepresent.

Neither, I think, can permanency be expected where ownership of sufficient land on which to base the pursuit cannot be had at less cost than our present law permits. A change can be made in these laws which, by giving American citizenship an approach to equalized advantages with Australian wool growers will tend to greater permanency, not by giving our fine wool growing industry into the hands of a few hundred ownerships, employing 50,000 herders who would flee before an invading army as did those of old Spain before Napoleon the First! Not by giving it into the hands of a few thousands as in Australia, many of whom are non-residents in the country; but by placing tens of thousands of families of American yeomanry on those pasture lands who will be as ready and as willing to maintain order at home or meet an enemy from abroad as becomes a citizen who has a home to defend. Such a change gradually brought about would diminish causes of strife about ranges between horse breeders, cattle breeders and wool growers; and in my judgment it would gradually diminish and render unnecessary tariff duties on wool.

To assist in bringing about such a change as here suggested the aid of the department of agriculture may properly be required. Three years ago congress appropriated $5000 to enable the commissioner of agriculture to procure and publish data touching agricultural needs of that portion of the United States lying west of the Rocky mountains—New Mexico—with special reference to grapes, wines and raisin production was made the object of a commission to collect such data, consisting of one gentleman from California, one from Nebraska and one from Ohio. (Agricultural report 1881-2, pp. 13.) I have never seen any report from it. I have suggested to you changes which I think desirable in regard to a subject of vastly greater importance than grapes, wines or raisins.

Your association has all the rights of citizens whose interests are closely identified with a great national interest to ask such assistance. I am aware that at first sight many of you will see objections to these suggestions. Yet knowing that you all perceive as plainly as I can, that you have no means of keeping things as they now are. That new accessions to your grazing population will come until the country is fully occupied; therefore, I think upon reflection you will come to agree with me; that the best way to permanency and peace is to secure control of your respective ranges by laws of lease or purchase.

After the delivery of the address the following resolutions were adopted.

WHEREAS, The Columbia river valley is a very extensive and inviting region for investments in grazing pursuits; and,

WHEREAS, Its conformation, soil and situation in reference to prevailing winds and mountain ranges are such as cause great diversity of conditions affecting the life of domestic animals and such animal products as wool; therefore,

Resolved, We ask the aid of our senators and representatives in congress to procure the survey of this great valley and adjoining country, up to the California line on the south and British Columbia on the north under the direction of the department of agriculture, to collect and publish data relative thereto as regards the suitability of particular districts to particular breeds of domestic animals. 1st. For wool production. 2d. For meat production (beef as well as mutton.) 3d. For dairy. 4th. For horse breeding. 5th. In regard to the best grasses and forage plants (native and exotic) for use. 6th. Those districts and their extent suitable for grazing pursuits only and not suited by climate, soil and situation to general agriculture, and through the department of agriculture to recommend such modifications of our homestead laws as will encourage grazing as a permanent pursuit on such lands.

Too Many Grants.

Philadelphia Times.

Wall street has retired one of the republican presidential possibilities—General Grant. It is now needless to inquire how or why the financial deluge came upon the house that was largely founded on his name. It is enough that he has badly, discreditably failed, and while all acquit General Grant of complicity in any of the financial crookedness, all equally acquit him of a presidential hope or prospect.

There are too many Grants. Had there been but one Grant—the Grant of Vicksburg and Appomattox—he would to-day be among the foremost of the background presidential possibilities; but unfortunately for General Grant and for the country there are four Grants, and recent events prove that there are just three too many. Had the odd three been trained to the honest management of a Galena tannery at forty dollars a month, as was their father, it is probable that there would not be an unsavory surplus of Grants just now; but the young Grants assumed that Wall street was their Vicksburg and Appomattox. Instead of conquering, however, they were conquered, and they have brought the name and fame of their illustrious father to the very verge of dishonor. His fame is unstained only because he is hurt in and naturally believed his peers to be as sure as the most loving and trusting fathers.

General Grant did not make himself a candidate in 1884 nor did he directly or indirectly advise or assent to the use of his name, and he has been retired from the contest without any act of his own. There are three Grants too many, and that settles it.

Letter From General John E. Mulford.

23 DEY STREET,
NEW YORK, October 8, 1883.

For years past I have used ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS in my person and in my family, and have found them perfect as an external remedy, quick in their action, giving immediate relief, without blistering the skin, and far superior to all others. No family should be without ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS; their healing powers are wonderful, and their efficacy far reaching and lasting. When in Washington last winter I was induced to try another much advertised plaster for severe pain in my back. No relief from the pain, but a sore and blistered back for a week was the result. So soon as the blisters healed I applied two of ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS and they gave me immediate and permanent relief. They give additional strength and vitality to the spinal column and they are a never-failing remedy in my family for Coughs, Colds, Sprains and all Pains and Weaknesses. Their use has repeatedly saved me from Pneumonia. I constantly use them, and would not be without them for any consideration.

JOHN E. MULFORD.

Beware of imitations. "Allcock's" is the only genuine Porous Plaster.

Across the Continent by Slow Stages.

Boston Transcript.

Warren B. Johnson, 65 years old, has just completed a remarkable journey. He left California June 1, 1882, with a horse and wagon, a cow and a dog, and reached his home in Webster, Mass., Friday night.

Landborg's Perfume, Edenia.
Landborg's Perfume, Marechal Niel Rose.
Landborg's Perfume, Alpine Violet.
Landborg's Perfume, Lily of the Valley.

PACIFIC COAST.

INTERESTING ITEMS FROM VARIOUS POINTS IN THE NORTHWEST.

A Laborer Killed by the Cars—Drowning near Hood River—Large Warehouse Burned—Matters at Seattle.

The Sharon Divorce Case.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 19.—In the Sharon divorce case, expert George D. Hickox was placed on the stand. He proposes to give his testimony on the alleged marriage contract by the aid of a stereopticon. Application to have the bail of the two perjured witnesses, Mrs. Martha Wilson and Arthur Wells, reduced from $20,000 to $5000 was denied by the court.

Shipping Intelligence.

Arrived, May 18—Steamer State of California, Debney, fifty-two hours from Portland, via Astoria forty-four hours, passengers and merchandise, to Goodall, Perkins & Co. Sailed—Steamer Oregon, Polemann, Astoria; ship Occidental, Dunphy, Nanaimo; ship Astoria, Anderson, Nanaimo; bark Montana, Steinberg, Port Townsend.

The Bodies all Recovered.

GRASS VALLEY, May 19.—The bodies of Hays and Chipell have been recovered from the cave-in at Forest Springs, which took place Saturday last. The other two bodies, of Wallace and Lawrence, were recovered on the day of the accident.

STATE DISPATCHES.

Run Over by the Cars.

THE DALLES, May 19.—[Special.]—Charles Romelli, a Swiss, was run over by the east bound passenger train last evening, about ten miles east of this city. He was returning to work with a gang of men engaged between the Dalles and Celilo in keeping the track clear of sand. He attempted to jump from the train while it was in motion and fell on the track, the wheels passing over both legs at the thighs. He was brought to the Umatilla house and died this morning.

Man Drowned.

THE DALLES, May 19.—[Special.]—Dick Lloyd was drowned in the Columbia river, opposite Hood river, on Saturday afternoon. He was in a large scow with a young man named Smith when the scow tipped over. He was an expert swimmer and made for the shore, but sank before he reached the bank. Smith clung to the boat and was finally rescued. The river was dragged and the body found to-day.

Warehouse at Fultonville Burned.

THE DALLES, May 19.—[Special.]—Col. James Fulton's warehouse and store burned at Fultonville Friday night about 12 o'clock. Loss, $12,000; insurance, $5000.

Criminal Notes from Pendleton.

PENDLETON, May 19.—[Special.]—Barnhart and Anderson, the young men accused of killing an Indian on the reservation, were bound over to-day to appear before the grand jury without bail.

Shackleford and Carter, who stole two horses here last week, have both been captured, Carter at Ellensburg, W. T., and Shackleford at Union, Or.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

News Notes from Victoria.

VICTORIA, May 19.—Arrived: Steamer Mexico, San Francisco; bark Nellie May, Hong Kong. Sailed: Steamer G. W. Elder, San Francisco.

Hon. Allen Francis, ex United States consul, left to-day for his new station at Port Stanley, Ontario.

The following Victoria passengers sailed for San Francisco to-day per G. W. Elder: Miss Dunsmuir, E. H. Kittridge and wife, Mrs E. Dunsmuir, M. C. Dowell and wife, A. M. Kohlberg, E. D. Rosenbaum, G. D. Frank, R. B. Linton, and twenty-five in the steerage.

The bark Nellie May, from Hong Kong, brings 250 Chinese. The Mexico to-day also brought fifty Chinese passengers.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Matters at Seattle.

SEATTLE, May 19.—[Special.]—The political pot is beginning to boil. It is an open secret that the woman suffrage and temperance element have put up a complete ticket. The first meeting of citizens occurred to-night, on the platform of equal rights. The approaching city election will be the liveliest ever seen here.

The steamer Wilmington sailed for San Francisco this forenoon.

ENGLAND.

GLADSTONE MAKES AN EXPLANATION.

LONDON, May 19.—In the commons, Gladstone, replying to Bartlett, conservative, said the government adhered to its position, that the Egyptian law of liquidation be the basis of the conference. France had asked an explanation of England's position in regard to the affairs of Egypt. Both governments desire to exchange views. After reciprocally exchanging views they will consult other powers, at the earliest possible moment. Parliament will be fully informed of the proceedings.

THE AMERICAN TEAM VICTORIOUS.

LIVERPOOL, May 19.—The American lacrosse team played its first match game in England at Rockferry to-day, with the Cheshire team, which resulted in a victory for the Americans, 4 goals to 1. The attendance was large. The Cheshire team won the first goal. Just before the team changed ends, Chatham, a Cheshire player, was carried from the field, having been badly injured in a collision. Johnston, by an excellent play from a distance of eleven paces from the poles, scored the fourth goal for the Americans.

DEATH OF SAM WARD.

LONDON, May 19.—Mr. Sam Ward died at Pegli, Italy, to-day. He passed away peacefully, surrounded by loving friends.

CREATED A BISHOP.

LONDON, May 19.—Canon Boyd Carpenter has been created bishop of Ripon.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, May 19.—Wheat, quiet. Corn, quiet and steady. Prices are unchanged.

LONDON WOOL MARKET.

LONDON, May 19.—To-day 12,395 bales of Sydney and New Zealand wool were sold.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

A PHYSICIAN KILLS HIS RIVAL.

CRISFIELD, Md., May 19.—At Tangier Island, Va., on Saturday, Dr. Pitts called Dr. Walter, a rival physician, into his office, and shot him dead. The people attempted to lynch Pitts, but were prevented. The murderer was jailed.

MEXICO.

THE CONSOLIDATION APPROVED.

MEXICO, May 19.—The stockholders of the National bank have approved the fusion with the Mercantile bank.

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST.

Eastern Oregon.

Heppner *Times*: The long expected sale of reservation town lots will begin next Thursday, in charge of Mr. Currey, the receiver of La Grande. There are such a large number and variety of these lots that all can be accommodated, and buyers will only be doing an act of justice and exhibiting a true public spirit by allowing the sites selected for important public buildings to be sold without competition. The school directors wish a site for a public school house, the Sisters want one for an institution of learning of their order; and the Masonic order have talked some of buying a piece of ground for the erection of a temple. These are worthy public enterprises, and should be encouraged by mutually agreeing to allow the sites selected therefor to be sold as low as possible.

Southern Oregon.

Little Kattie, daughter of Colonel Jesse N. Barker, of Roseburg, received a painful accident upon last Saturday, falling from a porch, by which one of her arms was injured seriously.

The following is the amount of business transacted at Roseburg for the month of April: 1063 acres sold for cash; 23 homestead entries made, embracing 3116 acres; 34 pre-emption filings; 4 timber entries; one donation certificate issued and 1300 acres selected as Coos Bay wagon land road.

Jacksonville exchange: John A. Hurlburt, locating engineer for the O. & C. R. R., was in town one day this week. He says there are still several surveying parties in the field on the Siskiyous, but does not think the route will be changed when work is again commenced, the object of the present surveys being simply to see if any cut offs can be gained.

A shooting scrape occurred at Smith river last Saturday in which three men were more or less injured, as follows: Z. Haines, Samuel Wilton and Wm. Beam. The affair took place in the store of D. Haight, at that place. Mr. Haines was shot by a brother of Beam, Mr. Winton was shot by said Beam, and Beam was shot by Winton. Haines was not expected to live at last accounts. The other two were not seriously hurt. The Beam brothers were the aggressors, and both are under arrest, so our informant writes us.

Saturday, James B. Kiley died at Marshfield. He had been confined to his bed for about six weeks, and his death was not a surprise to those who knew his condition. Kiley was an old resident on the bay and well known throughout the country. Late years he followed the occupation of a saloon keeper, and whisky was the cause of his death. He had been on a protracted spree and had not taken off either his clothes or his boots for about three weeks. The aniline dye from the woolen fleece he wore got into his blood, poisoned him, and consequently his death. He was about 42 years of age.

Washington Territory.

Frederick Billings of Vermont gives $1000 to Whitman college at Walla Walla.

Clayton Pio, a little three-year-old son of Charles Pio, who resides at Tacoma, fell from the back porch Sunday a distance of about ten feet. The little fellow was considerably bruised, but not seriously injured.

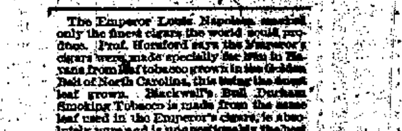
Harry Leland, while working on a new bridge near Fommer, slipped and fell a distance of about ten feet, striking on a beam. With great presence of mind he caught hold of the timber and saved himself, thus preventing a still greater fall of thirty feet upon a pile of rocks. In striking the beam he broke one of his ribs and also a shoulder blade. He was brought to Tacoma for surgical treatment.

Saturday afternoon, Max Muller, one of the workmen on the Tacoma hotel, met with an accident which will probably confine him to his room for some days. He was working on a scaffold about sixteen feet from the ground, when the board upon which he stood tilted, letting him fall to the ground. His injuries consisted of a broken wrist and several severe cuts on the head, one of which was directly under one of his eyes, and causes the unfortunate man much pain.

COUGHS. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are used with advantage to alleviate Coughs, Sore Throat and Bronchial Affections. *Sold only in boxes.*

Thirty years' experience in making fine goods in New York has enabled Hanan & Son to supply gentlemen of refined tastes with first-class hand-made shoes. Those who wish a perfect fit, comfort, style, and excellence of material will find "the HANAN" Shoes for sale by

EGGERT, YOUNG & CO.,
AND
WINKEG & HOLLABAUGH,
Special Agents for Portland.



The Emperor Louis Napoleon smoked only the finest cigars the world could produce. Prof. Horsford says the Emperor's cigars were made specially for him in Havana from leaf tobacco grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina, this being the finest leaf grown. Blackwell's Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco is made from the same leaf used in the Emperor's cigars, is absolutely pure and is unquestionably the best tobacco ever offered.

Thackeray's gifted daughter, Anne, in her sketch of Alfred Tennyson, in *Harper's Monthly*, tells of her visit to the great poet. She found him smoking Blackwell's Bull Durham Tobacco, sent him by Hon. James Russell Lowell, American Minister to the Court of St. James.

In these days of adulteration, it is a comfort to smokers to know that the Bull Durham brand is absolutely pure, and made from the best tobacco the world produces.

Blackwell's Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco is the best and purest made. All dealers have it. None genuine without the trade-mark of the Bull.

[illegible], Canada West, Ont., October 30, 188[illegible].

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS.:

Sirs,—Your pills came all right, and I can say they are a good bilious pill. I have used a great many pills, but I can say Dr. C. McLane's Liver Pills, manufactured by Fleming Brothers, are genuine. And, gentlemen, you have my thanks in sending. I gave some of those pills to my neighbors for a trial. One of my neighbors got three pills. He said they did help him. He felt the next day like a new man. He wishes me to send for fifty cents' worth for him. So, gentlemen, I will do all I can to introduce Dr. C. McLane's Liver Pills, manufactured by Fleming Brothers. You will find enclosed one dollar, for more of your good pills. I wish you could send me a sample of your Vermifuge by mail. I think it will take well here.

Yours, with respect,
WM. H. DUGAN.

Please send soon.

West Sandlake, N. Y., October 30, 188[illegible].

Fleming Brothers:

Dear Sirs,—Enclosed you will find one dollar for which you will please send me more of your Dr. C. McLane's Liver Pills. I trust you have received the pay for the last two boxes I ordered and received. I would only say, they have done me more good than I could express. I feel much better now than I have for two years past. Send them soon. More hereafter.

Yours truly,
REV. PHIL. SPARTH,
West Sandlake, N. Y.

THE ONLY GENUINE
McLANE'S PILLS,
Are the Dr. C. McLane's Liver Pills,
PREPARED BY
FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

OREGON
HEARD FROM.

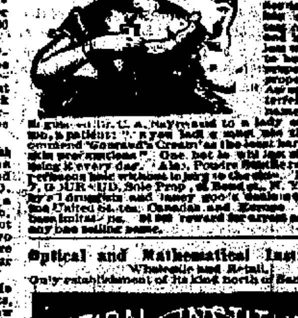
JOHN A. CHILD, Portland, Or., writes that he has sold WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY thirty-three years, and he knows it to be one of the oldest as well as one of the most reliable preparations in the market for the cure of Coughs, Colds and Throat and Lung Complaints.

J. F. VENNER, Brownsville, Or., writes that several cases have recently came to his notice where he had recommended WISTAR'S BALSAM for Coughs, Colds and Throat and Lung Complaints, and in every case the parties informed him that the Balsam had helped them. One old gentleman told him, that the Balsam had saved his life thirty years before.

B. F. BELT, Salem, Or., writes: "WISTAR'S BALSAM has always given entire satisfaction, and those that have used it stick to it."

None genuine unless signed "I. BUTTS" on the wrapper.

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.
DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S
ORIENTAL CREAM,
or Magical Beautifier



Purifies as well as Beautifies the Skin. No other cosmetic will do it.

[illegible] Tan, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. [illegible] so harmless we taste it to be sure the preparation is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. [illegible] Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut ton, a patient: "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all skin preparations." One bottle will last six months using it every day. Also, Poudre Subtile removes superfluous hair without injury to the skin. Mme. M. B. T. GOURAUD, Sole Prop., 48 Bond st., N. Y. For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers throughout the United States, Canadas and Europe. Beware of base imitations. $1000 reward for arrest and proof of any one selling same.

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W. PFUNDER'S
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Mechanics' Tools, Hardware and Machinery. Catalogues of all our goods sent free on application.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 20, 1884.

A DEAD LETTER AMENDMENT.

It is notorious that about one-half the popular vote of many of the southern states is regularly suppressed. This is not conjecture nor unsupported assertion. There are facts to prove it. The apportionment under which the present congress was elected fixed the ratio of representation at 154,325, and the average vote for member of congress in 1882 in each district in the northern states was about 28,000, while in some the average was a trifle over 30,000. There should be no great variation from this average in any of the states if the ballot were properly protected, and the voter felt entirely safe in exercising his rights. But in the southern states the falling off in the vote is so large that it can only be accounted for on the hypothesis that voters are intimidated, and their right to vote otherwise abridged or restricted. The following comparison of averages in the north and south, based on the vote of 1882, will serve to illustrate the matter more clearly:

	Average vote.		Average vote.
Iowa	28,268	Alabama	15,574
Wisconsin	24,351	Georgia	11,990
Minnesota	29,125	Louisiana	13,976
New Jersey	29,371	Mississippi	11,297
Ohio	30,248	South Carolina	16,326

Thus it will be seen that in the same aggregate population, and in which the number of votes cannot greatly vary, 30,248 voters in Ohio cast their votes for each member of congress, while but 11,990, or only 40 per cent. of the Ohio vote, was cast in Georgia. In the third Georgia district but 4450 votes were cast for congressman, while in the eighteenth Ohio district over 35,000 votes were cast. A great number of similar comparisons, by districts, might be made.

It was expressly to provide a remedy against this state of things that the second section of the fourteenth amendment to the constitution was adopted. We quote it:

> Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for president and vice president of the United States, representatives in congress, the executive and judicial officers of the state or members of the legislature thereof is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state being 21 years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion in which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens 21 years of age in such state.

The probability that there would be an attempt to suppress the votes of the newly enfranchised classes in the southern states was foreseen; and this section of the constitution was adopted in order that there might be express power to avert some of its consequences. It was not deemed just to allow the southern states to have representatives in congress and in the electoral colleges for the millions of colored people who might be denied the right to vote, because this would create an inequality of political power which would operate against the northern states. Expressly to provide against this was the object of the second section of the fourteenth amendment. Now look again at the discrepancy between the votes of southern and northern states, as shown by the above exhibit. How is it to be accounted for except on the ground that the right to vote in the former is "denied or abridged," as the constitutional amendment puts it? Every one knows that it can be accounted for in no other way.

Then if it be true that one-half the voters in certain southern states are prevented from voting by intimidation, or "in any way abridged," it is also true that those states have double the representation in congress and in the electoral college that they are entitled to if the constitutional provisions quoted above were enforced. Reduce those states to the representation they are entitled to under the constitution and the solid south would no longer be the menace which it now is. The five states above named now have forty-eight electoral votes, to one-half of which they are not entitled so long as one-half of their voters are disfranchised from any cause, if there be any virtue in a constitutional provision. In one sense it may be useless to talk about this gross injustice, founded on direct violation of the constitution of the United States; and particularly it is useless to talk about it to the present house of representatives, dominated as it is, by a caucus, a majority of which is composed of members who are indebted to this system of intimidation and violence for the seats they hold. But the fact that relief is not practicable does not mitigate the outrage which the existence of such a condition of things enforces on the disfranchised voters of the south, as well as upon the free voter of the north. And it is the solid south, with double the vote to which it is legally entitled in the electoral college, that is the great hope of the democratic party. If the people of the north can be made to see the political condition of the southern states, as it really is, they will do in 1884 as they did in 1861, and every year since when the necessity arose—meet the solid south face to face with an equally solid north.

The results of the inquiry on this subject recently reported to the senate related only to a single state (Mississippi); and the facts reported, which are fully in accord with the figures in the above presentation, amply justify the recommendation of the committee that after the next election in Mississippi (unless the same shall be free and fair) there shall be a full investigation with a view to determining whether republican government exists there, and whether it has forfeited its representation in whole or in part, by reason of the denial of the right to vote to any portion of its citizens.

If it be said, as doubtless it will be, that the whites cannot afford to permit the blacks to vote, then it will follow that the provisions of the fourteenth amendment, expressly devised to meet such a case, ought to be put in force, taking away from the state one-half its representatives in congress and one-half its votes in the electoral college.

THE ISSUE TO BE MET.

Mr. Randall and his followers prefer to sacrifice the internal revenue system rather than touch a single import duty. He says that "the real revenue reformers should now come to the front and deal with the surplus by reforming the war taxes of the internal revenue." They regard the whisky tax and the tobacco tax as war burdens from which an oppressed people should be delivered. There are but three possible solutions of the question, and all the skill of politicians and platform makers cannot mislead the people. The surplus of $130,000,000 must be reduced either by abolishing the whisky and tobacco tax, or the revision of import duties, or be allowed to remain a source of political corruption, to be expended in river and harbor and public building bills. This is the issue to be met by the congress to be elected next fall. We shall be surprised if the people manifest a very different opinion on the subject from that which prevailed two years ago. They appreciate very nearly at its true value the political humbug which is disseminated under the pretence of solicitude for American labor. They are troubled, however, to choose between the parties which somewhat resemble, in their promise of relief to the people, the two ways described by the negro preacher. "There is," he said, "a broad and narrow way which leadeth to everlasting destruction, and there is a narrow and broad way which leadeth into eternal damnation." "That being the case," said one of his hearers, "dis chile takes to de woods." It is possible that some of the voters next fall will take to the woods.

Some twenty or more citizens of Albany, among whom are several democrats, unite in a testimonial to the integrity and ability of Judge Flinn, candidate for the supreme bench. It is high commendation of a man when those who know him best speak in this manner of him.

THE LIGHT TURNED ON.

It must be somewhat embarrassing, if not humiliating to the great capitalists to have their methods so thoroughly exposed to the common people as in the recent disasters in New York. No class of men have been more pretentious and assuming than they, or arrogated to themselves such a consequence in the body politic. They were the great "business interests" which the government must accord special protection to, and the people must give them a friendly president and sometimes they went so far as to say that only one man would answer for them. The "idol of capital" must be set up and all the people fall down and worship. But when the pinch came and these inflated concerns collapsed, the people had an opportunity to see what they were filled with. They are seen to have been mostly gas and brass, instead of solid gold. The great millions which were paraded a year ago as "the Villards" have shrunk, but the property which these stocks were based on has not been destroyed. Some of it may have been stolen, but its value remains, we suppose, substantially unimpaired. The departed millions are now seen to have represented not the financial ability, nor the creative genius of one man, so much as the infatuated confidence of a gambling people. It would have required only another stretch of the same infatuation to have given an apparent value to millions of "Oregon Universal" stock resting as an outer rim upon the Oregon and Transcontinental Company, as that rests upon the Northern Pacific and the Oregon Navigation Companies. It is possible to conceive of the potency of such stocks increasing by each dilution according to the homeopathic idea of medicines. It was a favorite phrase in the Northern Pacific history to speak of "the men who put their faith into the enterprise." They took "the Villards" as "the substance of things hoped for and the evidence of things not seen."

Was it the financial ability of Grant & Ward that induced people to trust them with money and securities to the amount of ten million dollars? Where did Mr. Fish get the reputation which gave him his standing in the street, drew $5,000,000 of deposits to his bank with a capital of $400,000, and induced the city to intrust to his keeping $1,300,000 of the public moneys? The millions entrusted to these various "blind pools" came not from the unsophisticated public, at which the financiers are apt to sneer, but from the capitalists themselves. The men who are chosen because of their skill to manage the finances of New York city trusted the reckless Fish and Ward. The Pecksniffian millionaires seem to have been the most eager to throw their money into these pools. It may be said that Vanderbilt's loan of $150,000 to General Grant is a personal matter, and that he would probably never have granted such a favor or acceded to such an unbusinesslike request from any person but General Grant, but it enters into the history of the failure as a business transaction, and is fairly representative, probably, of the loose way by which Grant & Ward had been obtaining money. The word was passed around among the millionaires that the firm of which their friend General Grant was the head could earn them one per cent a month for their money by operating in Indian and war department contracts, and they rushed in with their funds just as men tumbled over each other to get into Mr. Villard's blind pool.

But the recklessness of these financiers is not their worst characteristic. They are just what the street designation represents them, "bulls and bears," beasts who raven and destroy all who come within their power. The New York *Times* says that those nearest to Jay Gould, the men who have been his followers, have suffered the greatest losses in the January pools in Union Pacific. "Leading officers of the Western Union Company, his principal brokers, many of his lawyers, his numerous attaches, all, in fact, who had any money to lose have been terribly scalded. President Mitchell, of the St. Paul Company, has been playing the same game of selling out on his followers." Senator Sabin is another of these great men who is now suffering from the entrance of light upon his pathway. Through combinations of a very questionable character he made a great fortune out of state prison contracts, then got himself elected in the nick of time to the United States senate. With this endorsement he went to his old home in New England to sell among his schoolmates and friends stock in the Northwestern Car Company, and as a further prop to his fortune, doubtless, got himself elected chairman of the national republican committee, though he poses among the millionaires who assure the workingmen that his one object in life is to promote their welfare. It is possible that these revelations of recklessness and greed, of infatuated trust, of broken faith and dishonor among the capitalists may not make an abiding impression upon the public mind. The claim made by those men that they are "the great stake class," for whom legislation must be granted and protection assured, may be conceded still by many of the blind and infatuated admirers of glittering success. But the subject is fairly suggestive, and it presents material for profitable meditation. It confirms for one thing the truth of the old proverb that "he who hasteth to be rich shall not be without sin."

This is a good time for people to congratulate themselves that this gigantic and scandalous failure in New York does not involve the president of the United States. It is bad enough to have it carry down General Grant, the private citizen and great soldier, but there is at least no stain upon the government of the United States. How would it have been, if the third term scheme had succeeded? Would capital be any more secure?

The New York *World* "demands of the democratic congress an investigation of the charge that the seat of Stanley Mathews on the bench of the supreme court was procured by bribery and corruption." If the democrats in congress thought there was any party capital to be made they would not delay this investigation.

The Blaine men now expect, or say they expect, to nominate their favorite at a very early stage of the balloting, through a stampede of southern delegates from Arthur. It is possible. The southern delegates feel no responsibility, have no constituency to call them to account, and may be glad to go in for the coming man.

The New York *World* advises the republicans to nominate Mr. Blaine; so does the New York *Sun*, the Washington *Post* and other democratic papers.

Colonel Fred and Ulysses declined to admit Jesse Grant to the firm of Grant, Ward & Co., on account of his "lack of business experience."

A Home Estimate of Mr. Myers.

Oregon City Enterprise.

We understand that Mr. Myers is posing before eastern Oregon as an honest farmer. Now we know John better at home. He is a professional politician. That has been his trade for twenty years. During the last twenty years he has held office almost continuously, as sheriff, member of the legislature or senator. He was already enough of a politician before he came to the state to have been a sheriff in California. We will remind our eastern Oregon brethren that when he is at home in Oregon City he is known as the sole owner of one of the oldest and richest general merchandise stores in town, though he owns a farm also—in fact, several farms. Mr. Myers' first and chief business ever since he came to the state has been politics. He has always manipulated Clackamas county democrats in politics to suit his own ends, and has generally been successful. But he can't electioneer the whole state with "store goods." Hermann will clean him out this time in Clackamas county by 200 votes, probably, and we hope he won't get votes in other counties on capital he does not possess.

A Voice from the South.

Mobile Register.

The democracy cannot elect a president except by the aid of the very northern states, which refuse to accept the tariff policy of the new Kentucky statesman. It is manifest, therefore, that there was no wisdom in the effort of the southern democrats to compel the northern democracy to accept a policy which they regard as hostile to their local interests. Take away from the southern democracy those who favor such protection as was demanded by Clay, Calhoun, Clayton, Polk and Jackson and we will find every southern state in the hands of the republican party. If we ostracise men from our own party we inevitably drive them over to the other. Toleration on the tariff question has always been the policy of the democratic party. Let it remain the policy.

"Mother Swan's Worm Syrup," for feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation, tasteless. 25c.

Murat Halstead's "Conversion" to Blaine.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—The following letter has been received here from Mr. Halstead of the Cincinnati *Commercial-Gazette*. It is in reply to a letter criticising his alleged conversion to Mr. Blaine's candidacy:

You call for information about my "conversion," as you are pleased to term it, to Mr. Blaine. Allow me to impart the following: Eight years ago I advocated the nomination for the presidency of General Bristow, and opposed Mr. Blaine incidentally. Now I am not devoting myself to toil in favor of any particular nomination, though my expressed preference is John Sherman, and I am not assailing Mr. Blaine, President Arthur, Senator Edmunds or General Logan, holding them all in high esteem. Perhaps I have changed my policy. I profess to have profited by eight years' enlargement of experience. During those years I have been more deeply than ever convinced that there is no reasonable hope of doing any good with the democratic party and I have lost faith in the efficacy of independent movements.

I have had a share in the labor of holding parlor consultations with a few excellent citizens with the view of shattering both the great political organizations of the country, and I want to spend my time to a better purpose. In this I perceive no occasion for public regrets or private sorrow. I propose to support the republican national nominations, and it occurs to me to reserve my strength until after the proceedings of the convention. The journal with which I am connected is not at war with any of the candidates.

I am grateful to Mr. Blaine for his large share in defeating the third term aggression against American republicanism, and I feel persuaded that in the atmosphere of suspicion of 1876, some of us accepted too readily the theory that the smoke of accusation against Blaine meant that there must be a hidden fire soon to break out and consume him.

Whenever I attempted to hunt up the facts that were assumed to be fuel, they failed to materialize. I should not, if he were the candidate, feel alarmed about his record. We know all that can be used against him; that it would be as ineffectual before the people at large as in the republican party, and that there is no candidate unassailable.

Mr. Blaine's enemies, who are violent, and quoting themselves to show that hard things can be said of him, are not important, and have mistaken their mission. I know of some matters in which Mr. Blaine's assailants are utterly in error. President Garfield told me that at the first of his cabinet meetings he opened business by saying to all—as he could that moment do without offense to any—they would get along peaceably only by carefully limiting themselves to their own departments of duty. He said Blaine acquiesced and complied with the suggestion fully and cordially up to that day—it was the last day of June, 1881.

And President Garfield said Blaine was not responsible for the New York appointments upon which Conkling resigned; that they were his own and made under a sense of duty to his friends and himself as the president of the United States, upon the belief that when the shock was over there would be a better understanding.

When I compare my knowledge with the charges current against Mr. Blaine about those transactions, and so often repeated that refutation becomes tedious, I am free to believe that he has been falsely accused in other matters, and I know enough of those who are making a business of hostility to him to be sure that if the line were drawn on them that they apply they could be made unhappy.

I think our strongest candidate and safest president would be John Sherman, and I gladly give President Arthur credit for his admirable administration, but I do not believe that the millions of republicans who kindle with enthusiasm at the name of Blaine have gone far wrong. M. HALSTEAD.

CINCINNATI, May 10, 1884.

A Slight Misapprehension.

Burlington Free Press.

Last Sunday one of the pastors of the little village of Pownal was walking to church when he saw a man, with his coat off, digging in his garden. The good man beheld with grief and astonishment and coming up to the fence began to recite, in a solemn voice: "Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy. Six days thou shalt labor and do all thy work—"

"See here," said the man in the garden, looking up, "be you talkin' to me?"

"Yes, my poor man, I am."

"Wal, you needn't worry about me then. I ain't a-goin' to do any work—I'm only diggin' wo'ums to go a-fishin' with."

Two Fast Ships to Outsail the Oregon.

London Letter to the Boston Journal.

Messrs. John Elder & Co. are building two large Cunarders for Mr. John Burns which are expected to beat any vessel afloat. They are to have engines far larger than any hitherto built, one single crank weighing no less than twenty-seven tons. The boiler will have seventy-two furnaces and the speed is expected to eclipse even that of the Oregon, which vessel did the distance from Queenstown to Liverpool in eleven hours on her last trip homeward.

Consumption, coughs and colds cured by Dr. King's New Discovery. Trial bottles free.

MEETING NOTICES.

Members of Star Base Ball Club will hold a meeting at Justice Greene's office this evening at 7:30 o'clock. JOS. BUCHTEL.

Portland Light Battery, Attention!—You are requested to assemble at your armory this (Tuesday) evening at 7:30 sharp. By order T. ADAMS, Captain. JOSEPH DEFTRICH, First Sergt.

☞ *Advertisements such as "Wants," "Help Wanted," "To Let," "For Sale," etc., will be inserted for ten cents per line first insertion, five cents per line thereafter. No insertion for less than 20 cents, and cash must be paid at the counter.*

Deaths, Marriages and Births fifty cents each. Resolutions of Condolence ten cents per line. All transient advertising payable in advance.

BORN.

At Fort Walla Walla, Saturday the 7th of May, to the wife of Capt. F. K. Upham, First Cavalry, a daughter.

MARRIED.

At the residence of John Ireland, Esq., Enniskillen, Ireland, by special license, by Rev. Cuthbert Mitchell, Mr. David Potter, of Enniskillen to Miss Jennie Macnamara, of this city.

DIED.

In East Portland, May 19, of inflammatory rheumatism, Lina, daughter of David and Rebecca Morris, aged 4 years and three months.

Funeral Wednesday May 21, at 10 A. M., at residence, corner Seventh and B. McMillan's addition.

On the Klamath river, in Siskiyou county, Cal., May 11, Mrs. L. J. Owen, late of Umatilla county, Or., but formerly of Mendocino county, Cal., aged 66 years, 5 months and 29 days.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS for June, at Wass' Hole Store, 28 Yamhill street. 18a

G. SHINDLER & CO., FURNITURE, Carpets, Wall Paper, 166 First street.

NEW TO-DAY.

PAPER SEWING MACHINES.—BUY ONE from LOVERIDGE, agent, No. 9 N. Second st.

FOR SALE—STOCK SHARES OREGON MILLING CO. stock (dividend paying). Address "Milling Shares," this office. 20m6

WANTED—BY A SCANDINAVIAN WOMAN, A situation to do general housework. Inquire at 220 Thirteenth street. 20m1

WANTED—SITUATION AS TEAMSTER BY A good and careful teamster. Inquire at International Hotel, room No. 6. 20m1

WANTED—AT THE WHITE HOUSE, MAN and wife; woman to cook and man for general work. Apply in person. 20m6

TWO GIRLS WISH SITUATIONS—ONE TO DO general housework, and the other as nurse. Address "D. N." care this office. 20m1

WANTED—DINING-ROOM GIRL; ONE THAT understands waiting on table; good wages paid. Apply at 107 North Fifth. 20m2

FOR SALE—A CORNER LOT ON WATER ST.; IS a first-class speculation for any one. J. FRED CLARK & CO., 28 Washington street. 20m3

WANTED—THREE FIRST-CLASS WAITERS. None other need apply. EPPINGER'S RESTAURANT, cor. First and A streets. 20m1

NOW READY FOR RENT—FINE NEW RESIDENCE of 9 rooms, with basement, on Eighth and E streets. ATKINSON & WAKEFIELD. 20m3

5 AND 10-ACRE TRACTS OF LAND NEAR THE city; sold on time to suit purchasers. See HARRISON B. OATMAN, No. 7 Stark street. 20mtf

LOST—A WALKING STICK WITH A LARGE silver knob carved to represent a man's face. The finder will be rewarded. Apply Cornelius' drug store, corner Stark and First streets. 20m2

FOR SALE—80 ACRES OF GOOD LAND NEAR East Portland; price $50 per acre. J. FRED CLARK & CO., 28 Washington street, Portland, and 330 Montgomery street, San Francisco. 20m3

WOOD FOR SALE—I WILL SELL 300 CORDS dry fir wood on the bank of Sandy river on terms and in lots to suit; and also a scow. Inquire of me or Kiffin & Moreland. C. C. HARLOW. 20m1m

WANTED—WITHIN 3 MILES OF PORTLAND, a few acres, improved or not, with cottage on; will pay cash. Address, stating all particulars and lowest price, MODERATE, box 6 6 P. O., Portland, Or.

FOR SALE—SASH AND DOOR FACTORY AND Planing Mill; doing a good business; all the machinery, engines, good will, etc., at a bargain. Rea... for particulars. J. R. WITHERELL & CO., 164 First street. 20m3

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED BY RESPONSIBLE party; no children; 4 to 6 months, from June 1st; special good care of property guaranteed, and first class references given. Call or address HOME MUTUAL INS. CO., corner of Stark and First. 20m2

HOUSE FOR RENT—CENTRALLY LOCATED; all or part of furniture for sale; two rooms occupied which pay half of rent. Address "J. S.," care this office. 19m

DRINK PFUNDER'S GRATEFUL vichy and fruit soda water. 19tf

THE LBA. A KEROSENE LAMP, GIVES more light than three ordinary lamps. 18t1

McCOY, JOB PRINTER, Cheapest and Best. 100 First, Portland

FOR RENT—TWO CHOICE ROOMS IN STROWBRIDGE building. White & Riggen, 29 Stark street. 18m3t

NOTICE—FRESH IMPORTED SWISS CREAM, French and Limburger Cheese received every steamer, German Pickles, Sauer Kraut and Kinge [illegible] Herrings; also of nice groceries. No. 44 Morrison st., Mrs. M. BAUM. 18tf

EXPERT ACCOUNTANT — BOOKS WRITTEN up. W. E. WOOD, room 11 Ainsworth block.

FINE SECOND HAND STOCK, CHICKERING and other pianos for sale cheap, to make room for spring stock. GARDNER BROS., 105 First st.

ATTENTION CALLED TO SPRING STOCK OF pianos and organs, both fine and medium; sold for cash or installments. GARDNER BROS., 105 First st.

PORTLAND DENTAL ASSOCIATION LADIES' building, N. E. corner Second and Washington streets, rooms 28, 29 and 30. Send for price list. A. D. JENNY, Manager.

FOR RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED FLATS complete for housekeeping; also furnished and unfurnished rooms. At 272 First and Montgomery sts.

THE CITY DRY GOODS STORE IS THE ONLY store in Portland having an entire new stock of dry and fancy goods, millinery, etc., and sell below all competing prices. 147 Third street.

FOR SALE—GENTLE HORSE; WORKS SINGLE or double; also large show-case suitable for millinery store. Apply ROBBINS' Music Store, 121 First

FOR SALE—A GREAT BARGAIN FOR A blacksmith. The blacksmith shop at corner Sixteenth and S streets offered at a sacrifice. The shop contains three fires, with tools complete for light and heavy work. Also a stock of iron and horse shoes, and nails, etc. For particulars inquire of G. T. REID, New Caledonia Saloon, N. Front and N streets.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS GENERAL TAILOR; steady work; good pay. Apply at 48 Second, cor.

Portland Box Factory.

N. W. BATES, SUCCESSOR TO JOHN HARLOW & Co. All orders promptly filled. Factory, Weidler's Saw Mill. Office, 5 Washington st.

For your ice cream, water ice and confectionery, go to Sam L. Henry, 81 Yamhill st.

NEW TO-DAY.

SITUATION WANTED AS A COOK (GERMAN). Apply at 20 Madison street. 20m3

A LADY WISHES SEWING TO DO IN FAMILIES by the day. Apply room 13 Multnomah block.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED TAILORESS. Apply at P. O. GAUDON'S, 5 Morrison st. 20m2

FOR RENT—A PLACE FOR BUSINESS ON THE corner of Second and Sheridan streets. Apply at 95 Sheridan st. 20m4

STRAYED TO MY PREMISES—A SOW. THE owner can have same by paying charges. FRANK MOORE, car shops. 20m3

WANTED—A GOOD GENERAL TAILOR; ALSO girl to work on pants. Apply to ANDERSON & MAIRS, 15 Alder street. 20m1

TO LET—ONE LARGE FRONT ROOM ELEGANTLY furnished; suitable for two gentlemen. Apply at 85 Fourth street. 20m6

WANTED—TWO OR THREE UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping; references exchanged. Address box 338 P. O., city. 20m3

FOR RENT — NEW UNFURNISHED ROOMS, suitable for housekeeping, can be obtained by applying at 186 N. Ninth, between I and J. 20m4

HOUSE FOR RENT—CENTRALLY LOCATED; all or part of furniture for sale; two rooms occupied which pay half of rent; 151 Oak, cor. East Park.

WANTED—AGENTS FOR THE NEW MATCHLESS Map, the most complete and best selling maps made. Address JOHN DIXON, 252 Market st., San Francisco. 20m1m

MONEY TO LOAN ON PORTLAND REAL ESTATE in sums from $500 to $5000. McDOUGALL & BOWER, attorneys, Reid's block, N. W. corner First and Pine streets. 10m3

20 GIRLS WANTED; GOOD PLACES FOR cooks, chambermaids; housework in city and country; wages $15 to $30. MRS. PLATO, Dekum block, corner First and Washington. 20m6

FURNISHED ROOMS—EN SUITE OR SINGLE, or for housekeeping; reasonable rent; fire-proof building; hot and cold water bath, etc.; No. 21 Columbia street, opposite St. George Hotel. 20m1m

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS LADY TEACHER for a four-months' (district) school; good references required; $50 per month and board at one place. W. JENKINS, Kalama, W. T. 20m1

STRAYED OR STOLEN—A LARGE SORREL horse; also a 3-year-old colt. The colt had a strap round him, fastened by a rope to his head. A suitable reward will be paid for information that will lead to their recovery. W. H. CREIGHTON, 1½ Washington street. 20m1

LOST, TWO DOGS—ONE A RED IRISH SETTER bitch, with four white toes, 7 months old; the other a black Gordon setter, with leather collar, brass tacked, with name "E. Voss," on plate. Suitable reward paid on return to HUDSON'S gun store, or 290 Jefferson street. 20m3

EXCURSION TO LATOURELLE FALLS,

—GIVEN BY—

Martha Washington Circle, No. 1, Daughters of Liberty,

ON SUNDAY, MAY 25.

Boat leaves foot of Salmon st. at 9 A. M. Tickets, round trip $1. Refreshments will be served on board at reasonable rates. 19m3t

AUCTION SALES.

We are now prepared to undertake Auction Sales of furniture at private residences, hotels, etc., and closing out sales of every description. Having had years of experience, we can guarantee satisfaction to our patrons. Auction sales of real estate will be held at our office, 1½ Washington st. CREIGHTON & CO., Estate Agents and Auctioneers. 20m6tf

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS.

HON. JAMES F. WATSON

Will address the people on the political issues of the day at the following times and places:

Gervais .... Monday, May 26, at 1 P. M.

Harrisburg .... Wednesday, May 28, at 7:30 P. M.

Local committees are requested to make suitable arrangements for the speaking. By order of the Republican State Central Committee.

GEO. W. McBRIDE, Secretary. JOSEPH SIMON, Chairman. 20m10

DECORATION DAY EXCURSION

—TO—

VANCOUVER AND RETURN.

The elegant steamer "LURLINE" will leave

ALDER STREET DOCK, PORTLAND,

At 9 A. M. Friday, May 30,

And arrive at Vancouver in time to witness the most imposing Memorial Services ever held in the Northwest. Excursionists desiring speed and comfort will take the "Lurline."

Only a limited number of tickets will be sold, at F. H. PAGE'S, corner Washington and Front streets, and on the dock. 20m2t3t

GRAND

Athletic and Gymnastic Exhibition

MECHANICS' PAVILION,

Thursday Eve'g, May 29, '84.

—GIVEN BY THE—

Olympic Club and Portland Athletic Club.

Dancing after the Exhibition.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:

Olympic Club.	Portland Athletic Club.
H. EPTING,	J. S. DUNBAR,
T. N. DUNBAR,	J. MANICK,
FRED. H. MARTIN.	A. M. DONALDSON.

Tickets can be obtained from members. 1m

O. R. & N. CO.

—THE—

STEAMER "IDAHO"

WILL LEAVE NEW TACOMA,

Carrying Freight and Passengers

FOR NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Tuesday Evening, May 20, 1884.

☞ Passengers, to make connection, should leave Ash st. wharf at 2 P. M. Tuesday.

A. L. STOKES, G. F. & P. A.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Valuable Residence Property

—IN—

EAST PORTLAND.

We are instructed to sell at our real estate salesroom, on Washington st., next door to Front, on

Wednesday, May 21, at 10 A. M.,

That fine ½ block and handsome new residence corner of Fourteenth and D sts., East Portland, described on Ferry & White's map as lots 7 and 8 block 275. The improvements are first-class; title perfect. Terms cash. CREIGHTON & CO., Auctioneers.

IMPORTANT

—AND—

PEREMPTORY AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Canned Fruits!

We are instructed to sell at the N. E. corner of Front and Washington sts., on

Friday, May 23, 1884, at 2 o'clock P. M.,

For account of whom it may concern, to pay advances and storage,

1250 CASES

OF A NO. 1 CHOICE FRUITS, VIZ.:

400 Cases, 2 doz. each, Bartlett Pears, 2½ lbs.

100 Cases, 2 doz. each, Bartlett Pears, lbs.

500 Cases, 2 doz. each, Peach Plums, 2½ lbs.

100 Cases, 2 doz. each, Assorted Jams, 2½ lbs.

50 Cases, 6 and 8 tins each, Pie Fruit.

100 Chests Choice Japan Teas.

N. B.—The above goods are in good order and will be sold without any reserve.

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

THE CITIZENS' CLUB

—OF—

SOUTH PORTLAND PRECINCT

WILL MEET AT

MONTGOMERY HALL.

—ON—

Tuesday Evening, at 8 O'clock,

Prominent speakers will be in attendance. A full meeting is desired.

M. J. GLEASON, Secretary. H. E. NICHOLAS, President.

THE SPECIAL AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Furniture, Fixtures, Etc.,

—OF THE—

GILMAN HOUSE,

(Formerly the Holton House.)

Commencing Tuesday, May 20,

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

To be sold without reserve, comprises in part as follows: 100 Bedroom Sets, complete; 100 1 in 1 Spring Mattresses; 100 pair Feather Pillows; 300 pair fine Blankets; 100 Counterpanes; 100 Toilet Sets.

Parlor Furniture.

Body Brussels and Tapestry Carpets of 75 rooms; Border Hall Carpets; Hemp Hall Carpets; Rugs and Carpet Mats; Lace Curtains, Shades, Cornices; Pictures, Mirrors and Ornaments; Chandeliers, Parlor Stoves, etc.

All the above goods have been but little used and were made to order. OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer. 17md

F. H. PAGE,

Commission Merchant,

Fruit, Feed, Produce & Provisions.

STORAGE.

180 Front St., cor. Washington, Portland. Warehouse, Central Dock.

[illegible] Truly Named The King of Tonics. Dr. Henley's DANDELION TONIC

WANTS.

WANTED—BY A LADY AND TWO CHILDREN, a nice furnished room with use of kitchen in respectable family, and pay for use of same in housekeeping, without board. Best of reference given. Address or call for D. W. 233 Seventh, cor. Clay.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN DRY GOODS, gents furnishings or general store in town or city, by an experienced hand. Address W. F. G., 2 S Fourth st., cor. Salmon & Fourth, Portland.

WANTED—SITUATION AS BOOKKEEPER; 5 years experience; best references; correspondence in English and German. Address H. S., care Oregonian office.

RELIABLE WOMAN WANTS TO TAKE CARE of baby. Address MRS. PLATO, Dekum block.

PLENTY OF GOOD GIRLS FOR HOUSEWORK. MRS. PLATO, Dekum block.

CHINESE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY AND JAPANESE Bazaar, ANDREW KAN, 64 Washington st.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—EVERY LADY TO CALL AT LITT'S; will explain how dress goods can be tested if all wool; Third and Alder. 20m1m

WANTED—A GOOD FIRST-CLASS FEMALE finisher for custom tailor. Apply at 41 Second, corner Pine.

WANTED—A SWEDE OR SCANDINAVIAN girl, for second work, thoroughly competent; none other need apply; at 171 Eleventh street, corner Yamhill.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED MINING ENGINEER. Address P. O. Box 567, Seattle, W. T. 11m10

GIRLS WANTING GOOD PLACES, CALL AT once at MRS. PLATO'S, Dekum's Block.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—ACTIVE, WIDEAWAKE, SMART men and women to canvass for rapid selling books. Call at 145 Front st.

AGENT WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SOLICITING agent wanted. For particulars apply to the Singer Manufacturing Co., 92 Morrison st.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY — WIDE AWAKE men and women to canvass for our rapid-selling choice new books. Cut this out and address at once A. L. BANCROFT & CO., San Francisco, Cal. 29dtf

A FEW GOOD AGENTS TO SELL MAGNETIC Electric Galvanic Shields. Cures disease when all else fails. Sample by mail $5. We keep all of the leading Electric Belts known. They are the most valuable known for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, ague and all diseases of the stomach, kidneys, liver, lungs, nervous debility. Ladies make very successful agents. Terms sent on application. Write or come and see us. ELECTRIC BELT CO., 153½ Third st., Portland, Or.—P. O. Box 283.

AMERICAN HOME AND FARM CYCLOPEDIA. Most useful and best selling book extant. Agents wanted at once. Address L. K. GILL & CO., Portland.

PORTLAND SODA WORKS.

SODA WATER

148 FRONT STREET.

Established 1866. Capacity 1500 dozen per day.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MARKET THEATER.

TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 20.

LAST NIGHT OF

MISS PHOSA McALLISTER

And Her Talented Company,

Who will present Buckstone's celebrated romantic drama in three acts, entitled

CYNTHIA,

THE GIPSY QUEEN.

CYNTHIA .... PHOSA McALLISTER.

PRICES AS USUAL.

Seats may be secured at Cornelius' Drug Store.

NEW MARKET THEATER.

Return by special request of the public.

3 NIGHTS and SATURDAY MATINEE 3

COMMENCING THURSDAY, MAY 22.

Last appearance prior to their departure for Europe of the great

J. H. HAVERLY COMEDY COMPANY

IN THE PHENOMENAL SUCCESS,

OUR STRATEGISTS.

Again we come to make you happy.

Reserved seats at Cornelius' drugstore.

TIVOLI THEATER.

Cor. Madison and First sts.

WALTER KEYES .... Proprietor

Second Week! Great Success!

OLIVETTE!

Matinee Saturday, May 17—2 P. M.

ADMISSION 25c; Reserved Seats 50c.

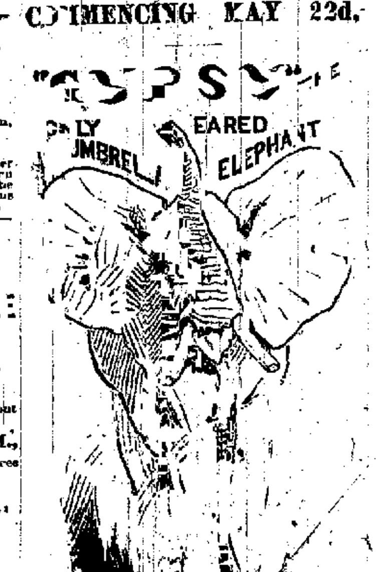
W. H. HARRIS'

New, absolutely world-famous

[illegible]

WILL EXHIBIT AT PORTLAND

COMMENCING MAY 22d.



MENAGERIE

—OF—

TRAINED WILD ANIMALS

AND CONGRESS OF CELEBRATED

EQUESTRIAN STARS.

A show of wonderful features and the greatest ever projected or conceived; the top of the ladder of fame, overshadowing all rivalry in equestrians and gymnasts, the only

[illegible]

With the largest ears of huge brutes. The largest and most

SAVAGE DEN OF LIONS

In captivity, entered and performed daily. The handsomest

ROYAL BENGAL TIGERS.

THE ONLY

"GRAVE ROBBER."

The smallest ponies, the largest horses, the only Male and Female Samson on this continent, pulling against horses and elephants.

M'LLE DORA!

Wonderful Tattooed Fejee Island Cannibal, only one ever seen in America. The best [illegible]

TRICK AND RING HORSES,

—AND THE—

[illegible]

Ever witnessed. Read the bills and advertisements, not one-tenth can be told in this limited space.

TWO PERFORMANCES DAILY.

Afternoon at 2, evening at 8, doors open one hour earlier.

Admission, Popular Prices. 18d4

TO LET—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING rooms; all conveniences; also two unfurnished bay window rooms; cor. First and Montgomery sts.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM IN PRIVATE family, at No. 12 Sixth street, near A; references exchanged. 18m6

TO LET—AN ALCOVE FRONT ROOM, WITH bath; nicely furnished. At Seventh, cor. Oak. 18m

EN SUITE OR SINGLE, FRONT ROOMS, AND some nicely furnished rooms with all conveniences for housekeeping; bath, hot and cold water. 219 First st.

TO LET—A. O. U. W. HALL, COR. FIRST AND Taylor sts. Monday and Wednesday nights. Inquire at shoe store, 220 First st. 7m

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED FRONT chamber and alcove; suitable for two persons; with use of bath; no other roomers. No. 45 N. W. Park and D sts. 5mtf

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT PARLOR; references required. 161 Taylor, cor. F. Park. 2mtf

4 PER CENT. REDUCTION ON RENT—DESIRABLE rooms, furnished, single or en suite; new building; everything clean. 247 Third, below B.

FOR RENT—OFFICE ROOM ON WASHINGTON street, bet. First and Second. J. FRED CLARK & CO., 28 Washington st.

TO RENT — UNFURNISHED ROOMS, SINGLE or en suite; prices $5 and $14, respectively, and upward; corner suite of 3 rooms $20. Inquire third floor No. 72 Morrison, near Fourth. 24m1m

BALDWIN LODGING HOUSE—ROOMS FOR rent by the day, week or month; at 123½ Second street, bet. Salmon and Main. 15mtf

PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT; gas, bath, etc., convenient to street cars. Inquire at 214 Morrison, cor. Park.

TO LET—HOUSES AND STORES.

FOR RENT—NEW HOUSE, FIFTEENTH ST., between E and F. For terms apply at Vienna Coffee House, 45 Washington street. 20mtf

FOR RENT—WELL FURNISHED HOUSE OF 10 rooms, closets and bath room, at No. 231 Sixth st., near Madison; but responsible parties need apply. Call between the hours of 11 and 2. 18m2

HOUSE FOR RENT—ALL OR PART OF FURNITURE for sale; 8 rooms; all modern conveniences. 247 Stark street. 16m3

FOR RENT—HOUSE OF 10 ROOMS ON MAIN, bet. Ninth and Tenth. Apply at 228 Ninth st. 18m6

FOR RENT—TWO COTTAGES; NEARLY NEW; good cellars, good water; Second street, foot of Holladay avenue. Inquire of J. H. McMILLEN.

FOR RENT—A HOUSE OF 7 ROOMS, ON Thirteenth st. Inquire of T. J. O'BRIEN, 84 First st.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM COTTAGE IN SOUTHERN part of the city. P. W. GILLETTE, 27 Stark st.

TO LET—HOUSE OF 8 ROOMS; GOOD PLACE TO rent rooms; two roomers now paying half the rent; 318 Front street, corner Grant. 24a

STORE TO LET—ON THIRD, NEXT TO THE corner of Salmon. Inquire of S. M. YORKE, 85 East Park or 46 First st. 2mtf

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—A MAN IN PORTLAND TO TAKE an office and represent a manufacturer in securing agents and selling the trade a new line of goods; $50 to $50 per week can be made. Small capital required. Address BUSINESS CHANCE, 24 Washington street, Boston, Mass. 19m3

WE HAVE FOR SALE SALOONS, GROCERY stores, restaurants, cigar and fruit stores, farms and houses and lots. J. F. DAVIS & CO., 124 Fourth st.

$400.—HALF INTEREST FOR SALE IN a business; will pay larger than anything in this city; call immediately and investigate for yourself. WELCH & CO., Stark street. 16mtf

$2500.—FOR SALE—THE BEST RETAIL grocery business in the city; cash receipts exceed $100 per day; present owner retiring with a fortune. WELCH & CO., Stark street. 16mtf

$1000—PARTNER WANTED IN A WELL known, gentlemanly business, to take place of a retiring partner; average profits about $300 per month. WELCH & CO., Stark st. 12mtf

FOR SALE—A LEASE OF A THREE STORY bay window front family hotel on First street, elegantly furnished, doing a fine business, now paying over $200 per month. Money not all needed. Address "T. T." care Oregonian.

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE IN EASTERN Washington. For particulars inquire of Hodge, Davis & Co. 9m

$2000—BEST SALOON IN THIS CITY; takes from $40 to $50 per day; call and investigate. WELCH & CO., Stark st. 8mtf

ROOMS AND BOARD.

MRS. S. BROWN, NO. 502 POWELL ST., COR. Stockton. Strangers visiting San Francisco will find a pleasant home, with good home table; prices moderate. 10m12

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD to let at 81 Fourth street, corner of Oak.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FINE GERMAN PIANO, ONLY $5 per month; also a beautiful Taber Organ. Apply at Gardner Bros., 105 First street. 18m2

BUSINESS SPECIALS.

REMOVAL.—FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE the office and warehouse of the Tacoma Lime Co. will be located at foot of Montgomery st. Patrons will please take notice. Portland, Or., May 20, 1884. 20m12

CHANGE OF MANAGEMENT.—THE DYE works Schade & Co., 200 Third street, has changed hands, Weisgerber & Reinhard having purchased the same. They will continue business at the old stand, and solicit patronage from old and new customers.

REMOVAL NOTICE.—HOP KEE & CO., FOR some time located at 81 Second street, have now removed to the more commodious premises, No. 81 Second street, corner of Oak, opposite City Jail, where they will have much better facilities to accommodate their large and increasing business in the manufacture of clothing and underwear. Call and see us and see what we can do. 20m1m

MRS. M. WHARTON'S LADIES' HAIR STORE, 84 Morrison. Novelties. Cheapest in the city.

PACIFIC DYE WORKS, 80 CLAY ST., BET. First and Second. Scouring and dyeing; silks and fancy dyeing a specialty; all work promptly attended to and guaranteed; piece goods dyed to sample. J. A. ALLISON & A. M. DONALDSON, Prop'rs. 8mtm

STRAW WORKS—MRS. HILL'S STRAW WORKS have been removed from Third street to the N. W. corner of Sixth and Alder. Ladies' old straw hats made new. 2atm

J. T. FISK, ASSAY OFFICE AND CHEMICAL Laboratory, 7 Stark st., room 6 up stairs, Portland.

RUYMELIN & GUTMANN, MANUFACTURERS and dealers in fancy furs and robes, 82 First st., Portland, Or. Orders promptly filled. Highest cash price paid for raw furs. 12m

DENTISTS.

PREHN BROS., DENTISTS—ROOM 54, UNION block. Hurd's Vitalized Air administered; teeth $10 set; best $15; work warranted; filling at eastern prices.

C. L. NEWCASTLE, D. D. S., 167 FIRST STREET; eastern prices; gas administered. 15m

J. TORRENCE TATE, D. D. S., COR. SECOND and Washington streets, Lobbe building. Vital... [illegible] given.

TO LOAN.

$500 TO LOAN ON CITY PROPERTY. ADdress "B. D.," care this office. 17m28t

MONEY TO LOAN IN SMALL SUMS FOR short periods. WELCH & CO., Stark st. 8mtf

MILLINERY AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

Full line of trimmed Hats, Bonnets, etc. Large assortment of trimmed Children's Hats, at

25 C. 25 C. 25 C.

Adcock

All the latest novelties of the season. Also a complete and beautiful line of Eastern and French Flowers.

Large Cartwheel Hats, and other styles, in endless varieties.

Cor. First and Main streets, PORTLAND, OREGON.

JUST RECEIVING

The First Arrivals of

FINE MILLINERY!

—ALSO—

[illegible]

FOR SPRING.

MISS A. S. JORGENSEN,

103 First Street,

Next to Ladd & Tilton's Bank, Portland.

[illegible]

Suits, Cloaks, Dolmans, etc.

DRESSMAKING TO ORDER

A SPECIALTY.

Cutting, Fitting, Shirring and Stamping Done.

MME. M. STEPHAN, Manager,

134 First st., Portland, Or. 5mtnt

FOR SALE.

HOTEL, CENTRALLY LOCATED, CONTAINING 50 furnished rooms, for sale at a bargain. Address "A. A." care this office. 15m1m

BICYCLE FOR SALE CHEAP—LATEST IMprovements and extras. C. W. TOWNSEND, 5 First street. 18t3t

FOR SALE—GARDEN LANDS IN TRACTS TO suit; deep, rich soil; never-failing spring water; near Portland; $50 per acre, payments easy. Houses to rent, $10 and $11. A. G. JENKINS, Real Estate Agent, 90 North First street, near Clarendon Hotel.

FOR SALE CHEAP—WELL STOCKED GROCERY and fixtures. Inquire cor. N. Ninth and B sts.

A GOOD SECOND-HAND BUGGY FOR SALE cheap. Inquire at Pacific Stable, corner Salmon and Front. 12m6

FOR SALE—150 SHARES SALEM FLOURING Mills stock at a low figure; will be sold in parcels, if desired. Address SALEM, care this office. 17m6

FOR SALE OR RENT—THE FLOURING MILL and ditch known as the Breasley Flouring Mill and Lewiston Water Ditch are now offered for sale or rent. Parties wishing to rent or buy will call on me at my residence, Main street, Lewiston, Idaho territory. Terms reasonable. LUCINDA BREASLEY, Lewiston, Idaho, May 15, 1884. 10m

COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE ON THE BEST paying patent in the state for the money. Inquire for Ingalls' Patent Axle Cutter, International.

BUGGIES! BUGGIES! BUGGIES! ETC.—THE subscriber having sold out his business, etc., to Thernander & Benedict, would state that he has now on hand and for sale single, open and top piano-box buggies, open and top two-seat buggies; also one open phaeton and two express wagons, all of his own manufacture and first-class work, which he is determined to close out cheap for cash. Call and see for yourselves, at the old stand, southwest corner of Second and Salmon streets. S. G. BUNTING. 15m6

FOR SALE—1 SCOW, 38 ft. LONG, 18 ft. BEAM, 3½ ft. 6 inches deep; house on deck. For particulars inquire 94 N. Front st. BROWN & McCABE. 16m1m

PADDY MARTIN STILL IN THE FRONT, AND Pat Welch on deck with him, at No. 53 N. First st., next Oregon House, where the best of "fluids" will be dispensed, and the largest glass of San Francisco beer in Couch precinct. Come one and all and try the quality of our stock. MARTIN & WELCH, Props.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—AN EXTENSIVE STOCK RANCH, east of the mountains, with or without stock. For particulars address "R. E.," care Oregonian. 16m5

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE FINEST STOCK ranches in the world; 3000 acres in Baker county, Or., the property of G. C. Phinney, and what is known as the Baker county "Horse Ranch" on Powder river. The hottest and driest season does not affect it, and when all the hills for miles around are parched and dry, this land, like an oasis, is clothed with eternal green. The extension of the Oregon Short Line within 60 days, running within a few miles of this fine stock ranch, will be completed. To stock raisers and ranchmen such a chance as this is only presented once in a lifetime; don't miss it. A perfect title and warrantee deed given. Bids for the purchase of this ranch will be received up to and including June 15, 1884. Bids must state the price per acre. Each bid, accompanied by $1000 deposit, shall be placed in the First National Bank, Portland, and in case the bid shall be accepted, it shall be retained as part of the purchase price, the balance to be paid on delivery of the deed and abstract. All rejected bids and deposits shall be returned. A copy of each bid shall be forwarded to G. C. Phinney & Co., Seattle, W. T., who reserve the right to reject any and all bids. For a description of the land or further particulars, apply to J. W. COCHRAN, Portland, Or., or to G. C. PHINNEY & CO., Seattle, W. T.

FOR SALE—SHEEP RANCH AND 3000 TO 7000 head of sheep; will rent ranch. Inquire of E. A. HUDSON, The Dalles, H. GIBSON, Dufur P. O., or... F. WELLS, Portland, Or. 25mtf

FOR SALE—THE MOST HANDSOME FOUR lots on Nineteenth st. J. FRED CLARK & CO., 28 Washington st., Portland; 330 Montgomery st., San Francisco.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—A FARM CONtaining 320 acres; 200 acres under cultivation; 80 acres in fall wheat; 100 acres in spring wheat; two orchards and good house and barns; all under fence. Apply to S. SIMON, room 1, 127½ First st.

FINE FARM FOR SALE—120 ACRES; 12 MILES west from Portland; all fenced; 220 acres cleared; 150 acres in cultivation, and in growing crops; 8 acres in orchard; one mile from railroad station; all kinds of farming tools; good house, good barn, carriage, wagons, cows, horses, sheep, hogs, chickens, turkeys, geese and ducks; house furnished complete; everything in complete running order. This farm is one of the best in the state, and will be sold. Come and go with me to see it, and I will price it to you, and make the payments easy. HARRISON B. OATMAN, No. 7 Stark st., Portland, Or. 2mtf

FOR SALE, REAL ESTATE—THE BEST FARM in Rogue river valley; 180 acres; joins railroad station; good for small colony; further information given by G. A. HUBBELL, Real Estate Agent, Jacksonville, Oregon. 25alm

LAND FOR SALE—VALUABLE FARM LANDS for sale in quantities and on terms to suit. Apply to A. C. SOUTHMAYD, Real Estate Agent, Sheridan, Yamhill county, Or. 21alm

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—300 ACRES OF good improved land for sale near Amity, Oregon. The land is all nicely located, handy to school, churches, river and railroad navigation. Land will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, by paying one-third cash down, balance on long time as desired at 8 per cent. interest per annum. Address JO. WATT or F. MESSENGER, Amity, Oregon. 1a5m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO THE VOTERS OF COUCH PRECINCT.

THE OFFICE OF JUSTICE OF THE PEACE IS and ought to be a non-partisan office. Therefore, at the earnest solicitation of many legal voters of the above named precinct, I hereby announce myself as an Independent Candidate for Justice of the Peace for Couch Precinct at the approaching election. A. BUSHWEILER. 9m1td

SCHOOL TAX NOTICE—SCHOOL TAXES IN District No. 31, in Holladay's addition, Albina, and their surroundings, are past due, and will become delinquent on the 30th inst. A. J. DUFUR, District Clerk. East Portland, May 13, 1884.

TO CONTRACTORS—BEFORE MAKING YOUR bids on any building consult me as to the price of lumber from the Colony Mills at LaCamas. I claim that this is the most advantageous place for manufacture in Oregon or Washington, and am prepared to prove it by figures. Cyrus talks. D. H. STEARNS, Agent LaCamas Colony, LaCamas W. T. 18m3

ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.—The annual meeting of stockholders of Oregon Railway and Navigation Company will be held at the office of the Company, in the city of Portland, Oregon, on Monday, June 16th, 1884, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing Directors of said Company, to serve for the ensuing year, and transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

THEODORE WYGANT, Sec'y.

Portland, May 15th, 1884. 15m.td

THE KINDERGARTEN SYSTEM—A TRAINing school for the instruction of ladies desiring to study the Kindergarten system will be opened May 26. For particulars call on or address MRS. C. DUNLAP, Principal of the Froebel Kindergarten, 246 Washington st., Portland. 12mtf

NOTICE TO WOODCHOPPERS—YOU WILL save time and money by buying tools from me, as I sell them the same as the famous Drug sledges and wedges, but warrant not only one month but six months. I will send you, on receipt of price, 8, 9, 10 sledges at 60c per lb, and 5, 6 wedges at 60c per lb to any address in Oregon or Washington Territory. Address WM. WOLLENWEBER, blacksmith and machinist, Vancouver, W. T. 25mtm

NOTICE OF ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETing.—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Northern Pacific Terminal Company of Oregon will be held at the office of the company, at the city of Portland, in the county of Multnomah, in the state of Oregon, on Monday, the 16th day of June, 1884, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, for the purpose of electing Directors of said company, to serve for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as may come before the meeting. JOSEPH SIMON, Sec.

Portland, Or., May 19, 1884. 19mtd

NOTICE OF ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETing.—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Oregon Improvement Company will be held at the office of the company, at the city of Portland, in the county of Multnomah, in the state of Oregon, on Monday, the 16th day of June, 1884, at 11 o'clock A. M. of said day, for the purpose of electing Directors of said company, to serve for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as may come before the meeting.

JOSEPH SIMON, Assistant Secretary.

Portland, Or., May 19, 1884. 19mtd

NOTICE OF ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETing.—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders of the Oregon and Transcontinental Company will be held at the office of the company, at the city of Portland, in the county of Multnomah, in the state of Oregon, on Monday the 16th day of June, 1884, at 12 o'clock M. of said day, for the purpose of electing Directors of said company, to serve for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as may come before the meeting.

JOSEPH SIMON, Secretary.

Portland, Or., May 19, 1884. 19mtd

NOTICE—WE HAVE THIS DAY BEEN APpointed agents for the Kingston & Eagle City Transportation Company, and are authorized to make through rates to Eagle City and Murrayville. Parties desiring to make shipments can obtain greatly reduced rates by applying to us. Special rates given to large shippers.

RATHDRUM FORWARDING & COM. CO.

Mark goods care of R. F. & C. Co. 24a1m

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

A. I. NICKLIN, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office: Rooms 18 and 19 Union Block.

Diseases of women a specialty.

WM. GRAHAM, M. D., L. R. C. P., LONDON, Physician and Surgeon. Graduate of Toronto University, Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York, and Royal College of Physicians, London, Eng. Office and residence cor. 3d and B, over Nepprach's drugstore.

DR. W. J. ROSS, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office N. E. corner Sixth and Stark. Calls attended to at all hours. 24tf

ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS.

W. H. BURRAGE,

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR.

Office, Room 4,

N. W. corner Second and Salmon Sts.

D. D. NEER,

ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT,

Cor. First and Alder Streets.

Room 26, Strowbridge Block, Portland, Oregon.

E. W. & T. H. OGILBE,

CIVIL ENGINEERS AND DRAUGHTSMEN.

Special Attention given to City Work.

Office—Room 2, Ainsworth Block, Third and Oak sts.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

D. P. KENNEDY,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,

Room 5, Dekum's Building.

Infringement suits conducted, also trade-mark and copyright matters, and other legal business pertaining to letters patent for inventions. 3jtf

MEDICAL.

ATTENTION—MME. CHAPEL'S FRENCH FEmale Pills; valuable in irregularities of monthly periods from cold, etc.; price $5; ladies in delicate health and other conditions should use them. Address MRS. DAVIES, 1208 Market st., cor. Ninth. 12md&wlm

PIANOS, ORGANS

AND

BAND INSTRUMENTS

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, FOR THIRTY DAYS.

In order to make room for new and large stock which I will personally select during my trip east. Orders left with me for any goods desired will receive attention if given before July 1. I expect to return by July 1. During my absence Mr. T. H. Parpart is my authorized agent.

H. SINSHEIMER,

81 Yamhill St., bet. First and Second.

Dr. W. P. Smith, Diseases of Women and Children.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

GILMAN & Co.,
AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 43 First st., bet. Pine and Ash.

AUCTION SALES OF REAL ESTATE, Furniture, General Merchandise, Horses, Cattle, etc. REGULAR SALE DAYS—Tuesdays and Fridays at 10 o'clock A. M.

REGULAR AUCTI N SALE
—OF—
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ETC.

We will sell at our salesroom, No. 42 First street, on

TUESDAY, MAY 20, at 10 A. M.
(On account of departure)

Large and Fine Assortment of Household Furniture.

Being the well kept furniture of residence.

Also, CARPETS. Also, MERCHANDISE.

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

SPECIAL AUCTI N SALE
OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

We are instructed to sell by auction at the residence,

No. 241 Sixth (S. W. cor. Main & Sixth),

WEDNESDAY, MAY 21, 1884,
At 10 A. M.

The Entire Furniture of Residence,

COMPRISING

Brussels and Ingrain Carpets,
Ash Bed-room Suits,
Spring and Top Mattresses,
Feather Pillows, Bedding, Toilet Sets
Lounges, Sitting-room furniture,
Curtains, Stoves, Table, Wardrobes,
Dining-room Furniture, Crockery,
Glassware, Lamps, etc.,
Cook Stoves, Kitchen Furniture.
N. B.—These goods are well kept, and the sale affords an excellent opportunity for buyers.

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

IMPORTANT
—AND—
PEREMPTORY AUCTION SALE
—OF CHOICE—
REAL ESTATE

We are instructed to sell by auction at our salesroom,

NO. 43 FIRST STREET,

On Thursday, May 22, 1884,
At 11 o'clock A. M.

Choice Real Estate.

The south half of block No. 194, Couch's addition, being lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 and directly adjoining the Warehouse of Messrs. Kohler & Co., between N. Eighth and N. Ninth streets.

ALSO

Delightfully situated home-stead property, the north half of block 151, Caruthers's addition, and 8—fronting on Hood street.

We call particular attention to the beautiful location of these lots. Will be sold in single lots.

Title perfect. Terms, half cash, balance on time.

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

T. J. O'CONNOR,
Auctioneer & Commission Merchant,
First and Pine.
Monday and Thursday, Furniture & Mdse.
Wednesday, Real Estate Sale
Saturday, Tattersalls Sale

SPECIAL
ASSIGNEE AUCTION SALE
—OF FINE—
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
DIAMONDS, JEWELRY & SILVERWARE

—WE WILL—

Commence on Tuesday, May 20,

At 2 P. M. and continue until all are sold, to offer at auction about $20,000 worth of fine gold and silver watches, diamonds, jewelry and silverware. The goods are

NOW ON EXHIBITION

Corner First and Salmon streets.

In order to induce the attendance of ladies at this grand opening sale we will present to the ladies present five pieces of elegant silverware. This stock is now in the hands of the assignee, who is instructed to clean it out regardless of cost.

T. J. O'CONNOR, Auctioneer.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

SCHMIDT & CRAW, GENERAL SHIPPING AND Commission Merchants, 24 Front street.

BATTIN & GOWEN, GENERAL COMMISSION Merchants and produce dealers, 130 Front st.

ALLEN & LEWIS, COMMISSION AND PRODUCE Merchants, Front and D sts.

MILLER & WEST—(J. C. MILLER, W. H. WEST) commission merchants in general and dealers in produce, 11 Front st., between Washington and Stark.

S. GOLDMAN & CO., COMMISSION & PRODUCE merchants, 123 Front street, Portland, Or.

TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO., SHIP BROKERS, commission merchants, agents for Columbia river Candle Fish, 24 Front street, corner Ash.

ABRAHAM, HIRSTEL & CO., COMMISSION merchants, 2 and 4 N. Front st., Portland.

G. JOHN & BRO., 170 FRONT STREET, FLOUR and country produce a specialty.

GIBSON, CHURCH & CO., SHIPPING AND Commission Merchants, specialties wheat, flour, salmon, grain bags, etc., N. 30, cor Front and Ash sts., Portland, Or.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

ABRAHAM, HIRSHEL & CO., WHOLESALE grocers, 2 and 4 N. Front street, Portland, Or.

ALLEN & LEWIS, WHOLESALE GROCERS, corner N. Front and D sts., Portland, Or.

CORBITT & MACLEAY, WHOLESALE GROCERS and Commission Merchants, Front street, Portland.

McCRAKEN & MASON, WHOLESALE GROCERS and Commission Merchants, Front street, Portland.

WADHAMS & ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE GROCERS, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Nos. 46 and 48 Front street, Portland, Or.

MILL AND FARM MACHINERY.

FRANK BROTHERS' IMPLEMENT COMPANY, importer and dealer in farm and mill machinery, 68 and 70 Front st., Portland, Or.

KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., WHOLESALE FARM machinery and dealers in agricultural implements, farm and spring wagons, buggies, etc., portable and stationary engines; saw mill and grist mill machinery a specialty; rubber and leather belting.

CHAS. H. DODD & CO., SOLE AGENTS FOR Buckeye Mower and Reaper, Canton Clipper Plows, Haines' Header, Schuler Wagons, Front, First.

JOS. WAGNER & CO., FLOURING MILLS exclusively. All kinds of flouring mill machinery, No. 24 N. Front St. See circular.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

A. I. WEILER & CO., MANUFACTURERS and wholesalers of fine cigars, First and Alder streets, Portland. Factory 24 Front.

OWEN FRASER, DEALER IN CIGARS, TObacco, periodicals, stationery, etc.

WILZINSKI BROS. & CO., WHOLESALE dealers in fine cigars, 141 Front street, Branch of Sideman, Lachman & Co., San Francisco.

MACHINISTS.

TRENKMAN & WOLFF, MACHINISTS, F and Third sts.—Housework, doors, windows, shutters, and machinery of all descriptions and moulding tools to order.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

BRADLEY & DOHENY, 101 FRONT STREET, between Washington and Stark streets, Leather and Findings, Shoe Store Supplies, Belting, etc.

WOOL GRADERS AND PACKERS.

OREGON WOOL EXCHANGE, ROPE & PACKING, cor. Sixteenth and Front sts., Portland.

SHOW CASES.

DIXON, BERNSTEIN & CO., MANUFACTURERS, 102 Front st., Portland.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

L. SILBERSTEIN & CO., WHOLESALE DEALers, 143 Front street.

Established 1851.

Hodge, Davis & Co.
Importing
Wholesale Druggists
Agents for Leading Proprietary Medicines, Fluid extracts, Pills, Elixirs, Etc.
Nos. 92 and 94 Front St.
Cor. Stark,
Portland, Oregon.

If you want to buy, sell, rent or lease a business house, or buy or sell a house, or call and see

J. E. DAVIS & CO.,
Real Estate and General Business Agents,
125 FOURTH STREET.

Without hope, life is a burden. Keep up hope by drinking Celery, Beef and Iron.

DAILY OREGONIAN, MAY 20, 1884.

TESTIMONIAL FROM EMPLOYES.—Messrs. E. W. Allen, N. B. Niles, J. P. Carson, C. W. Hodson, B. J. Espencing, Thos. Quigley, Val. Quigley, J. H. Zave, Henry J. Boullet, W. W. Willits, W. D. Carter, U. E. Locks, Florence McEwan and C. O. Morgan, employes in the printing office of George H. Himes, yesterday presented their employer with a handsome edition of "The Campaigns of the Civil War" in thirteen volumes, bound in tree calf, the occasion of this testimonial being the fortieth birthday of Mr. Himes. A unique inscription upon the package of books, as it lay upon Mr. Himes' desk when he came to the office in the morning, first attracted his attention. The inscription was: "Our opinion of a printer who lives to be forty years old."

SERIOUS FALL OF AN OLD LADY.—Late Sunday evening Mrs. H. M. Southworth, residing at No. 402 Fourth street, fell down the cellar stairs, which are nine feet high, sustaining severe cuts and bruises that are quite serious considering her advanced age, 71 years. For about fifteen minutes she lay unconscious at the foot of the stairs. When she came to, her groans attracted the attention of her son George, who hastened to her assistance. A doctor was summoned, who proceeded to dress her wounds. No bones were found broken, but there were cuts and bruises on nearly every part of her body. Her head must have struck the stone wall near the foot of the stairs, for there was blood in great quantity there.

NOT ANXIOUS TO BET ON JEFFERY.—The last issue of the *Sunday Welcome* contained an announcement that $3000 had been left in that office to wager with any one who supplied that Jordan would be elected sheriff. It was also offered to take any bet of $1000 on the same proposition. The offer was open until noon yesterday, but no application came for the whole sum or any part of it. A prominent republican has offered a commission of $25 to the person who will bring him a bet of $250 on Jeffery.

ADMITTED TO CITIZENSHIP.—Now that the voting day of the year is close at hand, the foreign born male individuals who are in our midst hasten to furnish the necessary proof which shall enable them to have equal rights with all other citizens of the United States. Three such aliens were admitted to full citizenship yesterday, one in the county court and two in the state circuit. Their names are John Murto, Peter Britto and John Ambrose.

CATTLE THIEVES TAKEN TO SALEM.—Bert Prescott and Alex. Steele, two of the three cattle thieves recently convicted at Baker City and sentenced to ten years imprisonment each in the penitentiary, passed through this city yesterday in charge of the sheriff of Baker county, en route to their future home behind the bars at Salem.

TWO WARM MAY DAYS.

"Hottest day for this time of year I ever experienced," was the remark of an old Portlander yesterday, as he wiped the perspiration from his brow and invited a reporter to a claret punch at Eppinger's.

"Not as warm as yesterday," said another who had been asked up and said he would take the same. And then the conversation drifted to hot weather in general. To learn just how high the mercury had crawled, the reporter dropped up to the government signal office, and learned that the thermometer marked 86. This was at 2 P. M. An hour later it had risen one degree, the maximum for the day, and one and one-half degrees lower than Sunday. Then the records for May, running back ten years, were examined, with the result of finding that temperature above 80 degrees is not uncommon early in that month, but only one instance was found where the heat was greater than yesterday, and that was May 31, 1879. Following is a statement of maximum temperature in May for ten years:

1875, 27th	74	1880, 27th	76
1876, 8th	82	1881, 18th	80
1877, 12th	79	1882, 3d	85
1878, 8th	86	1883, 11th	84
1879, 31st	80	1884, 18th	89

After reading the above, the public will probably come to the conclusion that it wasn't so warm yesterday after all.

BRIEF MENTION.

Samuel H. Scott was admitted to practice in the United States circuit court yesterday.

The Caledonian club will hold their annual games at the driving park in the north end of the city.

The Idaho sails to-day from New Tacoma for New Westminster. Passengers leaving Ash street dock at 2 o'clock this afternoon will make through connection.

Ye Sing & Co., boot and shoe manufacturers on Second street near Oak, were closed by the sheriff yesterday, upon two attachments, one in favor of Terence Rogers for $504 and the other in favor of Gip Wong for $950.

The "fusion six" of South Portland hold a mass meeting to-night at Montgomery hall. Music and speakers have been secured, in hopes of getting together a few more than a corporal's guard besides the small boys of the neighborhood.

Marshall Anderson, the hog thief, sentenced to four years imprisonment, and Wm. Rogers, who broke into a butcher shop and stole all the saws and knives there, for which he got two years' sentence, having pleaded guilty, were both taken to the penitentiary yesterday.

Mr. J. Udry, a compositor on the *Standard*, was troubled with a gnawing abscess of the upper jaw, caused by an ulcerated tooth. Dr. C. C. Newcastle was consulted and treated the abscess successfully. The point of interest is that the tooth involved was not extracted, as is usually the case.

The former residents of Sacramento now living in this city, who number about fifty, propose to meet together and make arrangements for celebrating the Fourth in company, or getting up some sort of a demonstration in which they can all partake, to the end that they may become better acquainted with each other.

OUTGOING PASSENGERS.

The Columbia sailed at midnight with the following passengers:

H Little	J C Shambler
C Miller	J C Frates
Doubling	Jas Sweet
Carl Spahn	H D McDonald
Law & wf	Geo R Kibbe
T R Smith	A W Hayes
Simpson	E G Phake & wf
Matthews	W Frush
L Meisner	G A Roberts
Russ Meyer	W H Peckham
H S Haskins	J E Summers
E L Cohen	H A Bodine
P J Tormey	D A Trotter
M Harvey	Frank Moyer
Sherman Powell & wf	N Falk & wf
W H Humphrey	C W Marshall
Mrs House	Mrs E Morley
M Weight	Jos J Menning
Joe Wasserman	Jacobs
A Packsher	H Snane
E S White	Miss Tracy
Mrs Gordon	Miss Hattie Eddy
Miss Gordon	Miss Warner
J Lockhart	John Lewis, wife and ch
P Kraus	Chas Gabual
Lieut Webster	Levi Webster
P J Bachelar	T Engley
I N Solis	E T Hamblin
I Bernstein	Geo T Frazier
K D Van Tassel	Wm Case
C X O'Brien	T D Piper
H H Weber	S M Leigh
H H Welch	Max Romer
120 steerage	

PERSONAL.

Hon. J. W. Nesmith is at the Holton.

Judge L. L. McArthur is in the city, a guest at the Holton.

Mr. John Muir will leave St. Paul to-morrow for Portland.

Chief of Police J. H. Woolery of Seattle is registered at the Holton.

Chas. Allaby Jr., who is spending a term of three years at Dresden, has sent to his father some specimens of his work at painting, which show great proficiency.

Miss Jennie Macnamara, well known to the ladies of Portland as a thorough business woman, and who still holds landed interests in Portland, was married a few weeks ago in Ireland.

THE EAST SIDE.

MEMORIAL DAY EXCURSION.

The ladies of St. David's Guild will give an excursion to Vancouver on Decoration Day, May 30. They have chartered the steamer A. A. McCully and a large barge, so that there will be ample accommodation for all who may wish to go. We understand that the military parade and the exercises on that day will be very fine. The ladies will serve a lunch of ham sandwiches, cake, coffee and ice cream on the boat.

NOTES.

An executive session of the Citizens' Union club will occur to-morrow evening.

The regular meeting of the Loyal Republican club occurs at Hall & Stott's hall to-night.

Mrs. Dr. Owen's lecture on "Heredity" at the Presbyterian church to-morrow evening.

A man named Rollins, of Powell valley, was thrown from a horse Sunday and sustained a fracture of the right wrist.

Martha Washington Circle, No. 3, are making arrangements for a grand ball to be given at Noppach's hall Friday evening next.

The celebrated Peak sisters are announced to give, under the auspices of St. David's Guild, one of their mirth provoking concerts at Noppach's hall, Wednesday evening, May 28.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

DEEDS.

George F. Murray and wife to J. W. Murray, Jr., ten acres S E ¼ of N W ¼ of S 26, T 1 S, R 1 E; May 2—$450.

John Lewis to Margaret Pickering, lots 3, 4, 12, 13 and 14, Marysville tract; May 17—$1150.

A Word of Caution.

Decker & Son established in 1856, six years before any house of similar name. Use the new composition metallic frame and new duplex bridge, in all their pianos.

H. SINSHEIMER,
31 Yamhill street, Agent.

Now on Exhibition.

Elegant line clocks, imported direct from Europe. Selected myself while there. Cuckoo, night regulators, office, parlor sitting room clocks. W. Friedlander, 65 First.

Buttermilk.

Fresh every day from the Reedville farm, at Freimann's Coffee House, 20 Washington street.

Once More.

$5000 Boots and shoes from the "busted" store in East Portland bought for a song. S. M. Barr, 119 Third.

House furnishings can be had cheapest at Birmingham's, 244 and 246 First street. Ash, maple and walnut suits, parlor, dining room, library and kitchen furniture, paper hangings, etc., at lower prices than ever before offered in Portland.

"The style in which it's done" is the secret of the success of the "Baldwin," 12 Alder. Attentive waiters, neat appointments, good cooking. The English muffins are excellent. With restaurants like this Portland's reputation will be redeemed.

The Alba lamp—superior to gas.

TO EXCURSIONISTS.—The barge Cascade can be chartered for picnics or excursions. Captain Buchanan, Morrison street wharf.

Prof. J. B. DeLery is the most successful teacher of French and Spanish on the coast. Conversation guaranteed in three months. Address Esmond Hotel.

CLARENDON HOTEL BURNED.

It Catches Fire in the Oil Room and is Destroyed with Contents.

UNTENANTED—THERE WAS NO LOSS OF LIFE.

All Adjoining Buildings Saved by Excellent Work—Loss, $25,000 to $30,000—Insurance, $20,000—History of the Hotel.

About 10:30 last night the Clarendon hotel, situate on the northwest corner of First and F streets, caught fire and in an hour and a half was destroyed, nothing but the bare walls remaining standing. It caught in the north room on the ground floor, an apartment used for storing oils and other supplies for the hotel, and soon involved the entire building. Several persons seem to have discovered the fire simultaneously, and an alarm was turned in from box 16, located opposite the hotel. When the first engine reached the scene the court in the rear of the hotel was ablaze near the roof, and the fire gradually gained around the court until the northwest angle was a mass of flames. Two strong streams, well directed from the floor of the court, had no perceptible effect, though the flames seemed to have been driven back. While the fire was being fought from the outside, it spread from room to room within, climbed upwards and in less than fifteen minutes after the alarm was sounded had burnt through the roof.

One stream was stationed on the two-story frame building adjoining the hotel on the north, and from that nozzle there was a steady supply of water for two hours, successfully fighting flame which at one time burst to the north over the firemen's heads, a distance of fifty feet or more. At 11 o'clock efforts at saving neighboring property began. Three small streams supplied from the elevator works were put out from steamship dock, wetting the planked roadways and the O. & S. general offices. Four streams from the engines were placed in the center of First, and of F streets, alternating at keeping down the fire and of wetting buildings on the opposite sides of the streets, three streams from as many of the elevator company's plugs doing like service. All the cars and the horses of the Portland Street Railway Company were run out, and the contents of two saloons between the stable and the hotel were removed. Sparks fell in great showers all around, mixed with balls of fire as large as a man's head, yet none of the neighboring roofs were suffered to catch. The Triangle saloon, only sixty feet distant and directly in the face of the hotel was scarcely scorched. Fortunately there was little wind, except that created by the fire itself. At no time was there lack of water supply, either from cisterns or hydrants, and only one section of hose burst. During the fifteen minutes immediately following the bursting of flames through the roof a great deal of excitement prevailed, but when at 11:20 the top story tumbled in feelings of relief came, for then the fire was practically under control. By midnight the fire was reduced to the first story, and all danger was past.

The hotel was closed last week under sheriff's attachment, and the only occupant was the watchman, Mr. Beach.

OWNERSHIP, LOSS AND INSURANCE.

The building and nearly all the furniture and carpets were owned by the Holladay estate now in litigation, and by J. N. Dolph and R. Koehler, the latter gentlemen having bought some time before his death the undivided half interest of William L. Halsey. Messrs. Dolph and Koehler are insured for $10,000, and the Holladay estate in the same sum. White & Higgen's agency carry $14,500 on the building, $5,000 in the Phœnix of Brooklyn and $9,500 in the Oakland Home. The remaining $5,500 is reported to have been placed in Dobinson's agency.

The building cost $35,000 and the furniture $15,000. That was thirteen years ago. A fair valuation yesterday would have been $25,000 to $30,000. Monthly rental of the building was $400.

Zieber & McKinnon owned the tableware, the kitchen furniture and the bar, now in the hands of the sheriff; loss about $2000. Whether insured or not could not be learned.

ORIGIN OF THE FIRE.

No satisfactory statement of the origin of the fire was obtainable. All that is known is that it caught in the store room, which contained a quantity of kerosene. Captain Cornelius of the police force saw it in its incipiency and thinks the fire was confined to the front part of the store room not more than thirty feet from the First street front. This was a moment before the alarm was turned in. Others who came up from the west, immediately after the alarm, say that the court facing Second street was on fire, the flames running nearly to the roof. The watchman, Mr. Beach, was asleep, and knew nothing of the fire until he was awakened.

HISTORY OF THE HOTEL.

The Clarendon was built in 1871 by Ben Holladay, and thrown open in 1872 by W. B. Blackwell, now of Tacoma. It changed hands a year later, Hallett & Young taking his place. Young did not stay very long, and was succeeded by O. H. Kimball. In June, 1876, Hallett retired to his farm. He was succeeded by Al Zieber and Charles W. Knowles. Two years ago J. D. McKinnon bought Knowles' interest. Up to 1878 the hotel did an excellent business, but after that time the furniture began to wear out, and as the owners would not renew it the patronage of the house steadily declined.

SUPREME COURT.

SALEM, Monday, May 19.

The Albany and Santiam Water Ditch or Canal Company, appellant, vs. John A. Crawford, respondent. Opinion by Watson, C. J.

SYLLABUS.

To justify a court of equity in holding a deed absolute on its face, to have been intended by the parties as a mortgage simply, the proof should be clear and satisfactory. The proof in the particular case held insufficient.

W. K. Willis, respondent, vs. the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company. Judgment of the circuit court reversed and a new trial ordered. Opinion by Lord, J.

SYLLABUS.

1. When an instruction is based upon a state of facts not warranted by the evidence, the tendency of which is, from the special features of the case, to lead the jury to infer the existence of such facts, and thereby take an erroneous view of the case, it is ground for reversal, although such instruction may be correct as an abstract proposition of law.
2. The master is not liable to a servant for an injury resulting to a fellow servant engaged in a common employment. The reason of the rule is that he who enters upon the service of another takes upon himself all the ordinary risks of the employment and this includes the negligence of his fellow workmen in the general course of his employment.
3. The fact that the servant injured may be inferior in grade and authority to the one by whose negligence the injury is caused makes no difference.
4. To constitute one vice principal or superior servant the master must have committed to him the virtual and substantial control of the business and the power to do all acts necessary to its contract.

Charlie Yen, resp., vs. Ah Ho and Hong Chang, apps. Judgment of the circuit court reversed.

John A. Crawford, app., vs. George Humphrey, sheriff Linn county, resp.; involving the validity of the mortgage tax law. Argued and submitted.

Court adjourned until 11 o'clock to-morrow morning.

The paper published at Cœur d'Alene advertises: "The Golden Gate. The most elegantly furnished saloon in the camp. Free lunch! The tiger growls night and day." It is impossible in this day of progress to locate a mining camp so remote as to be out of the reach of the institutions and refinements of civilization.—*Chicago Times.*

CITY NOTICES.

Cardinell's Boat House, south side of Stark.

Go to Keith's for oysters.

Knight, Druggist, Morrison, near Fourth.

Eastern oysters every steamer at Keith's.

The "Alba" lamp illuminates the Oregonian office.

PERFECTLY LOVELY.—Shanahan's New Art Gallery, 69 Morrison st.

Ferguson's haircutting headquarters, No. 20 Stark street. Every man an artist.

Buy your candies at Staples', cor. Fourth and Morrison. Fresh candy every day.

Choice brands of wines, liquors and cigars at the Cosmopolitan co per First and Alder.

New lot of Chinese fans, gold, at P. O. Candy Store, Multnomah block, opposite Postoffice.

Nice, newly furnished rooms; lately kalsomined and renovated. Oak House, First and Madison.

Cook's Music Lessons.—Piano, Organ, Singing and Harmony. Cor. Second and Washington sts.

No woman is happy unless she has her sewing machine repaired at Sarbey's, 32 Yamhill, bet. 1st and 2d.

Go to W. P. Berger, the sign and ornamental painter, 48 Morrison. Best work in the city, at reasonable rates.

Boston Chips! Boston Chips! Delicious vanilla chocolate creams at P. O. Candy Store, Multnomah block.

Wedding cakes, elegant description, a specialty. Hauce's German Bakery and Coffee House, 287 First st.

For a fine cigar call on John Flunen, First and Oak. All kinds smokers' articles. Fine line of walking canes.

Choice butter from Oregon's finest dairies, fresh every day, at M. Beno & Co.'s, First and Taylor sts. 50 cents per roll.

TOURISTS will find the largest assortment of photographic views of Oregon scenery at Shanahan's New Art Gallery, 69 Morrison st.

For pure drugs and reasonable rates, have your prescriptions filled at Nelson, Ball & Co.'s, No. 71 Third st., Ainsworth block.

FINE GOLD LEAF picture frames, for portraits and landscape paintings, the finest in the market, at Shanahan's New Art Gallery, 69 Morrison st.

G. ANDERSON & CO., manufacturing jewelers, diamond setters and engravers. Fine watches and jewelry carefully repaired and warranted. 129 First st.

Prizes sold for balls and picnics, and exhibited in the best windows. Jewelry, opera glasses and guns loaned, at the great Oregon money lender's, Uncle Myers, 151 First st.

If you need money bring me your watch, jewelry, diamonds, gun, furniture, buggy, safe, bonds, your wife's sealskin, piano or organ, or any thing of value you may have, you can make a special agreement as to interest. Uncle Myers, 151 First st.

GARRISON'S SEWING MACHINE STORE, 167 Third street, Portland, Or.—General agent for the two favorites, the White and Household; dealer in all standard sewing machines, oil, needles, attachments and genuine parts. Machines repaired and warranted.

HENRICHSEN & GREENBERG,
140 First St., Portland, Or.
Importers, Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry,
SILVER WARE,
CLOCKS, SPECTACLES, ETC.

Watch Repairing, and Jewelry of all kinds manufactured to order.

Orders from the interior carefully and promptly attended to.

Goods expressed on application.

It heads the long list of tonics—Celery, Beef and Iron.

EAST PORTLAND COUNCIL.

More Street Improvements—Viewers Appointed on J Street Extension—Fire Department Matters.

The East Portland common council met in regular session last evening, Mayor Sanders in the chair, and all members present except Sprague.

The minutes of the previous meeting were approved, and the following business transacted:

PETITIONS, ETC.

From property owners on L street, between Tenth and Twelfth, asking that the graveling of said street be deferred until that part between Ninth and Tenth is in a proper condition for graveling. On motion of Mayo, sixty days' further time was granted the contractors for the improvement of said street between Ninth and Twelfth.

From Wm. J. Shipley, chairman committee on memorial ceremonies, G. A. R., Portland, inviting the co-operation and aid of the council in said ceremonies. On motion of Mayo the invitation was received and placed on file and the invitation accepted.

From McMillen & Co., asking that warrants be issued for delinquent assessments for the improvement of Maple street in Holladay addition and Third street, McMillen's addition. Petition granted, and the clerk directed to issue warrants to the city marshal in accordance therewith.

From the executive committee appointed by Pioneer Engine Co. No. 1 to conduct the Fourth of July celebration, asking the co-operation and assistance of the city to make it a success. A motion by Kindorf to refer to a special committee of three prevailed, and the chair appointed Messrs. Kindorf, Mayo and Crane as said committee.

From G. W. Shaver, asking that the grade be changed in front of block No. 0, McMillen's addition, so as to avoid the necessity of removing the shade trees on the west side of Third street, which front said block. Referred to the committee on streets and public property.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

From the committee on streets with certificates of the city surveyor and street commissioner attached, certifying to work done on Fourth street by James Johnson, and also on same street by Frainey & Johnson. Report adopted and warrants ordered drawn for the several claims.

From the committee on streets, recommending that $30 be retained by the city from the amount due James Frainey for the improvements on blocks Nos. 72 and 111, at the north end of the bridge on Fourth street, until such time as he shall repair said bridge as damaged by him. Report adopted.

CLAIMS ORDERED PAID.

E. H. Larsen	$20 00	A. Oreamen	23 00
Frank Smythe	34 00	A. M. Austin	23 25
John McDonald	26 00	Joseph Hubble	17 00
Thomas Deats	12 00	Peasley Bros.	4 50

ORDINANCES.

Adopting the report of the city surveyor on the extension and opening of J street from Twelfth to Sixteenth. Read three times and passed.

Providing for the time and manner of improving Maple street from Holladay avenue to the north line of Oregon street. Read once and referred to the committee on streets.

Providing for the time and manner of improving Jefferson street from the east line of Tenth to the west line of Twelfth street. Read three times and passed.

Providing for the time and manner of improving Seventh street; read three times and passed.

RESOLUTIONS, ETC.

By Crane, that the committee on fire and water be directed to negotiate with the lowest responsible bidder for furnishing the First ward fire company with 24 rubber buckets, one 30 foot ladder, one 22 foot ladder, one 18 foot ladder, and one 12 foot ladder; adopted.

By Crane, that Cyrus Buckman, J. M. Sliker and Edward Heitz be appointed viewers in the opening and extending of J street, from Twelfth to Sixteenth, and that they be directed to meet at the council chamber on Monday, May 26, 1884, at 2 o'clock P. M. for instructions in regard to the same. Adopted, and clerk directed to notify appointees.

Mayo moved that the committee on fire and water be directed to ascertain the cost of a light hose cart, with the view of purchasing the same for the second ward company to reel their second-hand hose, which is now encumbered the engine house; no second.

Crane then moved that said second-hand hose, consisting of about 500 feet, be equally divided between the first and third ward companies. Carried, by the following vote: Ayes—Crane, Laing and Kindorf. Nays—Smith and Mayo. Adjourned.

THE COURTS.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT—DEADY J.

Dundee Mortgage and Trust Investment Co. vs. E. G. Hughes—Cause dismissed as to first and second causes of action.

Schiblenger et al. vs. Ladd et al.—Order to show cause argued and submitted.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT—SMITH, J.

Read vs. Oregon Improvement Co.; time extended until Monday for a new trial.

State vs. Ismanger; time extended one day to plead.

State vs. Chas Zeller; time to Friday for trial. Plea of not guilty.

State vs. Ah Wong; trial set for Friday. Plea of not guilty.

State vs. Ah Gee, Chew Mow et al; to-morrow for plea.

Mary Ford vs. Abraham Ford; five days to move to and upon amended complaint.

Serbenhauer, Meyerfield & Co. vs. Marks & Jorgenson; motion to dismiss appeal argued.

Walter Keyes vs. Lichtenthaler; motion overruled.

Gertrude Howard vs. Fred Howard—Defendant ordered to pay $50 into court for plaintiff's use some time before June 10th.

Nathan Hackett vs. the Multnomah Railway Company—Demurrer submitted and taken under advisement.

Angus Campbell vs. J. B. Zumwalt, Geo. Pape and P. Abrahams—Five days allowed to reply to the remaining portions of the answer.

C. W. Thompson vs. Henry Thompson, E. J. Bryan and Isaiah Buchanan—Demurrer sustained.

John Ambrose and John Murto admitted to citizenship.

Quan Wo On vs. Sam Lee and S. B. Greene—Motion overruled.

W. W. Flewelling et al vs. T. A. Doud and B. A. Owens—Two days to file amended complaint.

State of Oregon vs. Marshal Anderson—Two days' time allowed the prisoner's counsel to file bill of exceptions.

B. Sylvester vs. O. T. Wagner—Motion overruled; defendant allowed three days to plead or ten days to answer.

Abernethy vs. Portland Water Co.—Defendant's motion sustained in part and plaintiff allowed until Saturday to plead.

COUNTY COURT—STEARNS, J.

Adoption of Mamie Emma Meagher, an infant; decree of adoption.

Estate of Geo. M. Long, deceased; hearing of final account and objections continued to Saturday next.

POLICE COURT—MORELAND, J.

John O'Brien, Robert Banks—Trespass; fined $10 each.

James L. Daly—Profane and abusive language; fined $10.

Joe. Jones—Disorderly by fighting; fined $10.

James Scott, J. O. Kelly—Raising a disturbance; fined $10 each.

H. R. Johnson—Vagrancy; continued.

Paul Nobout, Louis Berkins, Wm. W. Nixon, J. B. Proctor, Jas. Welsh, Henry Olsen—Drunk and disorderly; fined $10 each.

Jas. Turk—Abusive and profane language; not reached.

John O'Brien—Assault and battery; not reached.

Charles Jackson—Larceny from dwelling; not reached.

John Ryan—Larceny of salt fish; not reached.

KOHN & STEINBACH.

THE CIRCUS IS COMING!
The Great Nickel Plate Opens Thursday, the 22d.

WE SUCCEEDED in getting the contract, and furnished the HANDSOME BLUE UNIFORMS for the ADVANCE BRIGADE, with the NICKEL DECORATIONS which were seen on the streets the past week. We are now at work opening some uniforms, suitable for POLICE, GRAND ARMY REPUBLIC, FIREMEN, RAILROAD MEN, etc., etc. All those wishing fine fitting UNIFORMS should call on us.

THIS WEEK
OUR ATTRACTIONS ARE FINE
SUMMER
Underwear and Neckwear!
BIG LOT JUST OPENED:
The Nobbiest and Handsomest Line Ever Opened! Call and See Them!
SURE TO PLEASE YOU!
PRICES WAY DOWN
NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.
KOHN & STEINBACH,
SUCCESSORS TO
THE CLOTHIER AND HATTER
Cor. First & Morrison Sts.

FRUIT LANDS FOR SALE

WE HAVE 800 ACRES OF THE FINEST fruit land in the northwest for sale on easy terms. This land is on the margin of a clear and beautiful lake, thoroughly protected from cold winds and unseasonable frosts. The soil is excellent and suitable for either vegetables or fruit. It is divided into tracts suitable for all purposes, and is near a rapidly growing manufacturing town, and but three hours travel from Portland.
LA CAMAS COLONY, LA CAMAS, W. T.

Sick headache, habitual costiveness, pains in back and limbs, loss of appetite, bad breath and taste in the mouth, &c., entirely cured by the use of

OREGON BLOOD PURIFIER
PFUNDER'S
KIDNEY & LIVER REGULATOR.

Dr. E. C. Brown, Diseases of Eye & Ear, 160 First St.

A TESTIMONIAL FROM ALBANY.

ALBANY, May 19.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

In your comments on the candidates for the office of judge of the supreme court, we who are now and have been readers and patrons of THE OREGONIAN, and for many years residents of Albany and its vicinity, and know whereof we speak, believe you have done injustice to the republican candidate for supreme judge, L. Flinn, our fellow townsman, and we are satisfied if you had known him as long and as well as we have, your comments would have been very different. L. Flinn came to Albany in 1865, and we have been well and intimately acquainted with him ever since. We know his mode of life, his conduct, his growth from a young man, a stranger here, without friends, acquaintances or money, to one of our foremost citizens. We have watched his progress and noted his advance from year to year in the profession he has chosen. His progress as a lawyer has been rapid and marked, and has been characterized by industry, honesty and fair dealing. No man has ever practiced law in Linn county who stood higher in the estimation of the public as a lawyer than Lawrence Flinn. His knowledge of the law, his keen sense of justice and equity, his known and untiring diligence and uncompromising integrity, have given him the foremost place among the lawyers who practice in this county. Through his profession he has acquired a competency, and in that respect is independent of the emoluments of office. He has had the advantage of a liberal and classical education, is studious in his habits, clear in intellect, cool and careful in coming to conclusions, and what is of equal importance, he is an upright citizen, a moral, competent and honest man. Mr. Flinn is not now, and never has been a politician, nor has he taken any active part in politics whatever, or been identified with or allied to any political faction—always a republican, but never a partisan. He has a clear and sound mind in a sound body, being now about forty-six years of age, and in the prime and vigor of manhood. His character is without stain or blemish. It was on account of these qualities that the republican convention of Linn county four years ago insisted on his accepting the nomination for county judge against his own wish and desire, and sent a committee to him (for he was not a candidate for office nor at the convention) who urged him to accept the nomination which he did; and though the county at the time was from 250 to 300 democratic, and his opponent, L. Allyen, was a lawyer of considerable experience and of good name and reputation, Mr. Flinn, on account of his superior fitness, was elected by a majority of thirty to eighty votes. In the management of the business of the county during the past four years he has exhibited a scrupulous regard for justice, fairness and right, and as a result, without any increase of the rate of taxation, the indebtedness of the county amounting to over $15,000 at the time he was elected, has been paid off, and Linn county is out of debt for the first time in over twenty years, with sufficient funds in the treasury to defray the ordinary expenses of the county for the next five months.

Such is the man the republicans of Linn county were pleased to present to the state convention as their candidate for judge of the supreme court. The vote of the convention by which he was nominated was a very flattering one, and as we considered it, a just tribute to the character and fitness of the man for the position. We, who are the neighbors of Mr. Flinn and have known him for about nineteen years, may be partial in our views and judgment, but have had good opportunity to know, and we as business men and as citizens of Linn county, in justice to the republicans of Linn county and in justice to Mr. Flinn, ask you to insert this in the columns of THE OREGONIAN with our names attached. We write as the neighbors and fellow townsmen of L. Flinn at our own suggestion, who have known him so long and well, so that the people of the state may know through your paper how Mr. Flinn is regarded at his home in Linn county.

SAMUEL E. YOUNG, merchant, Albany,
JNO. CONNER, banker,
F. M. REDFIELD, merchant,
J. H. FOSTER, miller,
S. G. IRVINE, pastor U. P. church,
W. G. TWEEDALE, merchant,
J. C. POWELL, attorney at law,
JNO. FOSHAY, druggist,
L. E. BLAIN, merchant,
THOS. MONTEITH,
J. M. IRVING, postmaster,
A. H. MARSHALL,
J. A. CRAWFORD,
W. H. GOLTRA,
D. MANSFIELD,
W. M. KETCHUM,
D. FROMAN,
S. H. ALTHOUSE, manufacturer,
GEO. W. GRAY, dentist,
J. W. ALTHOUSE,
G. F. SIMPSON,
W. A. PAUL.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

People's Work—Wide Verdict

Cocoaine has been sold in every civilized country, and the public have rendered the verdict—the cheapest and best Hair Dressing in the world.

Flavoring Extracts are invariably acknowledged the purest and the best.

Extract, for every Pain or Soreness. Do not be imposed upon. Buy the genuine in bottles.

Kate Castleton.

A splendid assortment of photos of the charming actress, Kate Castleton, can be found at Hill's, 171 First street. Cabinet photos by the dozen only 25 cents each. Everyone should have a photograph of Kate, "But for goodness sake——"

See our own imported Watches and Revolvers, plumbing. No. 13 North First st.

Warehouse Trucks

Wagon and carriage shop, 32-34 Salmon st.

Lent's Drug Store,

Jefferson. Prescriptions compounded day and night. Toilet articles and fancy goods.

VIENNA COFFEE HOUSE,

Washington street, leads all. Oysters in every style.

REPUBLICAN SPEAKING.

HON. GEORGE HERMANN, the Republican candidate for congress, will address the people upon the issues of the day at the following times and places:

Baker City	Wednesday, May 21, 7:30 P.M.
La Grande	Thursday, May 22, 7:30 P.M.
Pendleton	Saturday, May 24, 2:30 P.M.
The Dalles	Monday, May 26, 7:30 P.M.
Salem	Tuesday, May 27, 8:00 P.M.
Albany	Wednesday, May 28, 7:30 P.M.
Astoria	Friday, May 30, 7:30 P.M.
Portland	Saturday, May 31, 7:30 P.M.

Local papers are requested to notice the appointments in their respective localities, and members of committees will arrange for giving notice of and providing for the places of speaking.

By order of the State Central Committee.
JOSEPH SIMON, Chairman,
GEO. McBRIDE, Sec'y.

—AT—
J. PILGER'S
LARGEST LINE OF
Summer Silks!
At 50c per Yard.
SEE THEM!
—AT—
J. PILGER'S,
No. 153 First St.,
OPPOSITE OCCIDENTAL.

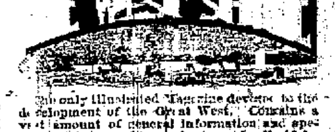
S. & G. GUMP, San Francisco. | B. COWAN, Manager, Portland.

S. & G. GUMP,
Third st., P. O. box 317.
Importers, Manufacturers & Jobbers
—OF—
Mouldings, Mirrors and Picture
FRAMES.
MIRROR PLATES, ENGRAVINGS, CHROMOS, BRACKETS, CORNICES, ETC.
Bar-Room Mirrors a Specialty.

This house has all the popular ... and it guarantees from ... to $2.50 saved on every ... bought at this establishment.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,
49 FIRST ST.,
Bet. Main & Madison.
M. E. LEWIS.

P. S.—The Largest exclusive Boot and Shoe House in the Northwest.



The only illustrated Magazine devoted to the development of the Great West. Contains a vast amount of general information and special articles on subjects of interest to all. Ably conducted! Superbly Illustrated! Only $2 a year. L. Samuel, Publisher, No. 122 Front street, Portland, Or.

BOOKS for Carpenters, Architects, Builders, Machinists, etc.
OSBORN & ALEXANDER,
628 Market st., San Francisco.
Mechanics' Tools, Hardware and Machinery.
Catalogues of all our goods sent free on application.

TO MAKE GOOD WINE ON A SMALL SCALE.

First, a good cool cellar for summer and mild or good against freezing in winter, an even temperature, clean casks and clean press. Grapes must be well ripened. Gather in dry weather, pick out and throw away all damaged and unripe berries. Mash them or grind them as you would apples, but don't mash the seed. To make red wine let the grapes remain in a large tub or open head cask ten or twelve hours before pressing, or some little longer if a high color is desired.

Press and fill your cask—40, 60 or 120 gallons—the larger the cask the better. Fill cask within ten inches of the bung, then place one end of a siphon or some curved copper or other tube in the bunghole bored for the purpose. This must be air tight, as must be the tube in the bung. The outer end of the tube or siphon place in a bucket filled with cold water. Keep the end of the siphon fully four inches deep in the water. Let it remain fifteen days or if the weather is cool and the process of fermenting is slow, twenty days; then fill the cask with same kind of wine having been kept in a keg for the purpose. First, take out the bung and siphon before filling it; then place another bung loosely in the bunghole for eight or ten days, then bung up tight. In January or February next following, rack it off into another perfectly clean and sweet cask, and bung it tightly again. Be sure and leave all sediment behind; a rubber or other siphon is best to do this, better than a faucet. A brass faucet should never be placed in wine or other fruit juice, as all fruit juice is an acid, and brass is verdigris and poison. In November again rack it off and again bung tight. Repeat this again in early spring and your wine will be fit for use.

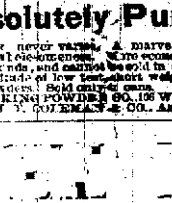
All these drawings and rackings are for the purpose of ridding the wine of the fruity matter, which if left in decays in the wine and spoils its flavor. If left in the wine will never improve on age, and is much increased in its tendency to become sour. Wine to be best should not be bottled until it is three or even four years old, and if redrawn each year I would say even five years old. Much wine is bottled at eighteen months' age, and sold at low prices, to realize quickly on it; but of course it will always be a poor wine and of no value to a connoisseur. To get white wine the grapes must be pressed as soon as mashed. A sweet wine is made by adding about 8 to 10 per cent. of grape alcohol, or of some fruit proof alcohol, and soon after it is expressed, before any fermentation takes place. A claret wine is often styled dry wine when there is nothing added. Alcohol is added simply to prevent its changing by exposure to air, as a dry wine will do.

GEORGE H. BEACH.

P. S.—This of course is not the process of wine making by the large wine makers, as their wine is fermented in large open-top vats, 1000 to 2000 gallon casks; but this exposure will not do when done in very small quantity, and small casks.

B.

ROYAL



BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.
WM. T. COLEMAN & CO., Agents, S. F.

May 30, 1884.
AT VANCOUVER, WASH. TER.

Grand Military and Civic Demonstration.

United States troops.
Knights of Pythias.
Grand Army of the Republic.
Fire Department and citizens in line.
HON. GEORGE H. WILLIAMS, Orator.
Grand Parade at 11 A. M.

OPEN FOR THE SEASON
—TO—
FAMILIES AND SOCIETIES

On Sunday afternoons, and special arrangements for the accommodation of families.

No Spirituous Liquors Allowed at any Time.

Great care will be exercised to exclude objectionable people. Excellent music for dancing provided by J. W. Varney. Admission 25 cents. Ladies free.

Arrangements for moonlight excursions and picnics generally can be made with J. W. Varney, Music Hall.

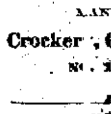
GENERAL LAND AGENCY,
VICTORIA, B. C.,
SHANNON & CO.,

Dealers in Victoria City Real Estate, Agricultural, Coal and Timber Lands in British Columbia and the Puget Sound Basin, Washington Territory.

Choice lots at special rates, unimproved, in Shannon's Addition to Spokane Falls, W. T.

Office Cor. Government and Bastion sts. (upstairs). P. O. Box 284,
VICTORIA, B. C.

E. I. SHANNON, formerly with "The Oregonian."



CHEAPEST
Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Table Cutlery, etc.,
AT
J. B. MILLER'S, 29 First street.

W. F. BURNS,
MANUFACTURERS' AGENT
Crockery, Glassware, Lanterns, etc.
No. 108 FIRST STREET,
Portland, Or.

CREIGHTON & CO.,
Real Estate Agents & Auctioneers,
No. 1½ Washington Street,
Portland, Or.
Auction Sales of Real Estate and Stock a Specialty.

STONE'S
CHOICE
CANDIES.

Send 50c, $1, $1.50, $2 or $2.50 and get a box of Stone's choice candies, put up in beautiful boxes, suitable for a present. Also, dealers in all kinds of Fruit, Nuts, Lemons, Oranges, Figs, etc., at wholesale and retail.
S. L. STONE,
First and Alder streets,
Portland, Or.

CIGAR:

Always	Comfort,
Its class	Independence,
In	Good
Numerous	Article.
Enquiry.	Recollect.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

On and after the 17th of May the PIONEER BAKERY will occupy new quarters, No. 226 FIRST ST., near Mill.
J. TAMMEN, Prop'r.

J. H. MARSHALL,
Successor to
Leahy & Solis,
REAL ESTATE AND STOCK BROKERS,
First and A, (upstairs) Portland, Or.

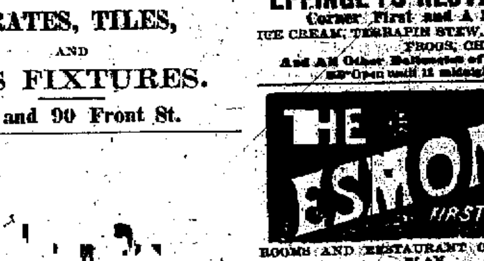
New York Railroad and San Francisco Mining Stocks bought and carried on favorable terms.

The Pioneer Boat House
Has been Removed to Foot of Madison St.

Where Boats of all kinds can be hired by the hour, day or week at reasonable rates. Come and see us. Boats of any desired pattern built at lowest rates.
J. LA CHAPPELLE, Prop'r.

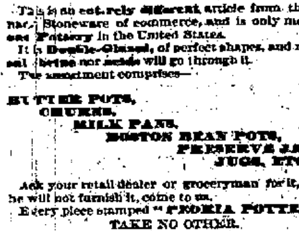
SMOKE
E. H. GATO'S
ESTRELLA
Key West
CIGARS.
NONE BETTER.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

FRANK BROS. IMPLEMENT CO.
DEALERS IN



Buggies, Carriages, Phaetons, Buck Boards, Farm Hacks, Etc.
CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK, OR SEND FOR CIRCULARS.
68 AND 70 FRONT ST. PORTLAND, OREGON.

DEALERS IN



MARBLEIZED SLATE, IRON
AND WOODEN
MANTELS,
GRATES, TILES,
AND
GAS FIXTURES.
88 and 90 Front St.

BY BUYING
PEORIA (Ill.) STONEWARE
TO PACK IT IN.

This is an entirely different article from the ordinary Stoneware of commerce, and is only made by one Pottery in the United States.

It is Double-Glazed, of perfect shapes, and neither salt, brine nor acids will go through it.

The assortment comprises—

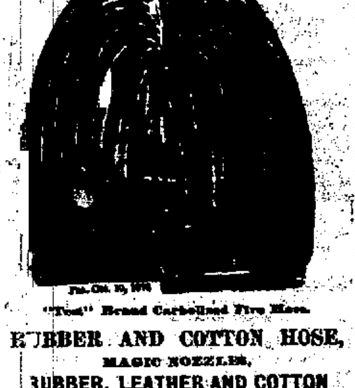
BUTTER POTS,
CHURNS,
MILK PANS,
BOSTON BEAN POTS,
PRESERVE JARS,
JUGS, ETC.

Ask your retail dealer or groceryman for it, and he will not furnish it, come to us.

Every piece stamped "PEORIA POTTERY."
TAKE NO OTHER.

HEGELE, CROWEL & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Crockery, Glassware, Chandeliers, Lamps, etc.,
53 and 54 Front st., corner Pine,
Portland, Or.

GARDEN HOSE REELS.



"Test" Brand Carbolized Fire Hose.
RUBBER AND COTTON HOSE,
MAGIC NOZZLES,
RUBBER, LEATHER AND COTTON BELTING.
PRESTON, NOTT & CO.,
170 Second Street.

CASCADE
WARM MINERAL SPRINGS.

These famous health restoring warm springs are now open to the public. They are easy of access, being on the river division, between Portland and The Dalles, three-fourths of a mile from the Cascade railroad. The hotel and accommodations are good, with camping grounds, pure air, good water, plenty of moss. It is an admirable scenery, making it a desirable resort for the sick and the invalid.

For particulars address
E. SNOW,
Cascades, Wash. Ter.

PACIFIC
Livery, Boarding & Sale Stables
Corner Front and Salmon sts.
M. S. QUINTON, Proprietor.

Horses boarded by the day, week or month. These stables are centrally located and are large and airy, with good accommodations for boarding horses and best of care given them.

—GO TO—
J. RICHET & BROS.,
Corner Third and Washington,
For FRESH COFFEE, SPICES AND TEAS.

We keep only pure goods. Vegetables fresh every morning. Country orders promptly filled.

Truly Named
The King of Tonics.
Dr. Henley's
DANDELION TONIC.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

SOL'S
RESTAURANT,
Holton House,
ALDER ST. BET. THIRD & FOURTH.

EPPINGER'S RESTAURANT,
Corner First and A Streets.
ICE CREAM, TERRAPIN STEW,
FROGS, CHICKEN SALAD,
And All Other Delicacies of the Season.
Open until 12 midnight.

THE
ESMOND.
FIRST CLASS
ROOMS AND RESTAURANT ON EUROPEAN PLAN.
J. W. ... Proprietor.

H. P. GREGORY & CO.,
NO. 5 NORTH FRONT ST.,
Between A and B.

IRON & WOOD-WORKING
MACHINERY.

ST. LOUIS EXCHANGE,
No. 206 First St., near Taylor.
CONSTANTLY ON DRAUGHT,
5c Per Glass!
THE FAMOUS
JOS. SCHLITZ BREWING CO'S
MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER,
OF MILWAUKEE, WIS.
NELSON & BAKER, Prop'rs.

FAIRBANKS'

STANDARD,
FOR WAREHOUSE AND FARM USE.
GRAIN AND STORE TRUCKS.
Write for Price List.
... Agent,
28 North Front St., Portland.

JOHN A. CHILD. 1865—1884. WALTER A. GRANGER.
JOHN A. CHILD & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
DEALERS IN
Fine Chemicals, Perfumery,
TOILET ARTICLES, SPONGES,
SOAPS AND DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
161 Second Street, corner Morrison,
Portland, Oregon.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.

SALT! SALT! SALT!
500 TONS
A1 Carmen Island Salt
For sale in lots to suit. Apply to
McCORMICK & RIGG,
No. 30 Ash St.

SMITH BROS. & WATSON'S
IRON WORKS.

MANUFACTURERS OF CASTINGS AND MAchinery of all kinds, keep in stock ordinary sized ENGINES, BOILERS and SAW MILLS.
Office and Works, Front and Morrison streets, Portland, Oregon.

ZAN BROTHERS,
Manufacturers of
BROOMS AND WOODEN WARE AND IMPORTERS OF WILLOW WARE
Nos. 16 and ... Front St.

THE OLD MAN OF THE MOUNTAIN.

High in the dark Franconia notch,
Between the sunset and the lake,
Alone on his eternal watch
From under brows that ache
With corrugated centuries, behold
The Old Man of the Mountain passing old!

A Memnon to the sunbeams mute,
In vain the blush of morning burns
Or ripe eve mocks the Hesperian fruit
To left nor right he turns
The lake which glasses him in its romance
Of mural rounding, never wins a glance

And more than Memnon's years are in
The weakness of that senile mouth,
But strength is in the massive chin,
Firm-set. And facing south
He looks with level eyes and looks afar,
As over him in heaven the polar star

The heavens are old, and so is he
And when in torrents through the gorge
The mist is pouring like a sea
When equinoxes scourge
Or whips of winter, when the lightnings strike
Grand his appeal as Lear's is—like to like

And now all thunder-scarred and worn
With tempest, how sublime a thing
I see him, lonely and forlorn,
Yet "Every inch a king"
Nay wherefore with an alien atmosphere
Invest this monumental countenance? Here

The Red Man's Manitou he stood
Here like an ancient brave he stands
All pathos patience fortitude
The dispossessed of lands
The sunset clouds, the autumnal foliage
Against the solitude of his great age

Like billows break from crag and cliff
For all the aerial gold he wears
And glory of the maple leaf,
On and away he stares,
Right on into the dumb eternity
And lets unchallenged time and tide go by
—*William Gibson in Harper for May*

THE CAPITAL.

Joaquin Miller Tells How Washington Found It.

Boston Globe

Let us consider how hard and persistently the father of his country toiled to establish this city here, and then I think you will conclude with me that we ought to be very tenacious on this point For this city was Washington's chiefest work This city is his real monument In the vastness of his plans here I read his boundless faith in the country he had helped to found First then, let us see what he had to do with the location of the capital Congress had struggled in vain with the problem The session of 1790 ended by passing an act which gave the location of the federal city absolutely and entirely to the president. Ainsworth R. Spofford the best authority in the world in an address delivered years ago before the Baltimore historical society says Congress gave to the president of the United States sole power or to select any site on the river Potomac between the mouth of the Anacostia and the mouth of Conococheague * * * It was in the power of Washington to have founded the national capital at Harper's ferry

Having established his capital—with what precision of taste and judgment time has testified—the next thing was to lay it out and build it. But there was no money, and Washington went in person to Richmond appealed to Governor Randolph and finally procured $120 000 from Virginia To the legislature of Virginia he wrote "A state where the most anxious solicitude is felt for the prosperity of that city which is to be the permanent seat of government must be generous etc. And so Maryland contributed altogether $170 000, largely induced by the persistent personal effort of General Washington

On the 15th of April 1791 the commissioners laid the corner stone of the district, or territory, as it was then called and on the recommendation of Washington Major L'Enfant was chosen to survey, under his direction the site selected.

Work of the Fish Commission.

In the distribution of fishes within our own borders, the most notable events are The introduction of shad into California at different times by Messrs Green and Stone; the taking of eels, lobsters and oysters to the same state by Mr Stone and the accidental stocking of the Elkhorn river, a tributary of the Missouri with black bass and other fish, through the breaking of a bridge and the upsetting of a car in which Mr Stone had an assortment of fish for California Eels have been planted by the Michigan fish commission in the great lakes above Niagara, with what result is not yet known black bass have been introduced into eastern New York and the New England states to which they are not native, and the rainbow trout has been brought east from California by both Mr. Clark and Mr Green. The quick growth of this fish indicates a voracious appetite, which may result in depriving our native species of food Like the English sparrows they may be more easily introduced than banished The land locked salmon called in its Maine habitat from the lakes to which it is indigenous, the "Schoodic salmon" and the "Sebago salmon" is a fish that, to the eye of the angler is readily distinguishable from the sea going salmon, salmo salar, but it has no structural difference that warrants the ichthyologist in classing it as a different species It appears to be a salmon whose ancestors have been cut off from access to the sea and obliged to live and breed in fresh water Their descendants have lost the migratory instinct, and although the obstruction to their descent to salt water has been removed by some convulsion of nature, they are content to remain in the lakes throughout the year This fish has been in great demand and Mr Atkins, of the United States fish commission has paid great attention to it he has gathered the eggs for several years in increasing numbers, and the fish has been introduced into many new waters. They love deep, cool lakes, and General R U Sherman of the New York fish commission, has planted them in Woodhull lake, Oneida county, New York and other Adirondack lakes.

Patti Studying Billiards.

New York Sun

Mme Adelina Patti is learning to play billiards and Joseph Dion is her happy tutor Three or four mornings a week the songstress and her husband Signor Nicolini, have a billiard seance in a private room which they have fitted up at the Windsor hotel Mme, Patti has for a long time played in her castle home on an old-fashioned English pocket table but she has taken a fancy to play the game expertly and has already under the tutorship of Mr Dion become quite an adept She is infatuated with the French three ball carom game and takes with enthusiasm to round the table shots cushion caroms and draw shots Patti plays with spirit and force She handles the cue gracefully, and is enthusiastic in her admiration of the nice points of the game Last Wednesday she invited a few friends to witness a private exhibition given in her rooms by Joseph Dion and Dudley Kavanagh She clapped her hands with delight at some of the wonderful fancy shots made by the veteran billiardists and her eyes fairly danced when she found that she could make some of them herself after a little instruction and practice Dion says she has a natural aptitude for the game and that Nicolini is learning very fast —Whether Patti will teach Joseph to sing is yet a matter of conjecture

Lost in a Fog

Boston Post.

Some English scientists have been trying to explain why it is that persons who become lost in a fog, or who are for any reason unable to see their way usually walk in a circle instead of following a straight line W. Larden thinks that the cause may be found in the strength of the legs the stronger of the two outwalking the other when not controlled by the will. In confirmation of this view C H Darwin recounts some experiments in which several schoolboys were blindfolded and told to walk straight ahead when the "right legged" ones circled to the left and the "left legged" ones to the right, exactly as they should do if the theory is correct, while one boy, who seemed to be neither right legged nor left legged but to use the two limbs with about equal facility walked irregularly, but deviated much less from a straight course than any of the others Another writer Thomas Hawksley, supposes that few persons have both legs of equal length, in which case the longer limb must have a tendency to outstrip the other in walking.

Another [illegible]

Philadelphia [illegible]

Mr Dana—Well, my friend, what can I do for you?

Caller—"Do you remember, Mr. Dana that once in return for a great favor you promised to be of service to me whenever I might require it?

Mr Dana—Certainly, I shall take pleasure in discharging the obligation.

Caller—Well you know [illegible] Knickers, the meanest man on the globe,

Mr Dana—Yes.

Caller—He has done me a mean trick, and I am determined to be avenged I want him held up to public scorn and then buried so deep in oblivion that he will never again raise his head

Mr Dana—All right! I will nominate him for president.

THERE IS ROOM FOR MORE.

A great many people have come to La Camas and all are doing well We have plenty of wage earners but there is only one hotel and one store Two thousand dollars per month is paid out for labor, and yet the hotel and store must be their doctor, druggist, milliner, clothier, barber, baker, butcher shoemaker, blacksmith, etc and supply all their wants Tradespeople! can you take a hint? The town is permanent and its future sure.

D H STEARNS,
Agent La Camas Colony, La Camas, W. T.

MONDAY May 19

The week opens with warm weather and a fair trading. The markets present very little that is new First hands at San Francisco have advanced codfish half a cent on all descriptions Salmon continues quiet, canners finding rather more to do, but are far from active. Under the influence of continued warm weather the rivers show further rise Stocks to-day are generally firm several showing an advance O R & N opened at 71 jumped to 72¾ but backed down to 71½

PRODUCE RECEIPTS—Past 48 hours 2274 ctls wheat, 255 bbls flour, 277 ctls oats 60 ctls millstuff 132 lbs wool, 735 lbs hides, 58 cases eggs 21 bxs fruit 3 bxs butter 10 bbls hay Also 120 bbls flour 83 sks lbs wool, 9827 lbs hides, 24 sks flaxseed from the eastern section

FREIGHTS—No transactions to report The Br ship City of Delhi is at San Francisco to come to this port with a 45s charter Outside report says salmon business is being sought for here As the new crop year approaches freights are stiffening and it is extremely doubtful if recent engagements could be duplicated. San Francisco reports a better tone as prevailing

REGISTERED TONNAGE STATEMENT

At Portland—		
In port—Engaged		92
Disengaged, suitable for wheat		3 109
Disengaged miscellaneous		2 359
On the way		11 310
At San Francisco—	May 19	May 1?
In port—Engaged	18 000	19 900
Disengaged	118 000	150 000
To arrive	195 000	185 000

WHEAT—Beerbohm to-day quotes California cargoes of standard in all positions a sixpence off No 2 spring for shipment is also quoted lower At the decline the markets wear a steadier tone Farmers' deliveries last week were less than the previous week, when they were exceptionally large For several days selling values have been lower than quotations and to-day's decline was a natural consequence of the late depression Chicago is again lower with less dealing buyers being backward At New York values are arranging themselves and a more settled tone is manifest San Francisco an inactive spot market rules Options generally are weak and dull except at the seller the year quotation. Evidently many operators believe that sellers are going too far at the present price of $1 40 for this option and do not expect values to rule as low Locally the market is without any striking feature Operators on both sides are indifferent at present values and evince no disposition to seek business Receipts are again small, particularly of Walla Walla.

OATS—An improved feeling is manifest among sellers but it has no effect upon values But three months of the old season remains and values depend upon the stock yet unsold It is doubtful if much will be carried over for a better crop is quite certain than was gathered in the past two harvests.

POTATOES—The market is well supplied but moves slowly at $1@1 10 per cental for the best The general offer for ordinary does not exceed 50@55c per bushel. New Californias are in slow movement at $1 75@2 25

DRIED FRUITS—Quotations are Sun dried apples, 9@10c factory cured in boxes, 15@16c, eastern in barrels 10c pears in boxes sliced 15c plums in boxes 16c and sun dried in other packages 13@15c, peaches in sacks 13@14c Oregon prunes 11c others, 5@8½c, figs, 9c, raisins, $1 75@2

POULTRY—Saturday's prices are continued to-day The market is very well supplied with chickens

EGGS—Firmer at 22½c.

WOOL—The bulk of receipts has far have gone to San Francisco It is stated that local mills have purchased small lots at 15@16c Other than this no sales are reported in this market The situation is considered rather weak only the firmness of holders preventing a lower range of values in other markets Several small shipments have gone east by rail consisting of sample lots The Oregon wool exchange graded and baled 12 bales as samples

SHIPPING NOTES

The bark O. Southard Hulbert reached New York yesterday to the great relief of those having shipments on her She left Astoria July 30 last The next month she met heavy weather that dismasted her and forced her into Honolulu for repairs After a delay of about three months she proceeded December 7 In March last Captain Davis and wife reached San Francisco by a Tahiti packet and reported having landed at Tahiti because of sickness, the mate J L Watts proceeding with the bark She has reported at New York 294 days after leaving Astoria 173 days from Honolulu and 116 days from Tahiti The Hulbert was chartered here by A. W Berry and received $10 500 for the voyage She carried a full cargo of salmon wool hides etc She arrived here May 21 1883 from New York in a passage of 200 days from New York, so her round trip has consumed 364 days or one year and six and a half months. No doubt her owners are glad to see her safely home again It is seldom that such a run of misfortune overtakes a vessel We are glad to note that none of her delays can be attributed to the Columbia river bar

A number of the Oregon grain fleet are reported at final destinations to-day

The Gervan goes to Havre to discharge

A W Berry of Astoria has received advices of the Carrie Winslow's arrival at Montevideo 90 days out from Astoria This would make her arrival date last Wednesday

Markets by Telegraph.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO May 19

Weather cloudy and calm rainfall yesterday at San Diego 12 100 at Red Bluff, 2 100 in

Receipts—11 000 ctls wheat 70 000 qrs sks flour including 67 000 in ship 700 ctls oats 225 sks potatoes 24 000 doz eggs including car eastern

Freights—Quiet but firm Br iron ship City of Delhi 1139 chartered prior to arrival to load at Portland at 45s U K

Tonnage statement—In port engaged, 14 000 disengaged 118 000 on the way 195 000

Wheat—An inactive market for spot at last quoted rates In futures there is a demand for seller the year other options weak and dull. No 1 white seller the year $1 39½@1 40 buyer the season, $1 50¼ asked, buyer the year, $1 52 bid

Flour—Dull at unchanged quotations

Barley—There are more sellers than buyers Feed quoted 80@85c brewing firm at 90@97½ futures unsettled and easier No 1 feed, seller the season, 84c buyer the season, 85¾c buyer the year [illegible]

Oats—Supplies are larger than the demand. Asking prices are not materially changed yet a slight tendency in buyer's favor is noted, especially for that not prime

Potatoes—Old 90c@$1

Bran—Not wheat on spot $15@15 50

Hides—Dull but not notably changed

Salmon—Market quiet quotations unchanged and nominal

Lard—Eastern refined small tins 13@13¼c.

Wool—Dull and weak buyers expecting lower prices asking prices unchanged

Hops—Quiet and unchanged

Eggs—Five cars eastern arrived to day Market weak

Butter—Market better supplied prices unchanged

Codfish—Pacific advanced ½c all round

CHICAGO MARKETS

CHICAGO May 19

Wheat lower 87c June; corn, lower, 51½ June pork lower $17 30 June, lard, lower, $8 05 June short ribs, lower $8 40 cash, ribs lower, 8 June

NEW YORK MARKETS

NEW YORK, May 19

Wool dull fall 10@16c; burry, 10@11c, spring 20 @24c burry 10@20c pulled, 23@38c, hides dull, 24 @24½c wheat quiet.

BEERBOHM'S FOREIGN BREADSTUFFS REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, May 19

Floating cargoes—Wheat, steady.

Cargoes on passage and for shipment—Wheat, steadily held, maize, firm

Mark Lane wheat quiet maize, turn dearer

Good cargoes No 1 standard California off coast 38s No 2 spring, prompt shipment, or promptly to be shipped 40s nearly due, 39s.

English and French country markets, quiet

Farmers deliveries wheat past week 53,000@60 000 qrs

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, May 19

Spot market—Wheat market, quiet but steady.

PARIS MARKETS.

PARIS, May 19

Spot wheat market—Steady

MONEY MARKETS

SAN FRANCISCO May 19,—Sterling exchange on London banks 60 days nominal

Sterling exchange on London banks documentary nominal

NEW YORK May 19—Silver bullion 100 fine, per fine ounce, 111¼ 111½

Sterling exchange prime banks, long, $4 86 short, $4 88

Good commercial, from 1 to 1½c lower documentary 2 to 1½c lower

U S Bonds—3s 100 4½s 112 4s, 120 Closed—3s 100 4½s 114; 4s 121

LONDON May 19—Consols 101 9 16 money, 101 11 16

Silver bullion English standard, 925 fine per fine ounce 50⅞

U S Bonds—4½s, 113 4s, 121

4 30 P, M.—Consols 101—101 7 16.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

DOMESTIC PORTS

NEW YORK, May 18—Arrived—Bk O Southard Hulbert Portland

PORT LUDLOW, May 13—Arrived—Bkt Klickitat and sld [illegible]

PORT BLAKELEY May 19—Arrived—Brig Tanner

SAN FRANCISCO May 19—Arrived—Br str Australia Sydney Bkt Orient Port Gamble, bk Ella S Thayer for Tacoma Sailed—Br shs St Clare and Walter H Wilson, Cork Cleared—Br sh Prince Rupert, London

ASTORIA May 19—8 A M—Cloudy wind west 6 P M—Wire down

FOREIGN PORTS.

HONOLULU May 6—Arrived—Bkt Kitsap Port Townsend May 10—Sailed—Bk Hope, Port Townsend

QUEENSTOWN May 17—Arrived—Br sh Bhotan Portland

SYDNEY May 7—Arrived—Sh Antelope Hastings mills May 15—Arrived—Br bk Ninevah Tacoma, FALMOUTH May 19—Sailed—Br bk Garven, Havre NEWCASTLE N S W May 7—Sailed—B shs Ispahan and British Merchant San Francisco

ASPINWALL May 17—Sailed—S s Colon New York

DEAL May 6—Passed—Br sh Sea of Persia, Hull for San Francisco and Br sh Strathblane, Hull for [illegible] May 17—Br sh Royal Alice London for San Francisco

MELBOURNE, March 27—Arrived—Sh Eldorado, Hastings mills February 2—Arrived—Sh Corsica Tacoma April 22—Arrived—St Osceola Tacoma

SYDNEY April 1—Sailed—Br sh Kirkwood Port land

KAHULUI, May 1—Arrived—Bk Ferris S Thompson Departure bay

ARRIVED AT PORTS OF DISCHARGE

BRISTOL May 6—Br sh Star of France, San Francisco via Cork

LYNN May 4—Br bk Scottish Prince Portland via Cork Br bk Chieftain San Francisco via Cork

BELFAST, May 5—Br bk Cicero San Francisco via Cork

ROTTERDAM May 17—Br bk Lancefield San Francisco via Cork

HULL May 17—Br sh Arvonia, San Francisco via Cork

SHIELDS May 8—Br sh Piery Cross Portland via Cork May 17—Br sh Angerona Portland via Cork

ALTONA May —Br bk Glasgorie Portland via Cork May 6—Br bk Antwerp Portland via Cork

SPOKEN

April 26—7 N 26 W, Br sh Grisedale Liverpool for Portland

THE HOTELS.

ESMOND

J J Spaid Victoria
Miss Sommers do
F Valne do
T B Mangen Seattle
S Artell, Astoria
D Hopkins do
O Higgins do
F Wich Missoula
J Strong do
B Powell & w Santa Anna
E H Holton New York
B O Hutchins do
I H Foley & w Galena
C W Filmore do
G W Ashton Oregon City
F C Borstick & w do
J Bagstead do
H J Rogers do
F B Kellogg, Buffalo
O E Lillie do
G Heretman Dunleith Ill
F Hortenbach do
S des Jardin St Paul
D B Block Detroit
I J Kern do
Mrs Burns Chicago
Miss Bory do
A Darf, w & c do
E Greene, Washington
W W Jackson Guttenbg Ia
T E Frable, do
J H Filtgen, Dubuque Ia
Mary Pals do

J Goodman Gervais
J Olsen Salem
F Irving Eugene
Ed D ward Walla Walla
H Frank St Paul
F Hurst Lincoln
S Stuart & w Los Angeles
H Sparks New York
Br J W Heinshaw N Yamhill
C B Lumbard Iowa City
N W Atter St Louis
S A Bradley & w Salem
E J Lorton, do
J A George do
G Clark do
A Kanes Astoria
N E Jacobs do
H C Kent do
A Nolbohm Belknap
J C Perkins Seattle
C H Patton do
D B Back & w do
Miss Alsop Dyersville
J W Clapp w & c Seattle
H W Teaplin do
C Hefner do
F D Carlton, do
E A P [illegible] do
Hesson McGregor Ia
Miss Cooper Fon du Lac
A Graves Mexico
Rhemberg do

QUINCY HOUSE.

L G Atherton Hood river
Miss Phoea McAllister NY
Miss Emma Lathrop
Miss Josi Lois
Miss Gracie Fox
Mrs J W Fox
W J Butler
Geo E Payne
Will C Sampson
Chas B Pobre
J W Stephens
H Pantekrek
T E Fitzgerald
J W Fox
Geo Lawrence (Man'gr)
Guy Tilley
M V Knotty Halsey
Mrs Hayden
Miss C West, West Port

C H Carter Corvallis
M S Donnelly N Y
C Marsh
R S Payne Oak Point
L Remsey Eugene
R B Chapman Troutdale
P Applegate O & C R R
D R Munro Mencham
Mrs H Hope Iowa
D W James, Baker City
N Dean
Mrs M A McClelland Ill
Miss S Cleveland
Miss Cleveland
R Dittmer St Paul
H A Libby Wallula Junc
C Hanford Seattle
J Murphy Olympia W T
A G Shepard, Omaha

OCCIDENTAL

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A L Robinson S F
W J Forbes, S F
Wm Adams, Salem
J E Lamb Scappoose
C W Stone La Center
Geo S Cox Coeur d Alene
Thos Howell Sauvie's Id
W H Musgrove do
J F Bewley McMinnville
H S Schuster Salem
Capt James Dalles
W N McCoy N Yamhill
Geo Squires Hillsboro

J P Warscow Lebanon
E H Johnson, St Louis Mo
J B Allen Kalama
J C Dutan, Hubbard
J A Dodge, do
E Thornton do
S F Keller Walla Walla
M L Beatty Vancouver
F L Lewis Lewis River
John Smith Vancouver
Geo R Fawcett Corvallis
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W Sharringham do
A L Fox Astoria
W H Harrison Amity
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W L Wade w & ch, Salem
Capt O F Lum, do
O L Irwing do
D McOnily do
Wm Laird Springfield
Mrs A Gordon do
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L L G ard, Tacoma
G B Martin San Fran
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J Coleman do
T McCoe & wf do
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E Money Sheridan
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Dan Chaplin do
Miss Arnold, do
C J Carlson do
G H Murphy Tacoma
H S Smith Kalama
J M Carrick do
T C Gorrie Bute M T
M A Fortney, Freeport
B Fiquette do
H L Andrews do
Jos Gross do
J H Wood Springfield
H Baumgarten do
F Brown, Spokane
J M Archibald Enterprise

MINING STOCKS REPORT

SAN FRANCISCO May 19

Alpha	1 75	Gould and Curry	1 45
Alta	90	Hale and Norcross	2 [illegible]
Bodie Con	2	Mexican	1 [illegible]
Belcher	1 30	Mono	[illegible]
Best and Belcher	2 30	Ophir	1 [illegible]
Bullion	40	Potosi	60
Bulwer	45	Savage	80
Occidental	1 0	Sierra Nevada	1 [illegible]
Con Va	50	Union	2 0
Crown Point	1 5	Utah	1 10

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS

NEW YORK May 19

N P common	22	Western Union	55½
N P preferred	4	Pacific Mail	34¾
Or & Trans	14	Northwestern	104
Or Imp Stock	18	Lake Shore	88
Or Imp Bonds	60	New York Central	112¼
O R & N stock	71	Erie	14

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

1 19 P M—O R & N stock 70¼ 70¾ 70½

ASTORIA TIDE TABLE.

May	High Water First Time	Ft	High Water Second Time	Ft	Low Water First Time	Ft	Low Water Second Time	Ft
20	8 25 a	0 5	9 10 p	7 4	2 5 a	1 1	2 0 p	0 9
21	9 39	6 5	10 04	7 9	3 38	1 5	3 49	1 1
22	0 49	6 8	10 55	8 4	4 51	0 5	4 48	1 3
23	1 57	7 0	1 40	8 8	6 00	0 4	42	1 5
24			0 56	7 3	6 39	-0 4	31	1 7
25	0 24	9 1	1 33	7 4	7 57	0 8	7 1	1 0
26	1 11	9 2	2 1[illegible]	7 4	8 47	1 0	8 01	2 1

WISTAR'S BALSAM WILD CHERRY

WILL CERTAINLY CURE
Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Influenza, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, and every Affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, including Consumption. Sold by all Druggists.

CAUTION—Beware of preparations bearing similar names. Examine the bottle carefully before purchasing to make sure you get DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, having the signature of I. BUTTS on the wrapper.

San Juan Lime.
—USE—
LANGDON LIME,
Manufactured by San Juan Archipelago Lime Co
The Best and Newest in the Market Every barrel guaranteed Call on us for quotations before buying
TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO,
SOLE AGENTS
N. E. corner Front and Ash sts.

WILLIAM BECK & SON,
Importers and Dealers in
FISHING TACKLE,
Guns, Revolvers,
Hammocks, Croquet Games, Indian Clubs, Base Balls and Bats, Boxing Gloves.
165 AND 167 SECOND ST.

PAIN IS THE CRY OF A SUFFERING NERVE
Collins Voltaic Electric Plaster instantly affects the Nervous System and banishes Pain A perfect Electric Battery combined with a Porous Plaster for 25 cts. It annihilates Pain, vitalizes Weak and Worn Out Parts strengthens Tired Muscles prevents Disease and does more in one half the time than any other plaster in the world Sold everywhere

LAND PLASTER
FOR SALE BY
EVERDING & FARRELL

Enclose 10 cents and the address of an eastern friend to this office for the statistical OREGONIAN. The best medium to circulate in the east.

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation Sour Stomach Diarrhoea and Feverishness It insures health and natural sleep, without morphine.

Castoria is so well adapted to Children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me H. A. ARCHER, M D
82 Portland Ave., Brooklyn, N Y

What gives our Children rosy cheeks,
What cures their fevers, makes them sleep
'Tis Castoria.
When babies fret and cry by turns,
What cures their colic kills their worms,
But Castoria.
What quickly cures Constipation,
Sour Stomach Colds, Indigestion
But Castoria.
Farewell then to Morphine Syrups,
Castor Oil and Paregoric and
Hail Castoria!

CENTAUR LINIMENT—an absolute cure for Rheumatism, Sprains, Burns, Galls, &c. The most Powerful and Penetrating Pain-relieving and Healing Remedy known to man.

Hunyadi János
The Best and Cheapest Natural Aperient Water
"A NATURAL LAXATIVE SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS"
Prof. MACNAMARA, M.D. of Dublin.
"SPEEDY, SURE, and GENTLE."
Prof ROBERTS, F R C P London
"Relieves the kidneys unloads the liver and opens the bowels"
LONDON MEDICAL RECORD.
Ordinary Dose a Wineglassful before breakfast.
Of all Druggists and Mineral Water Dealers
NONE GENUINE WITHOUT THE BLUE LABEL

JOH. HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT
THE GREAT NUTRITIVE TONIC!
GET THE GENUINE
Highly recommended by the Medical Profession in all wasting diseases such as
Consumption,
General Debility,
Nervousness,
Dyspepsia
[illegible]
TARRANT & CO
Sole Agents for the United States [illegible] New York.

KELLY, DUNN & CO.,
DEALERS IN
[illegible]
42 FRONT STREET.
Send for our new Price List.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
EPPS'S COCOA.
BREAKFAST
By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected Cocoa, Mr Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame.—Civil Service Gazette
Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold in tins only ½ lb and lb by Grocers labelled thus
JAMES EPPS & CO. Homœopathic Chemists, London England
Depot in San Francisco Richards & Harrison

DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S G AND G
Preventive and Cure for either Sex
[illegible]
Dr. Felix Le Brun & Co Sole Props.
WOODARD CLARK & CO.,
Authorized Agents
Wholesale and Retail Druggists
PORTLAND, OREGON
Orders by mail will receive prompt attention

SWAYNE'S OINTMENT
SYMPTOMS AND CURE
[illegible]
ITCHING PILES

ASK FOR
Brooks' Soft Finish
AS WELL AS
Glace Spool Cotton.
BROOKS SPOOL COTTON 24
[illegible] PACIFIC COAST AGENT [illegible] San Francisco

OREGON
ELECTRICAL WORKS.
[illegible]

CLUETT'S
CROWN COLLARS
AND CUFFS
MONARCH SHIRTS,
SOLD BY LEADING DEALERS

MARRIAGE GUIDE.
260 Pages fine illustrated in cloth and gilt binding [illegible]
[illegible] WHITTIER [illegible]

VARICOCELE
[illegible] CIVIALE REMEDIAL AGENCY 160 Fulton St., New York.

MANHOOD RESTORED.
[illegible] Address J. H. REEVES 43 Chatham St., New York

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THE OREGON
Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
OF PORTLAND
DIRECTORS:
W S LADD
H. W. CORBETT
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C H LEWIS
L. WHITE
W B HONEYMAN
M W FECHHEIMER, Pres't
M S BURRELL Vice Pres't.
EDWARD HALL Sec'y
Head Office, 31 Stark St.

South British and National Fire and Marine Insurance Cos.
Combined Capital $15,000,000
With unlimited liability of stockholders.
Deposit in Oregon $100,000
JAMES LAIDLAW & CO Gen'l. Agts.
6 North Front St
W H ALLEN Jr Manager

UNION INSURANCE COMPANY
OF SAN FRANCISCO
FIRE AND MARINE
Capital $750,000.
BRANCH OFFICE FOR OREGON
North side Stark, bet Front & First, Portland
JAMES KEFF Agent

THE THAMES & MERSEY MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF LIVERPOOL.
Capital subscribed $10,000,000
Capital paid up 1,000,000
Reserve Fund in addition to cap fu 1,875,000
Cash Assets June 30th, 1881 5,284,445
Deposit in Oregon 50,000
Risks accepted and POLICIES WRITTEN by the agency.
NO. 4 FIRST ST PORTLAND, OR.
PHILIP C SCHUYLER Agent.

IMPERIAL LONDON, NORTHERN, and QUEEN
Insurance Companies of London & Liverpool
Deposit in Oregon $800,000
Joint policy issued by the Four Companies.
CORBITT & MACLEAY
General agents for Oregon Washington and Idaho Office 44 and 46 Front St., Portland Or

OREGON & WASHINGTON TERRITORY BRANCH
NEW ZEALAND INSURANCE COMPANY.
FIRE AND MARINE.
Capital $5,000,000.
With unlimited liability of stockholders,
U S Bonds deposited with State Treasurer in Oregon $50,000
Letter of Credit, Bank of British Columbia, Portland Or $25,000
W F BROWN Manager,
No. 27 Stark St. Portland.

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R C JANION & CO. Liverpool Eng
R. C. JANION, Victoria, V.I.
R. C. JANION & SON,
Portland, Or.,
Importers & Commission Merchants
Receive constant shipments of
Coal, Tin Plates, Pig Iron, Salt, Fire Bricks, Bags Chemicals Earthenware, Wines and Liquors, etc

MEYER WILSON & CO San Francisco Cal
WILSON, MEYER & Co Liverpool Eng
MEYER WILSON & CO
(Successors to Rodgers Meyer & Co) Portland, Or
Shipping and Commission Merchants.
Liberal advances made on shipments of Wheat and Flour Orders executed by our direct line of sailing ships from Liverpool to Portland for I B White & Bros Cement, Pig Iron Coal, Coke, English Salt, Fire Bricks, Bags and Bagging Tin and Terne Plates etc.

W. A. S.
WOLFE'S
Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps.
As a general beverage, necessary corrective of water rendered impure by vegetable decomposition or other causes, as limestone, sulphate of copper etc, the AROMATIC SCHNAPPS is superior to every other alcoholic preparation A public trial of over thirty years duration, in every section of our country of UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS, its unsolicited indorsement by the medical faculty, and a sale unequaled by any other liquor, is a guarantee that it has the reputation claimed for it. For sale by all druggists and grocers.
UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SON & CO.
18 Beaver St New York.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE—In the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon in Admiralty. The Steam Ferry Boat "Albina" [illegible] Edward S Kearney United States Marshal District of Oregon [illegible]

PROPOSALS FOR MILITARY SUPPLIES
[illegible] GEO H WEEKS Major and Quartermaster U S A.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT DAVID J Levy of Portland, Or, did on the 16th day of April 1884, make a general assignment to me the undersigned of all his property [illegible]
ALEX. BERNSTEIN, Assignee
Dated April 21 1884

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD
SLAB WOOD—$1 50 PER LOAD—FROM WILLAMETTE MILL Orders left at mill or in the box at [illegible] will be promptly attended to.
W. S. M. L. & M. CO

THE PORTLAND NATIONAL BANK
Official Authority to Commence Business.
Pursuant to section 5170 Revised Statutes of the U. S. requiring this bank to publish for sixty days certificate of its organization and authority to commence business, I do hereby cause the certificate authorized under said section to be published in the Daily Morning Oregonian, of which the following is a copy
Treasury Department, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency Washington May 13, 1884.
Whereas By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned it has been made to appear that the Portland National Bank, in the city of Portland, in the county of Multnomah and state of Oregon, has complied with all of the provisions of the Revised Statutes of the United States required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of banking now therefore I Henry W Cannon Comptroller of the Currency do hereby certify that the Portland National Bank in the city of Portland in the county of Multnomah and state of Oregon is authorized to commence the business of banking as provided in section fifty one hundred and sixty nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.
In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office this 13th day of May 1884
HENRY W CANNON,
Comptroller of the Currency
No 3181—Of the publication of which certificate notice is hereby given as required by the Revised Statutes
WILLIAM REID
President of the Portland National Bank P

D. P THOMPSON, President.
F DEKUM Vice Pres't.
R. L. DURHAM Cashier
The Portland Savings Bank
OF PORTLAND OREGON
RATES—Three per cent per annum on deposits for three months four per cent, per annum on deposits for six months six per cent, per annum on deposits for twelve months.
Directors:
D. P Thompson
Frank Dekum
R. R. Kearney
S. Hirsch,
J W Brazee,
E. J. Jeffery,
E. M. Wade
Geo. H. Durham
M S Burrell
W. L. Spencer
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Union Block, corner 2 and Stark sts.

Land Scrip.
We deal in all the issues of Government Land Scrip which includes
Sioux Half Breed Scrip,
Valentine Certificates,
Porterfield Warrants,
Additional Homestead Claims,
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Land Warrants, etc.

BANKING.—We receive the accounts of Banks, Bankers and others and attend to all business connected with regular Banking.
PRESTON, KEAN & CO.,
Bankers, Chicago.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.
Transact a General Banking Business.
INTEREST allowed on Time Deposits.
COLLECTIONS made at all points on favorable terms.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in Europe and the Eastern states.
SIGHT EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS sold on New York, Washington Chicago St. Louis, Denver Omaha, San Francisco, and various points in Oregon, Washington Idaho Montana and British Columbia.
EXCHANGE sold on London, Paris Berlin Frankfort and Hongkong

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND
President HENRY FAILING
Vice President H W CORBETT
Cashier G E. WITHINGTON
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in Europe and the Eastern States.
SIGHT EXCHANGE & TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFER sold on New York, Boston, Chicago, St. Louis and San Francisco
SIGHT and SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit on London Paris, Berlin Frankfort-on the-Main Hongkong.
COLLECTIONS made on favorable terms at all accessible points.

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WILLIAM LOWE Cashier.
O. & W.
MORTGAGE SAVINGS BANK
OF OREGON.
48 First Street, Portland.
INTEREST ALLOWED DEPOSITORS
Four months 4 per cent.
Six months 6 "
Nine months 8 "
One year 10 "
FIVE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, since 1874, loaned over Farms and City Properties.

BANK OF OREGON
No. 40 First St., corner Ash, Portland, Or
INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.
4 per cent per annum on 3 months' deposits
4½ per cent per annum on 6 months' deposits
5 per cent per annum on 9 months' deposits
6 per cent per annum on 12 months' deposits
Money Loaned on Improved Real Estate Security also on State County or City Bonds or Warrants.
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VAN B. DeLASHMUTT President
W W THAYER Vice President.
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Metropolitan Savings Bank
OF PORTLAND OREGON
PAYS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.
RATES—3 PER CENT PER ANNUM ON DEposits for three months four per cent. per annum on deposits for six months, six per cent. per annum on deposits for twelve months.
Directors
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S. E. Cor. First and Stark Sts.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Incorporated by Royal Charter
Paid up Capital and Reserve $3,000,000
Head Office, 28 Cornhill, London.
Branches—Portland, San Francisco, Victoria.
This Bank transacts a General Banking and Exchange business. Loans made, Bills Discounted and Commercial Credits granted. Deposits received on current account, subject to check, also on special certificate.
F. DE C. TOWNSEND Manager

JAMES STEEL, President
W C JOHNSON Vice Pres't.
L. A. MACRUM Cashier
WILLAMETTE SAVINGS BANK
OF PORTLAND Or.,
No. 25 Washington Street.
PAYS INTEREST ON TIME DEPOSITS
Rates Three per cent. per annum on deposits for three months four per cent per annum on deposit for six months and six per cent. per annum on deposits for twelve months.
DIRECTORS:
J Loewenberg, Jas. W Cook, S. D. Smith
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LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK
LIMITED.
Capital $2,100,000
Reserve $450,000
Head Office, 22 Old Broad st., London.
This Bank transacts a general Banking and Exchange business makes loans, discounts bills and issues commercial and travellers' credits available in any city in the world.
Portland Branch, 48 First Street.
W MACKINTOSH Manager

"OUR BABY thrives on Horlick's Food," write hundreds of grateful mothers. Mother's milk contains no starch. An artificial food for Infants should contain no starch. The best and most nutritious food in health or sickness for INFANTS and the best diet for DYSPEPTICS and INVALIDS is
HORLICK'S
ALREADY DIGESTED, free from starch and requires no cooking Recommended by Physicians. Highly beneficial to Nursing Mothers as a drink. Price 40 and 75 cents. By all druggists. Send for Book on the Treatment of Children free.
Easily digested and nutritious.—C W Bailey
Find it all that could be desired.—F W Bc [illegible]
No hesitancy in pronouncing it superior to any I know.—R. S. Coburn, M D Troy N. Y.
Will be sent by mail on receipt of price in stamps.
HORLICK'S FOOD CO., Racine Wis.
Horlick's DRY EXTRACT OF MALT
HODGE DAVIS & CO Portland Or

PAPILLON SKIN CURE
AN EXTERNAL MEANS OF CURING SKIN DISEASES. THERE IS SCARCELY ANY ERUPTION BUT WILL YIELD TO PAPILLON SKIN CURE ORDINARY PIMPLES REDNESS, BLOTCHES SCURF ROUGHNESS VANISH AS IF BY MAGIC WHILE ENDURING SKIN DISORDERS THAT HAVE PLAGUED THE SUFFERERS FOR YEARS HOWEVER DEEPLY ROOTED PAPILLON SKIN CURE WILL SUCCESSFULLY ATTACK IT DESTROYS THE ANIMALCULAE WHICH CAUSE THESE UNSIGHTLY IRRITABLE PAINFUL AFFECTIONS AND PRODUCES A CLEAR HEALTHY SKIN
IT IS A SPECIFIC CURE FOR SALT RHEUM ECZEMA ERYSIPELAS, SCROFULA, SCALD HEAD TETTER HIVES RASH DANDRUFF BARBERS ITCH PIMPLES STINGS ITCH PLANT, POISONING AND POISONED WOUNDS RING WORM GUNBURN AND ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN FOR PILES INTERNAL ITCHING OR BLEEDING, AND FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE SKIN THIS REMEDY IS A POSITIVE CURE.
PRICE $1 00 PER BOTTLE SIX FOR $5 00
DIRECTIONS IN TEN LANGUAGES ACCOMPANY EVERY BOTTLE
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS
REDINGTON & CO., Gen'l Agents,
San Francisco, Cal.

DR GREEN'S ELECTRIC BELT FOR MEN ONLY
The BELT or Regenerator is made expressly for the cure of derangements of the generative organs. There is no mistake about this instrument, the continuous stream of ELECTRICITY permeating through the parts must restore them to healthy action. Do not confound this with Electric Belts advertised to cure all ills from head to toe. It is for the one specific purpose
For circulars giving full information address Cheever Electric Belt Co., 103 Washington St., Chicago Ill.

With the reach of all price $1 per bottle
Celery, Beef and Iron.

Leaves Morrison st. wharf every alternate morning at 6 o'clock (Sunday excepted) On Mondays and Fridays for SKAMOKAWA, and on Wednesdays for CLATSKANIE and way side landings; returning Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays

STEAMER ISABEL, CAPT JAMES SMITH, will leave Salem every Monday and return every Tuesday Freight for Albany and way stations on river will be received on Mondays, Portland landing foot of Madison street, For freight or passengers apply to GEORGE POPE Agent.

FOR LEWIS RIVER.
THE "LUCEA MASON" W G WEIR, MASTER, will leave Alder st. for LaCenter and way points Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday at 10 A. M. No freight received after 9:30

For Astoria—Fast Line.
THE STEAMER FLEETWOOD,
Which has been thoroughly refitted for the comfort of passengers, will leave the foot of Morrison street on Tuesday and Thursday of each week at 6 A M. and on Sunday at 9 o clock A M arriving at Astoria at 1 P.M. on week days and on Sunday at 4 P M. Returning, leaves Astoria on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 A. M., and arrives in Portland at 2 P M.
Passengers by this route connect with the train for Sound ports.
U B SCOTT President.

FOR COWLITZ RIVER.
Steamer JOS. KELLOGG, from foot of Yamhill street Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A.M., via Willamette Slough touching at St. Helens, Columbia City, Kalama Carroll's Point, Rainier, Cedar Landing, Monticello Freeport and way points. From Freeport, Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

VANCOUVER TRANSPORTATION CO.
STRS. LURLINE or VANCOUVER. CAPT JAS T GRAY leave Portland at 1 P M. and Vancouver at 8 A. M. daily, Sundays excepted For freight or passage apply on board at foot of Alder street.
TOWING between 10 A. M. and 1 P M

SHIPPING.

For Gray's Harbor.
STEAMER "A. B. FIELD"
Will leave Astoria, carrying freight and passengers
SATURDAY, MAY 24.
All freight for that point will be duly forwarded if shipped to Astoria care J W HUME.

THE C. S. N CO'S STEAMER
CŒUR D'ALENE,
Carrying Wells, Fargo and Northern Pacific Express and U S Mail.
Leaves CŒUR D'ALENE CITY daily at A. M, arrives at Kingston at 1 P. M. connecting with pack and saddle trains for all the MINING CAMPS.
At Cœur d'Alene City connects with stage for Spokane Falls and Rathdrum.
At Priest's Landing for Farmington Rockford, Cheney Moscow Alpha spangle, Palouse City Colfax and Lewiston.
Transportation is certain Don't be deceived trying to get into the mines by any other route
For further information inquire of
J W NEWKIRK, Agent,
Cœur d'Alene City Idaho.
or Z. J HATCH Agent, Portland, Or

Sutton & Co's Dispatch Line.
From New York,
FOR PORTLAND, OREGON, DIRECT.
The A1 FIRST-CLASS CLIPPER SHIP
BELLE OF OREGON,
MATTHEWS Master
now on berth. Having large engagements, will have quick dispatch. Shippers will please forward their orders and make their engagements as early as possible SUTTON & CO 82 South St. New York.
SUTTON & BEEBE Agents Portland Or

MARKETS.

PACIFIC MARKET.
M. M. SPAULDING
THOS PAPWORTH
SPAULDING & PAPWORTH,
BUTCHERS AND PACKERS, DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF MEATS,
Corner Third and Ash streets.

A. H. JOHNSON,
Central Market,
Wholesale Butcher and Packer,
Special attention paid to supplying ships.
Highest cash price paid for all kinds of fat stock

POISON
In the blood is apt to show itself in the Spring and nature should by all means be assisted in throwing it off Swift's Specific does this effectively It is a purely vegetable non poisonous remedy which helps nature to force all the poison or taint out through the pores of the skin.

Mr Robert A. Eastey of Dickson Tenn, writes, under date March 10 1884 "I had chills and fever followed by rheumatism, for three years, so that I was not able to attend to my business, had tried almost every kind of medicine and found no relief A friend recommended Swift's Specific. I tried one bottle and my health began to improve. I continued until I had taken six bottles and it has set me on my feet, as sound and well as ever I recommend it to all similarly afflicted.

Letters from twenty three (23) of the leading retail druggists of Atlanta say, under date March 24 1884 We sell more of Swift's Specific than any other one remedy and three to ten times as much as any other blood medicine We sell it to all classes and many of the best families use it as a general health tonic

I am sure that Swift's Specific saved my life. I was terribly poisoned with malaria and was given up to die Swift's Specific relieved me promptly and entirely I think it is the greatest remedy of the age.
L G SPENCER
Supt Gas Works Rome Ga.

I have known and used Swift's Specific for more than twenty years and have seen more wonderful results from its use than from any remedy in or out of the Pharmacopœia. It is a certain and safe antidote to all sorts of Blood Poison
J DICKSON SMITH M. D.,
Atlanta, Ga.

Our treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to applicants. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.
Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.
New York office 159 West Twenty third street between Sixth and Seventh Avenues.
HODGE, DAVIS & CO Agents Portland Or

MANHOOD RESTORED.
By using the great Vitalizer the King of all Restoratives
DR. ABERNETHY & CO.'S
VITALIZER.
—THE—
King of all known Remedies
IT IS BEYOND DOUBT THE MOST RELIABLE, useful and PERMANENT TONIC to the reproductive organs of both sexes known. It acts directly upon the nervous system [illegible]
LADIES suffering from diseases peculiar to their sex [illegible]
Take Market and Valencia Street Dummy Cable Cars from the Ferry etc

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